

# A Multiple-Model Ensemble Examination of the Probabilistic Prediction of Hurricanes Sandy (2012) and Edouard (2014)

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In collaboration with: Yi Jin (NRL), Hao Jin (NRL), Allen Zhao (NRL),  
and Yonghui Weng (PSU)

Sponsored by ONR, NOAA, and NASA

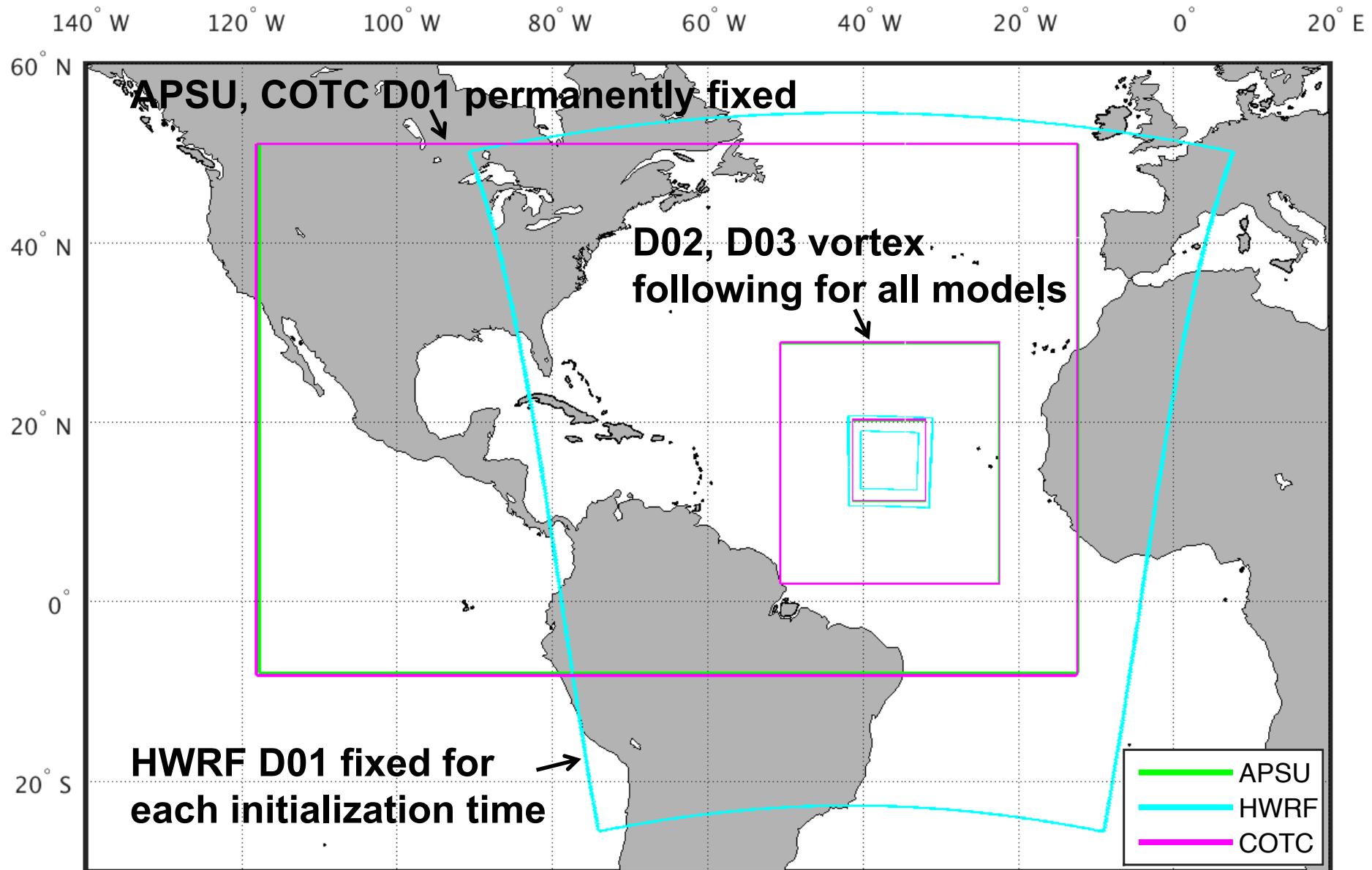
Given pseudo-operational configurations of three TC-tuned regional models ...

- 1) How do the mean and spread of an ensemble with the same initial perturbations evolve using “multiple-models”?
  
- 2) Are single-core ensembles sufficient for representing model uncertainties in TC prediction or do we need multi-core ensembles?

- **Pseudo-operational configurations of TC tuned regional models**
  - Same initial conditions for all models
  - Fixed SST from operational GFS
  - Atmospheric component only
- **Model Versions**
  - WRF-ARW v3.6
  - HWRF v3.5b
  - COAMPS-TC v1.0 (Feb 2015)
- **Model Configurations**

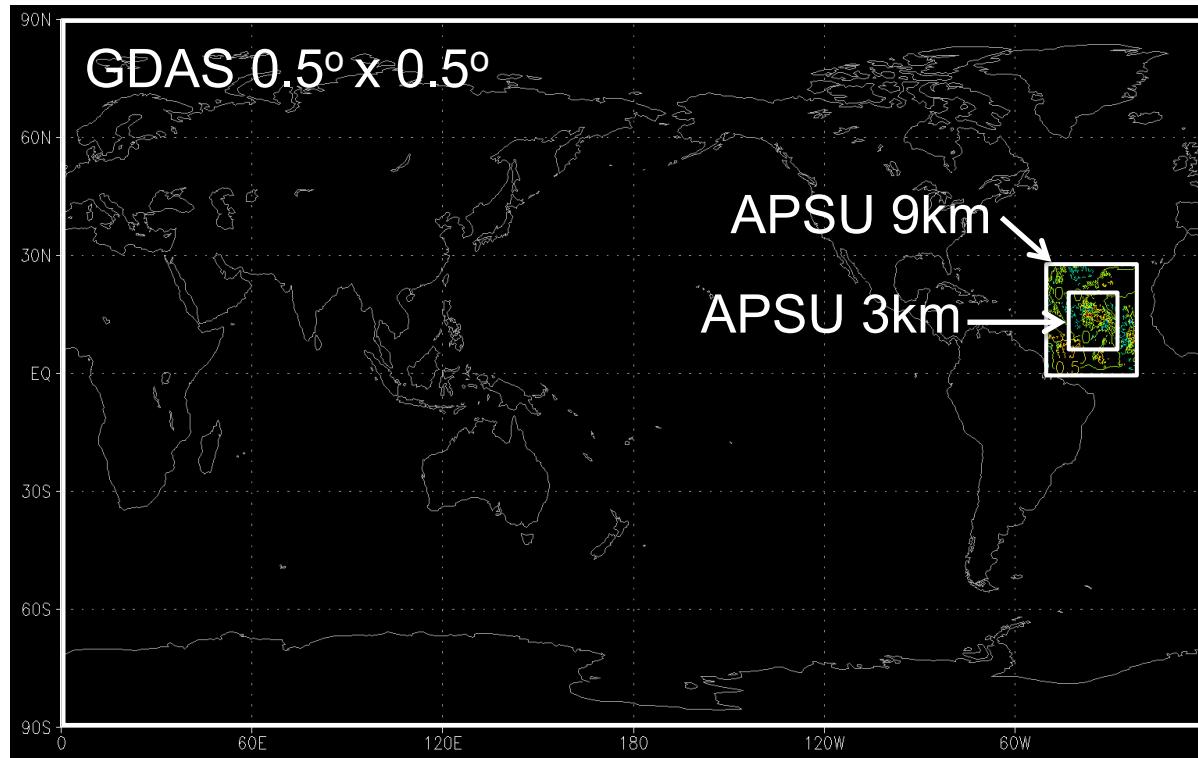
 APSU	PSU WRF-ARW w/ 2014 real-time configuration
 HWRF	HWRF w/ 2013 HWRF configuration, but no ocean
 COTC	COAMPS-TC w/ 2014 HFIP configuration

# Domain Setup



# Initial and Boundary Conditions

- Initial Conditions:
  - PSU WRF-EnKF (APSU) real-time 60-member ensemble analysis and perturbations
  - Operational GDAS analysis
  - APSU + GDAS interpolated and merged onto  $0.1^\circ \times 0.1^\circ$  grid on standard pressure levels



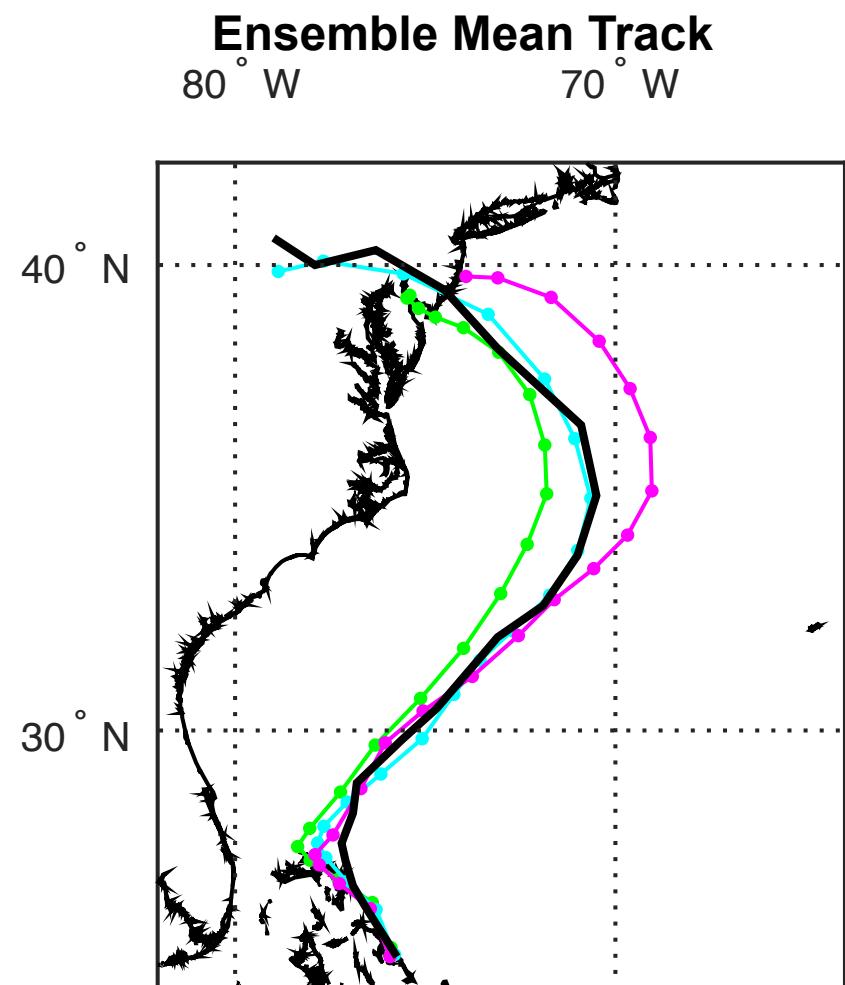
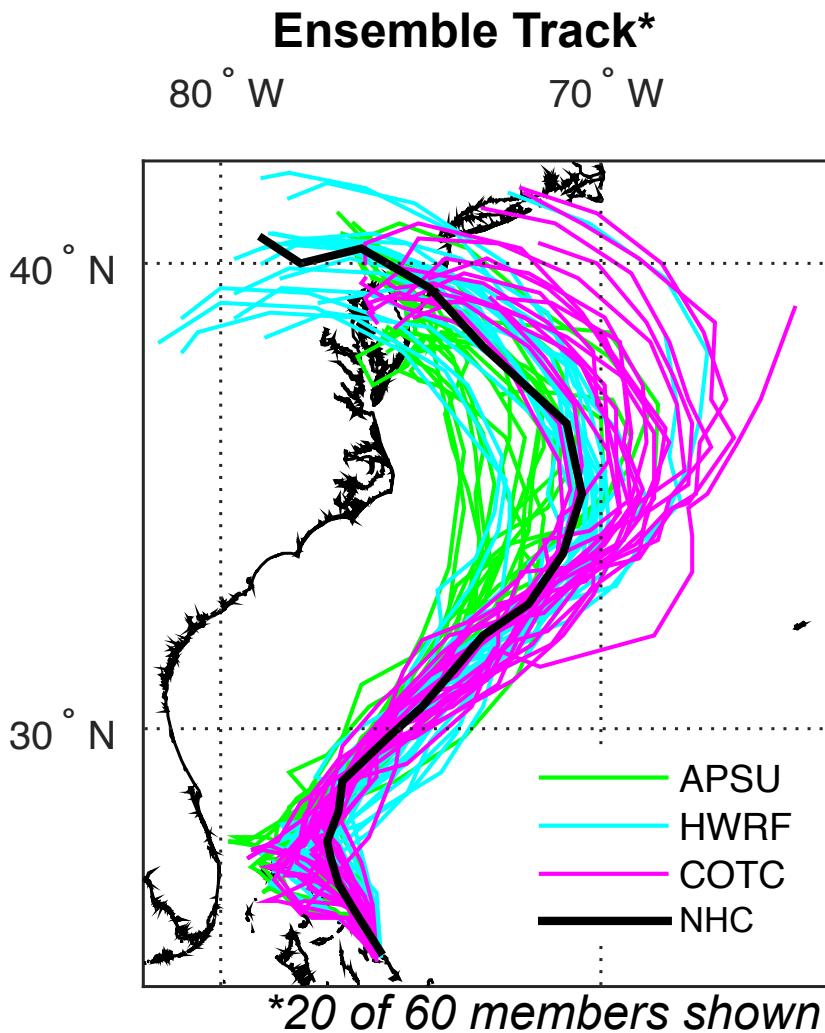
- Boundary Conditions: GFS forecast 6-120 hr (not perturbed)

# Hurricane Sandy (2012) Ensemble Track

5 day forecast initialized 2012-10-26 00 UTC

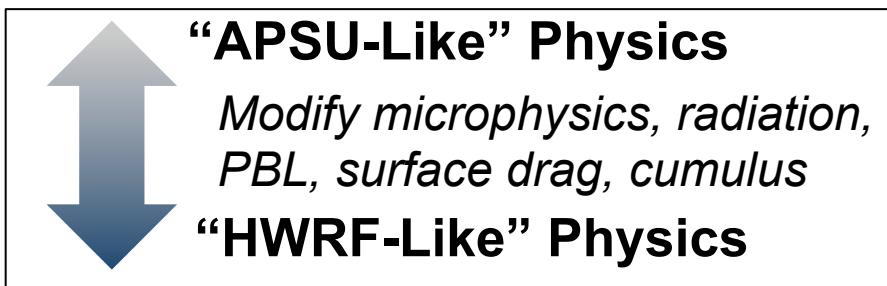
Ensemble track mean and spread reproduced by each model-core

- Systematic mean difference at longer lead times

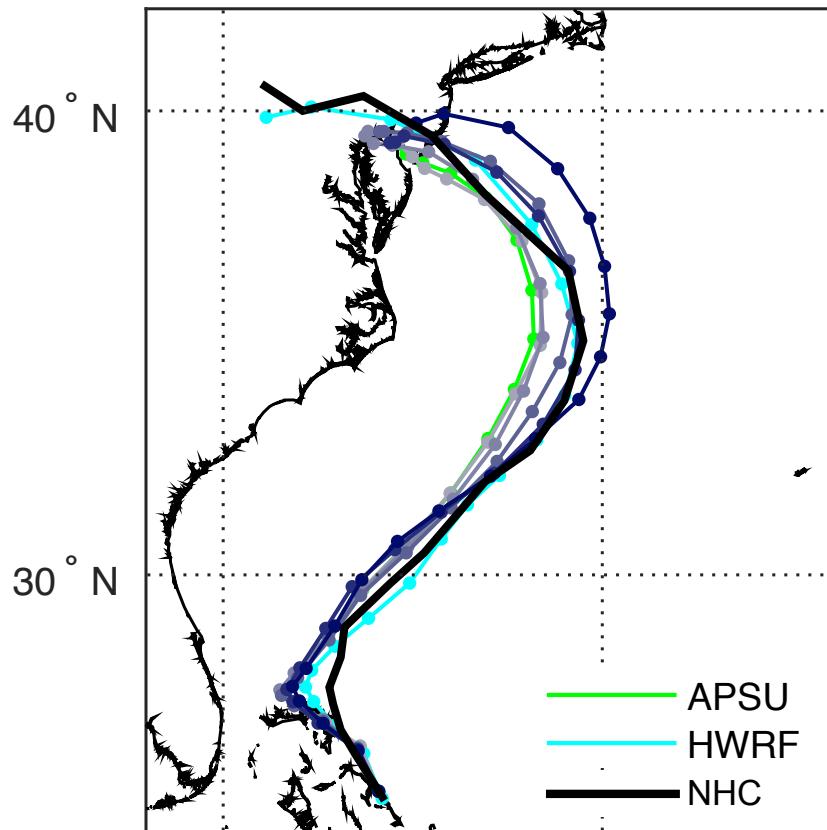


# Hurricane Sandy (2012)

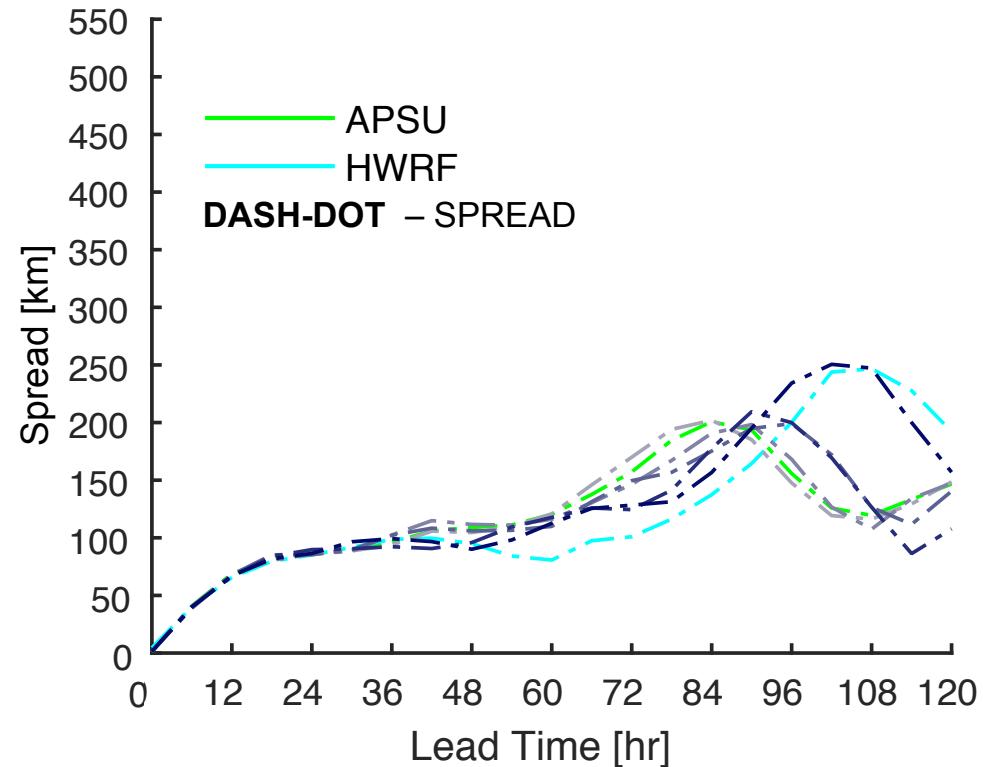
## Multiple Physics Ensembles



Ensemble Mean Track



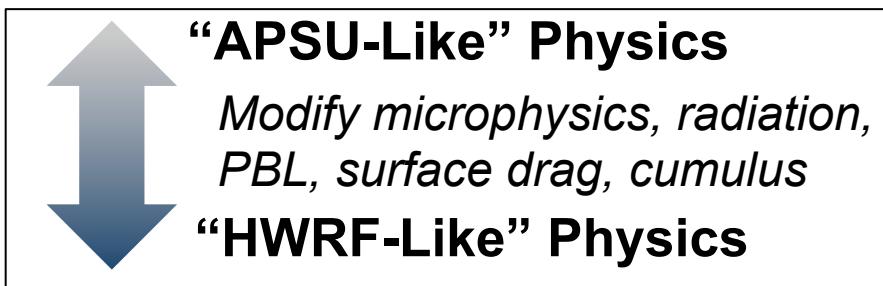
Track Spread\*



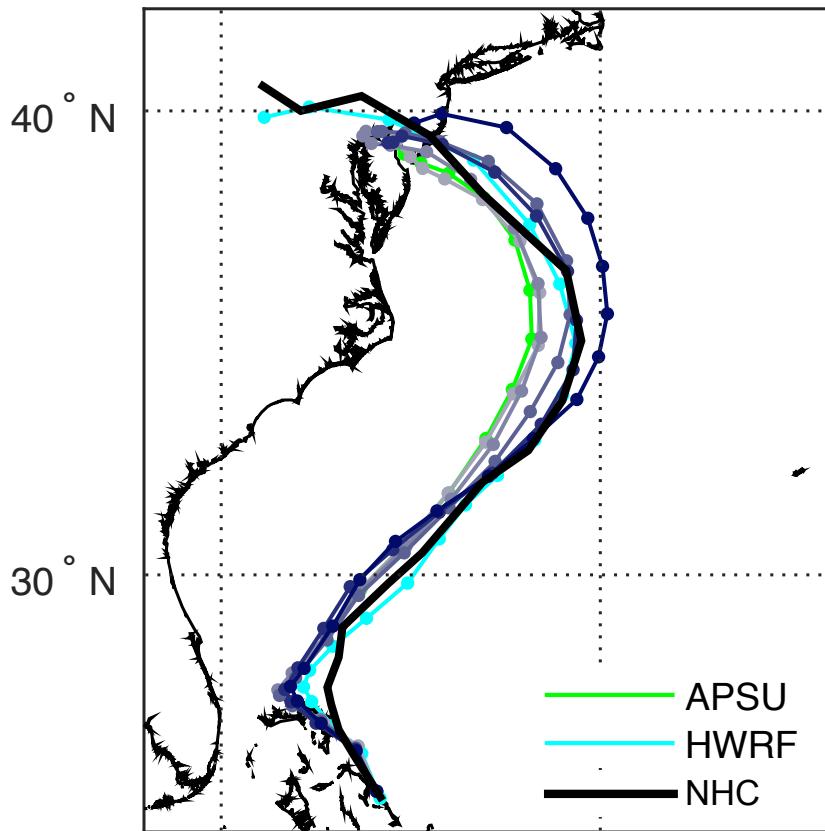
\*NHC best track data as verification

# Hurricane Sandy (2012)

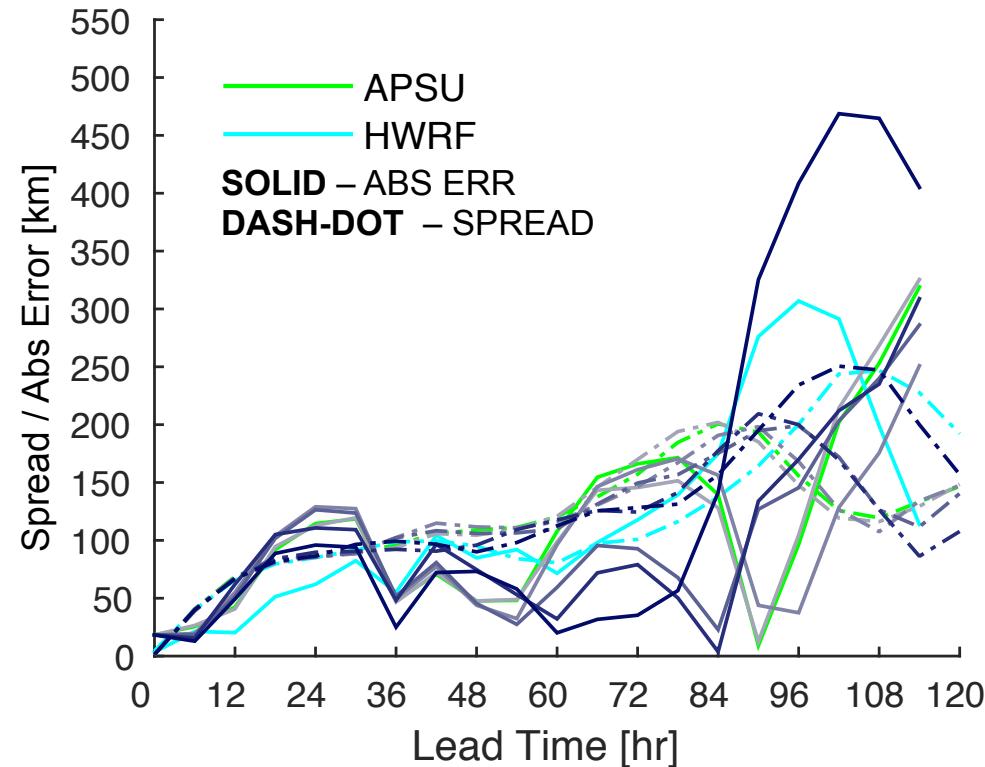
## Multiple Physics Ensembles



Ensemble Mean Track



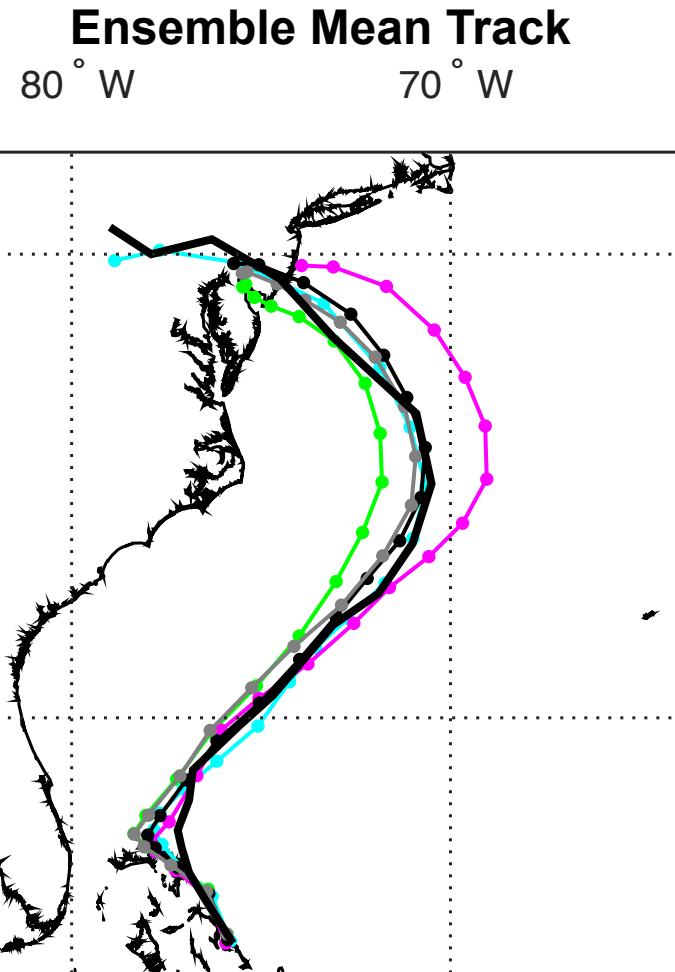
Track Spread/Abs. Error\*



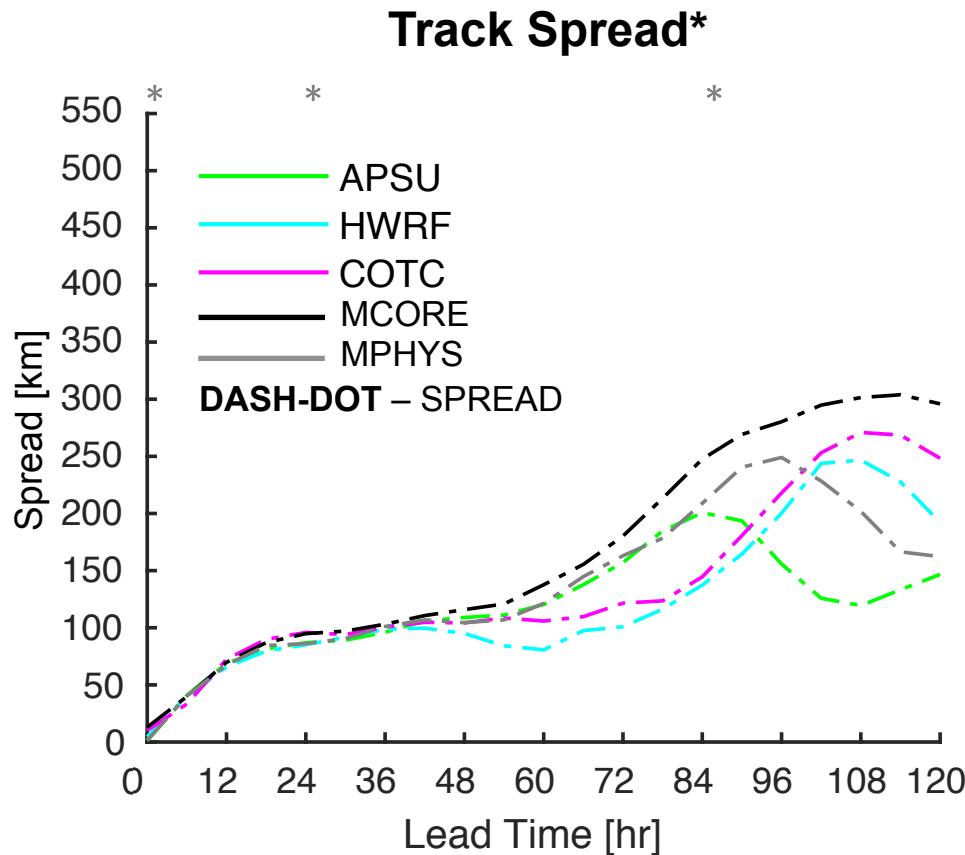
\*NHC best track data as verification

# Hurricane Sandy (2012) Multi-Model Ensembles

Multi-core and multi-physics ensemble track error distributions cannot be proven statistically different\*\*



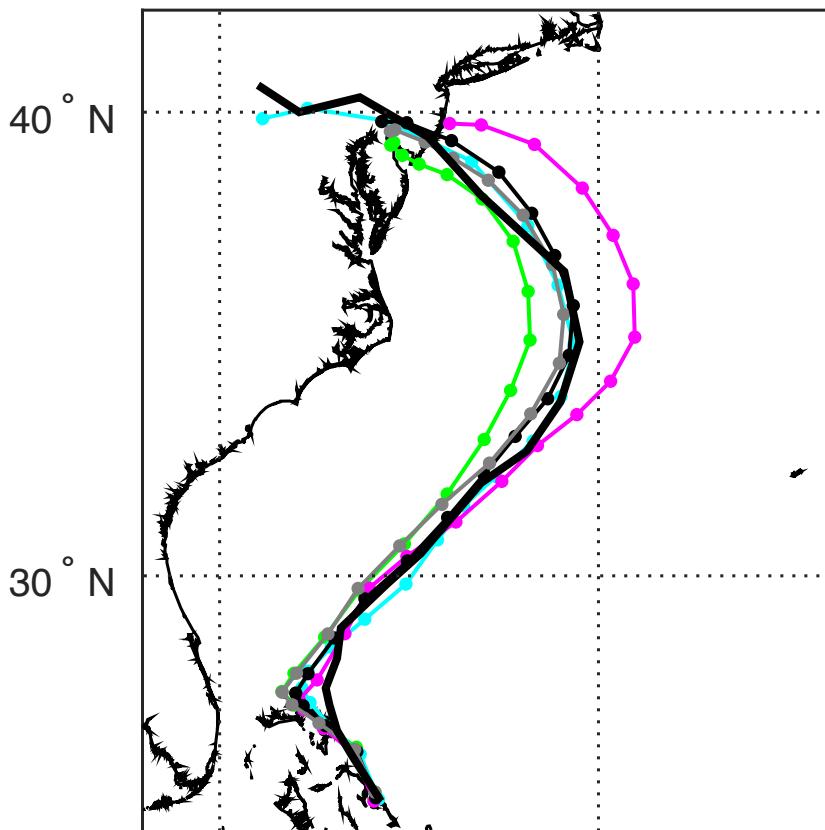
Increased track spread at longer lead times for multi-core or multi-physics



# Hurricane Sandy (2012) Multi-Model Ensembles

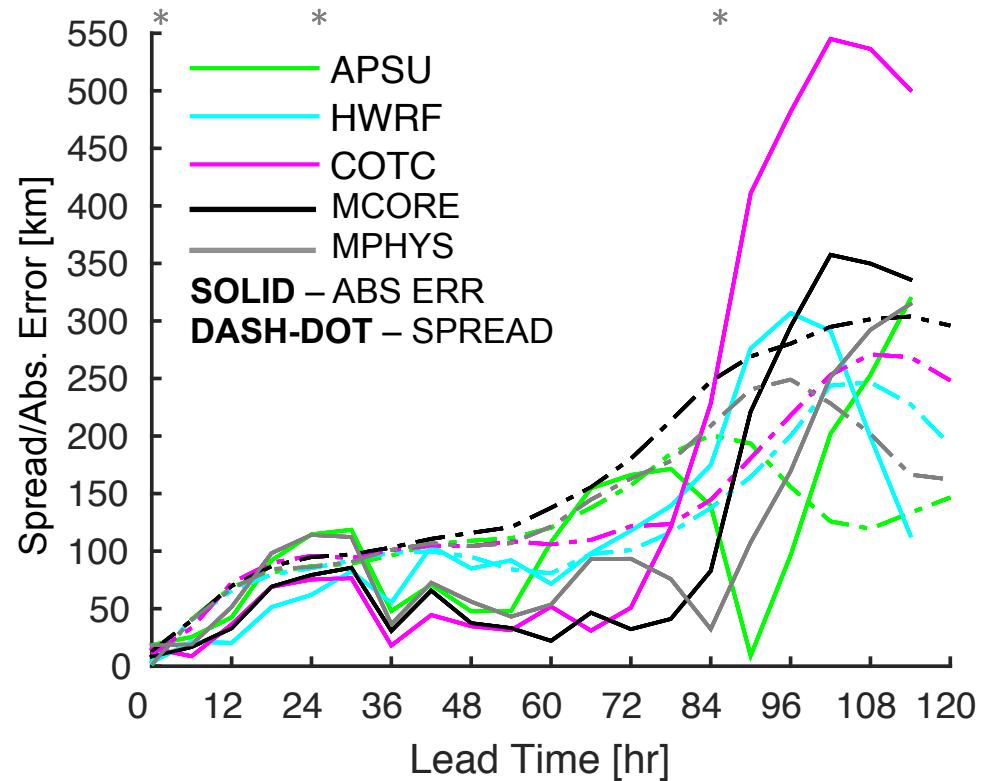
Multi-core and multi-physics ensemble track error distributions cannot be proven statistically different\*\*

Ensemble Mean Track  
80° W      70° W



Increased track spread at longer lead times for multi-core or multi-physics

Track Spread/Abs. Error\*



\*NHC best track data as verification

\*\* Bootstrapped Kolmogorov–Smirnov test  
(10,000 samples;  $\alpha=0.05$ )

# Hurricane Edouard (2014) Ensemble Track and Intensity

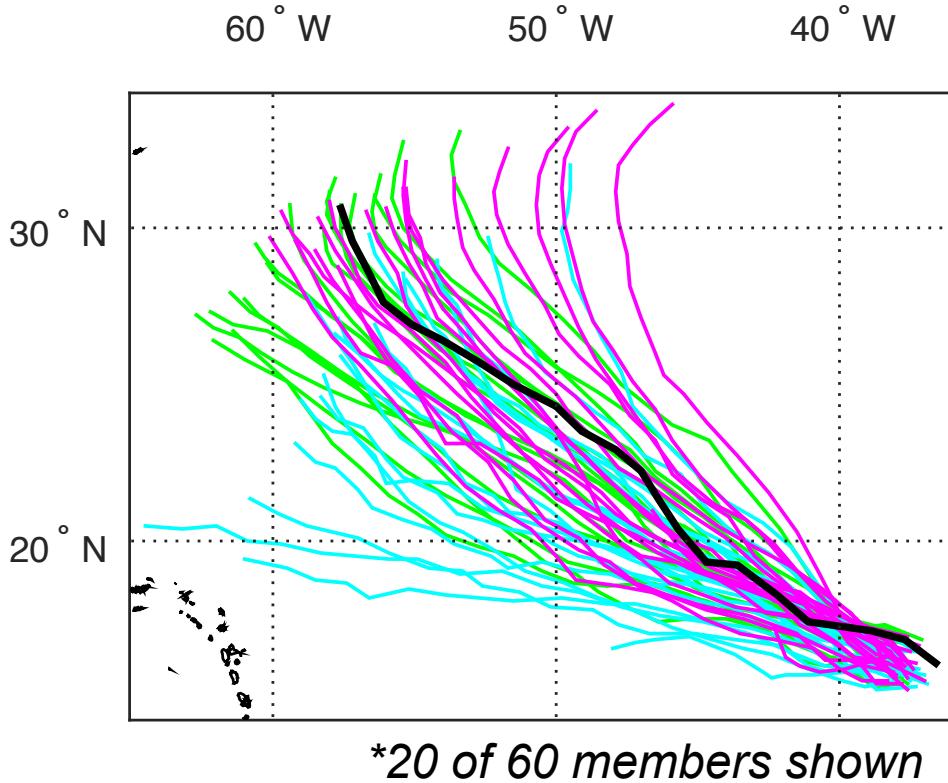
5 day forecast initialized  
2014-09-11 12 UTC

Multi-core ensemble spread  
larger than any individual  
single-core

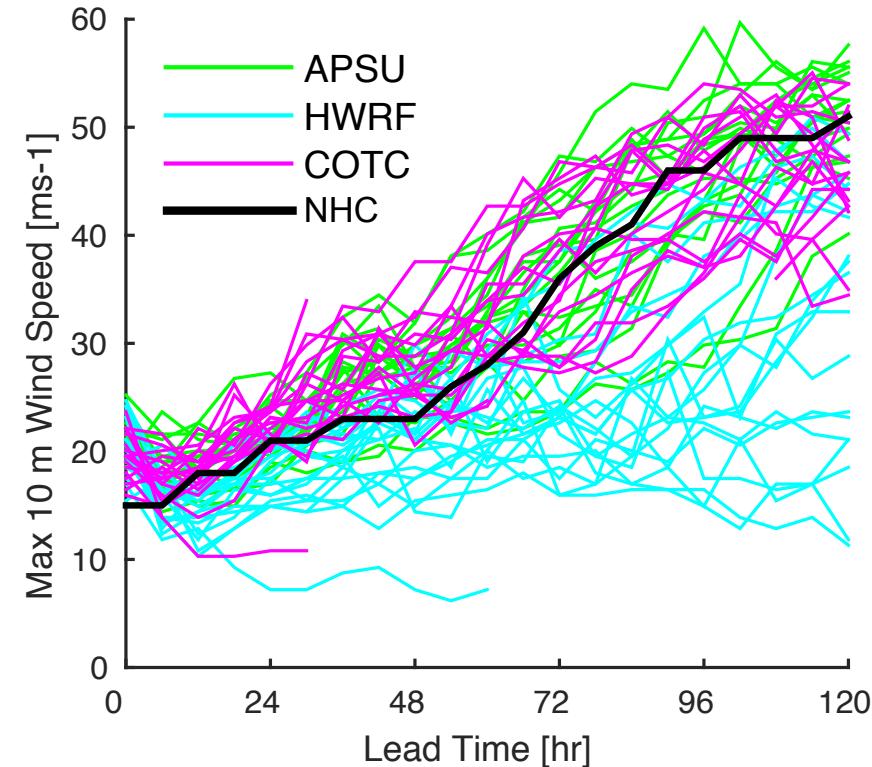
Spread:

APSU ~ COTC !~ HWRF

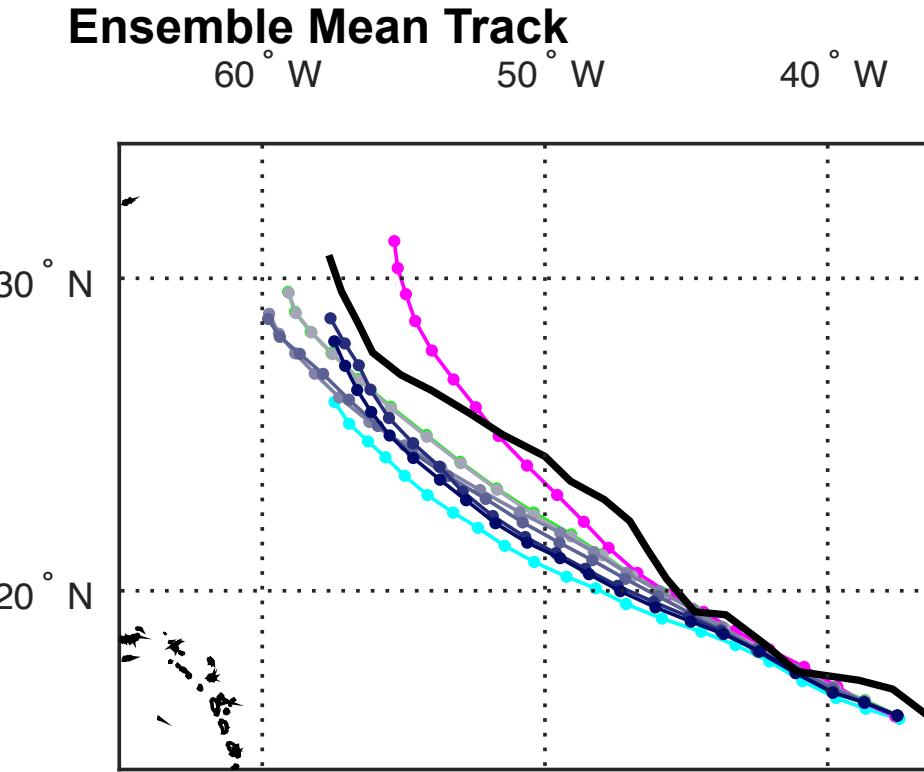
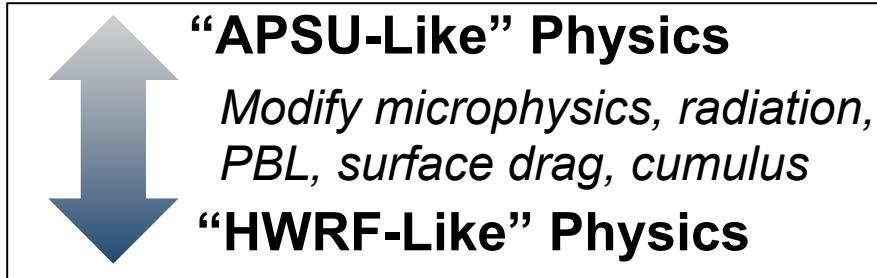
## Ensemble Track\*



## Ensemble Intensity\*



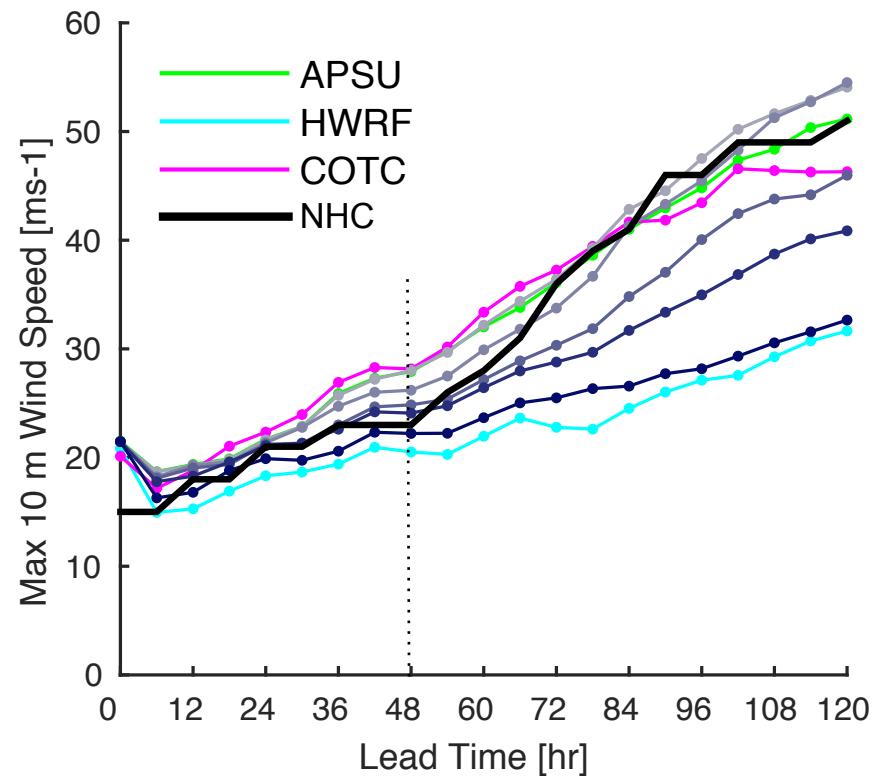
# Hurricane Edouard (2014) Ensemble Mean - Physics



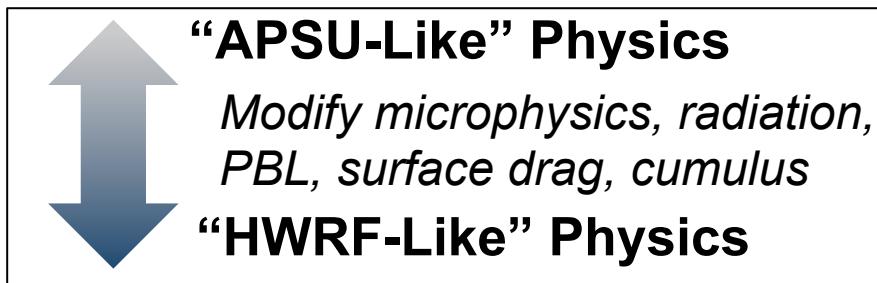
Shift single-core mean to  
behave similarly to a different  
model-core

- Physics configuration has a leading influence
- More evident in intensity

### Ensemble Mean Intensity

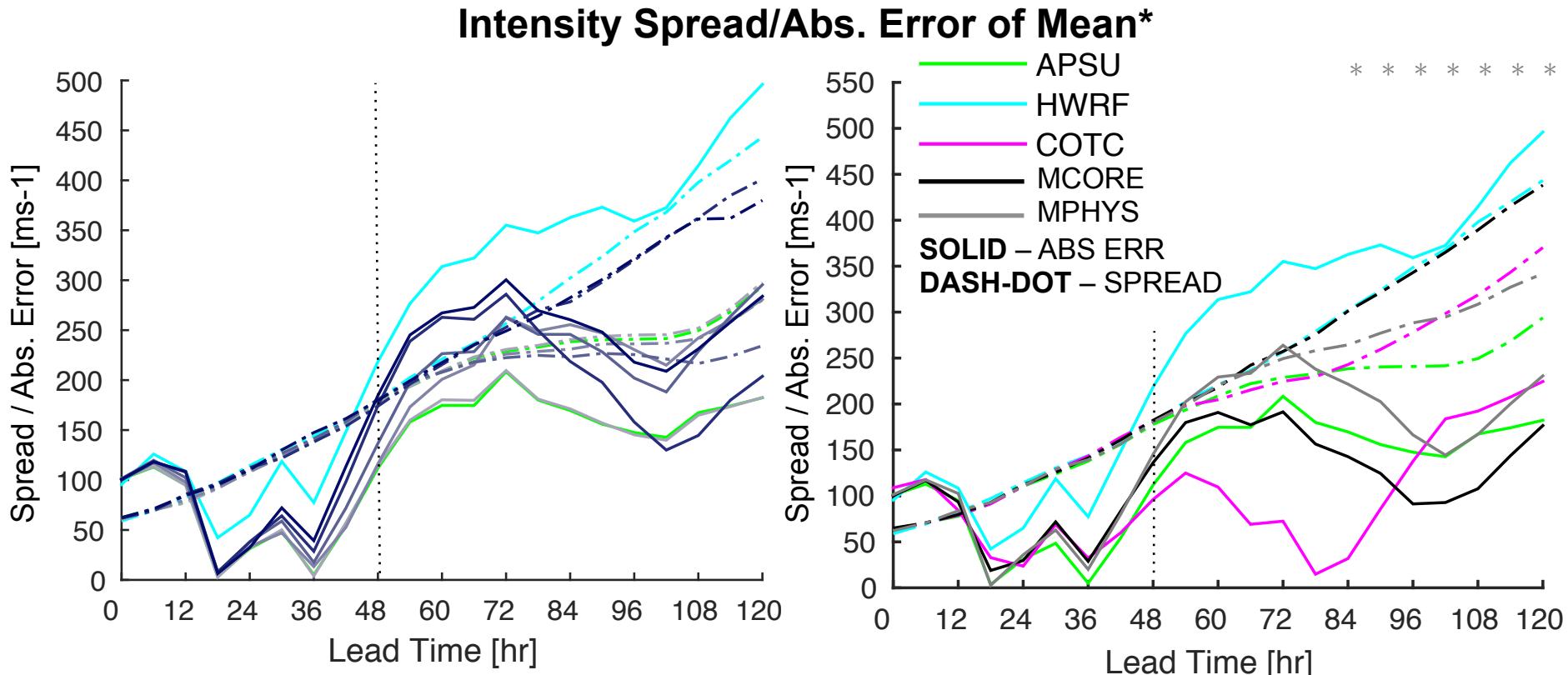


# Hurricane Edouard (2014) Track Verification



Missing solutions similar to COTC (further east track displacement) in multi-physics ensemble

Lacking broad set of physics combinations



# Hurricane Edouard (2014) Intensity Verification

“APSU-Like” Physics

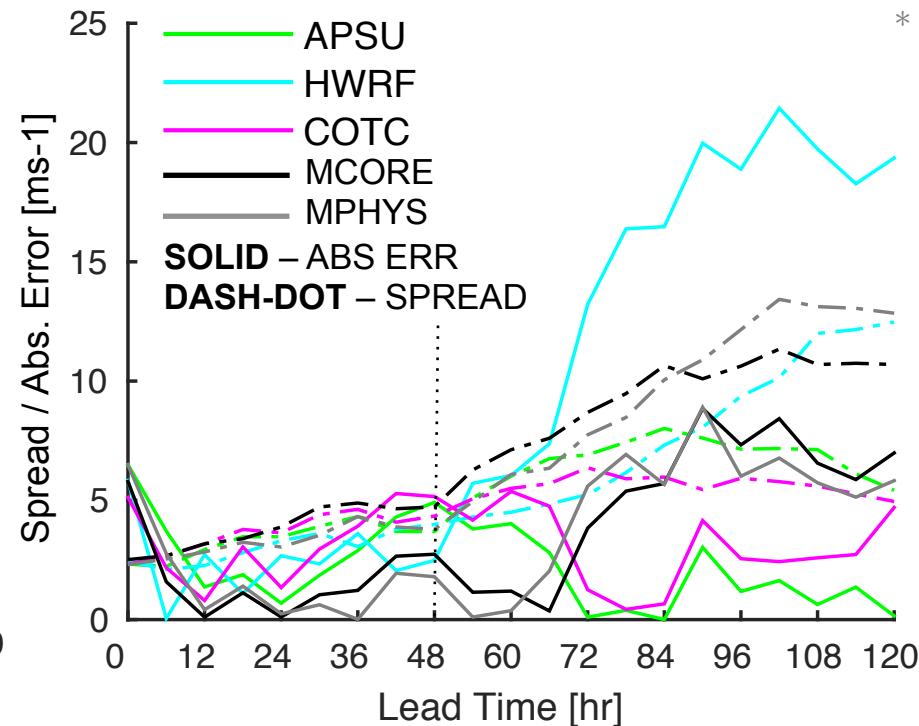
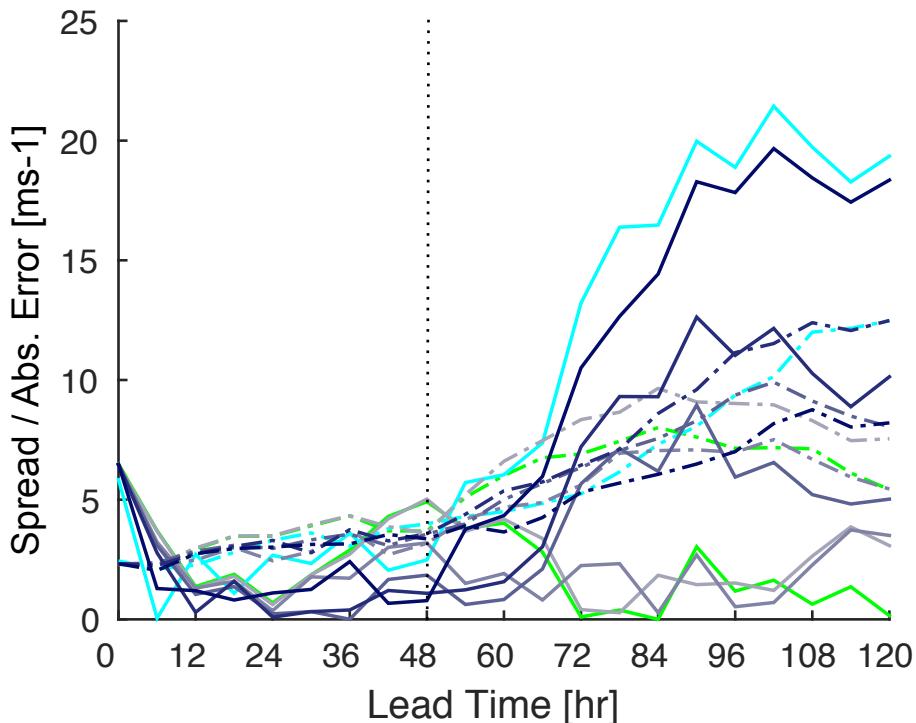
*Modify microphysics, radiation,  
PBL, surface drag, cumulus*

“HWRF-Like” Physics

Similar spread evolution for  
multi-core and multi-physics  
ensembles

Both multi-core and multi-  
physics improve mean error  
within 3 days, but detriment  
after RI

Intensity Spread/Abs. Error of Mean\*



\*NHC best track data as verification

\*\* Bootstrapped K-S test (10,000 samples;  $\alpha=0.05$ )

# Hurricane Edouard (2014)

## Ensemble Mean – Stochastic Physics

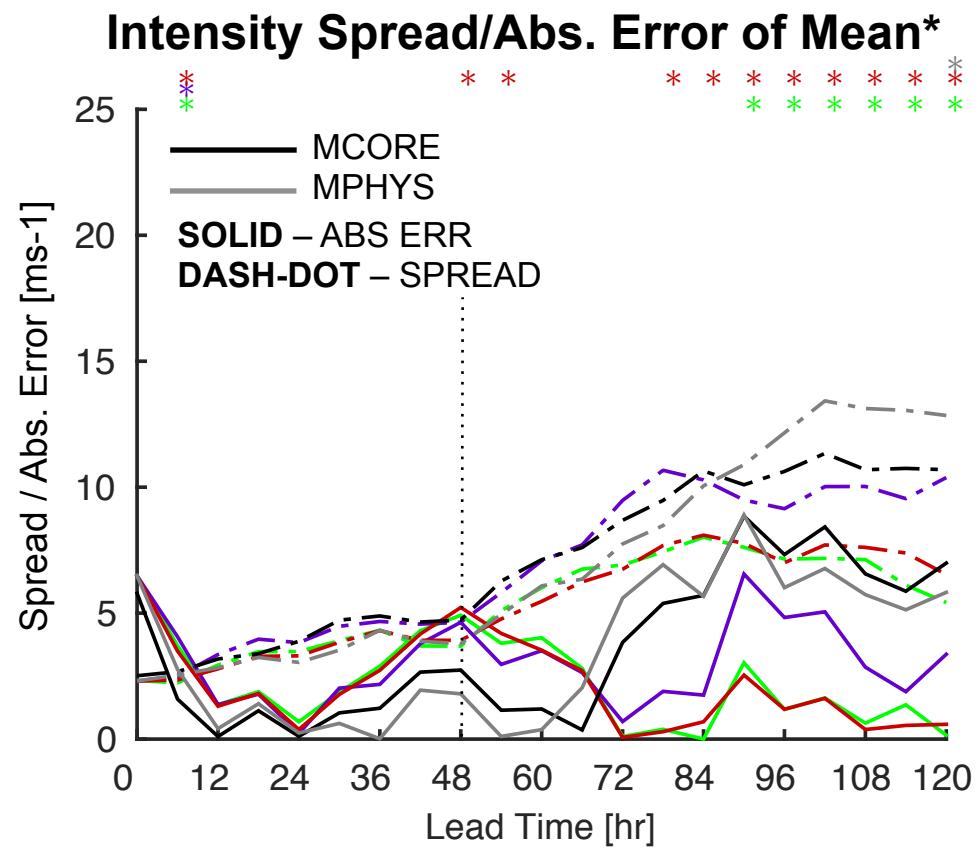
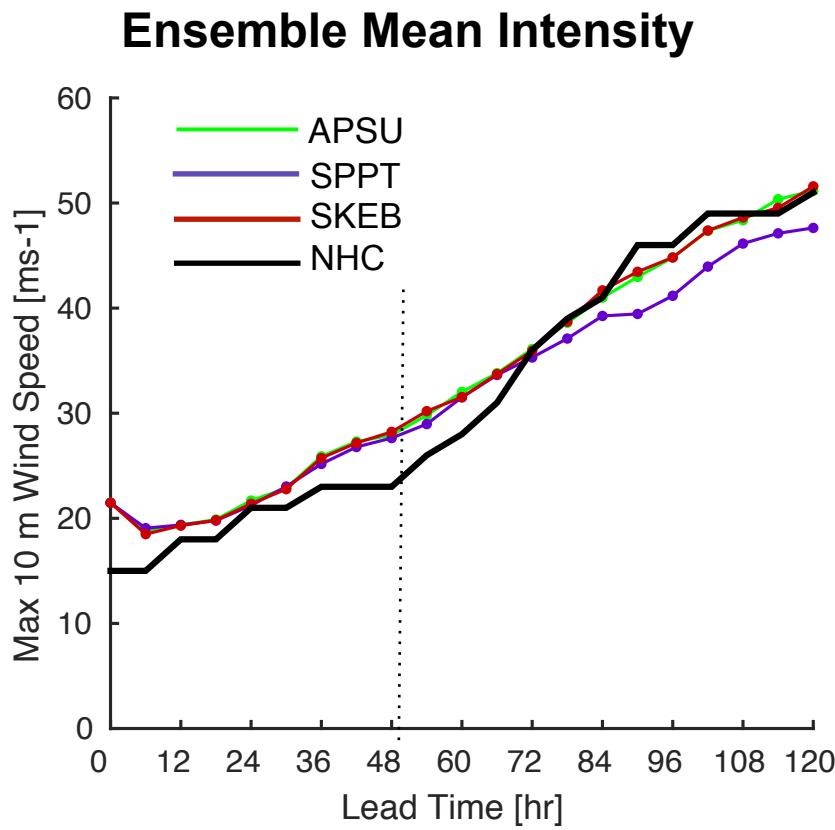
- Stochastic Kinetic Energy Backscatter Scheme (SKEBS; Shutts (2005), Berner et al. 2009)
  - Simulate upscale-propagating errors to account for shortcomings in un-resolved subgrid-scale processes
  - Perturb rotational u- and v-wind components and potential temperature (additive)
  - Spatially and temporally correlated perturbations
- Stochastically Perturbed Parameterization Tendencies (SPPT; Palmer et al. 2009, Berner et al. 2015)
  - Account for uncertainties in existing parameterization schemes
  - Perturb parameterization tendencies (multiplicative)
  - Similar spatial and temporally correlated perturbations to SKEBS

# Hurricane Edouard (2014)

## Ensemble Mean – Stochastic Physics

SKEBS minimally impacts ensemble mean intensity and intensity spread.

SPPT increases spread, but degrades mean at longer lead times relative to control.



\*\* Bootstrapped K-S test (10,000 samples;  $\alpha=0.05$ )

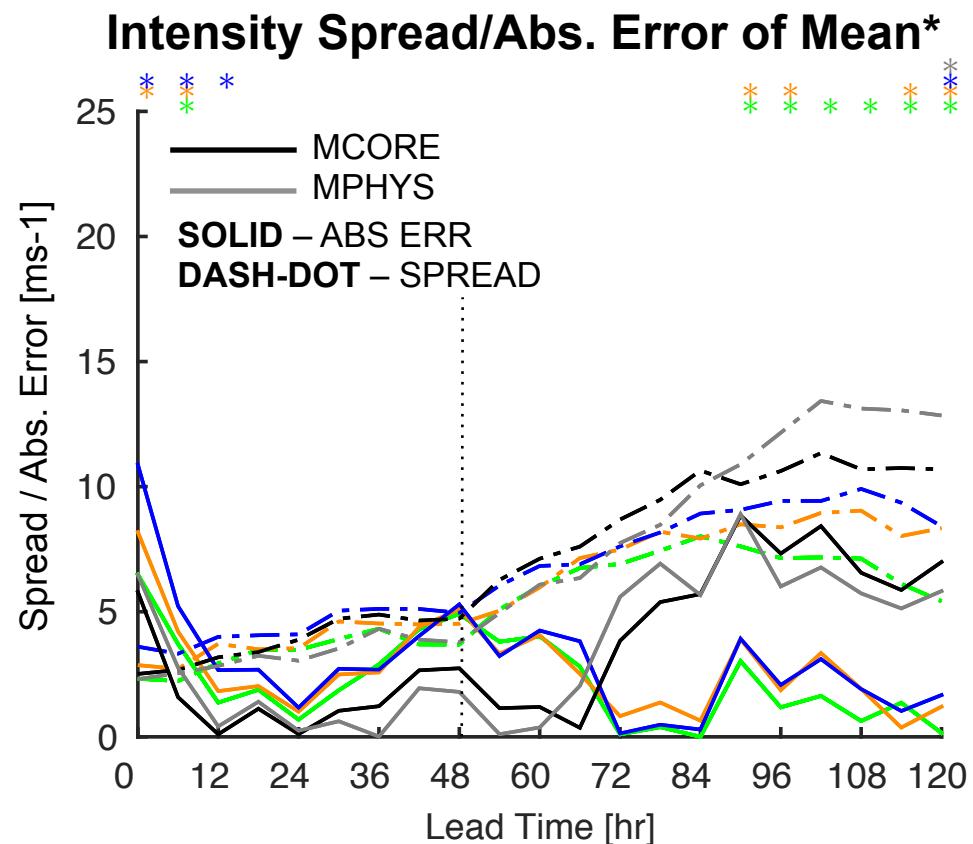
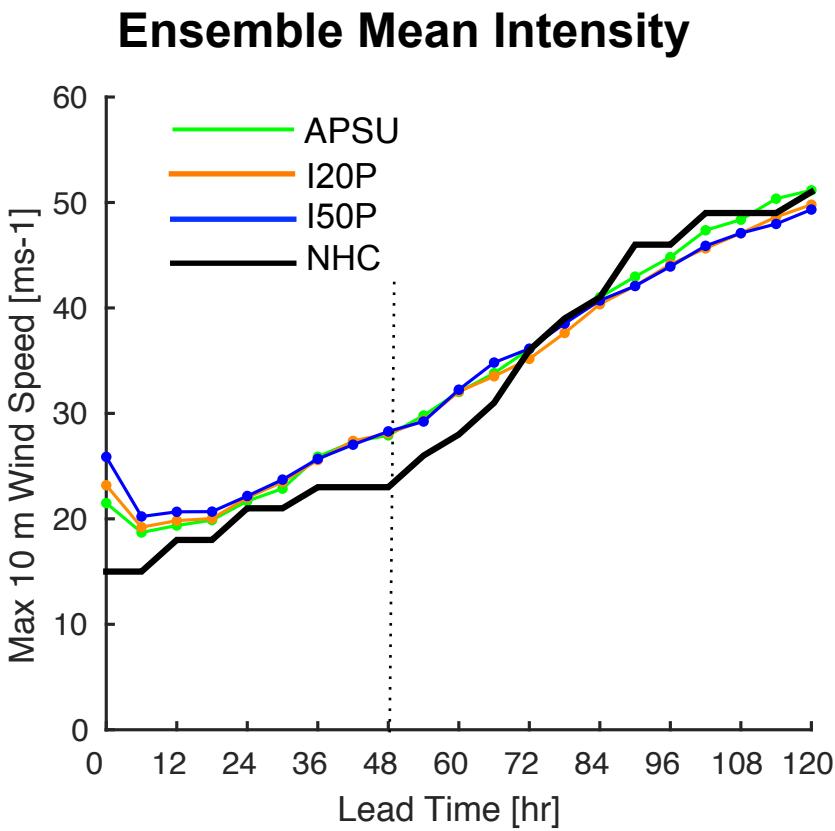
# Hurricane Edouard (2014)

## Ensemble Mean – Increased Initial Perturbations

I20P: 20% inflation

I50P: 50% inflation

Inflating initial perturbations can cover the intensity spread of multi-core and multi-physics ensemble while providing lower error and longer lead times



\*\* Bootstrapped K-S test (10,000 samples;  $\alpha=0.05$ )

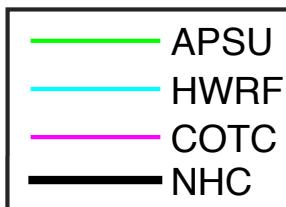
# Discussion

- Recall: initializing three state-of-the-art regional TC-tuned models with the same global resolution IC/BC
  - Ensemble track mean and spread generally reproduced by each model-core track and intensity solutions using identical initial perturbations
    - Systematic differences in mean track and intensity evident between model-cores
  - Modifying single-core physics can alter mean and spread. Track and intensity error distributions for single-core multi-physics ensemble generally cannot be statistically proven different from multi-core ensemble
    - Stochastic physics and inflating initial perturbations can have similar effect
- Single-core multi-physics may be sufficient for TC prediction
- How much spread is sufficient?? Extremely hard to determine!

# **SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL**

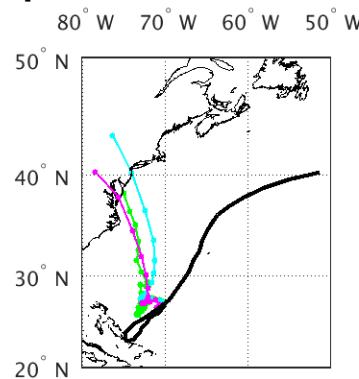
# HU JOAQUIN (2015)

Initialized: 09-29 00 UTC

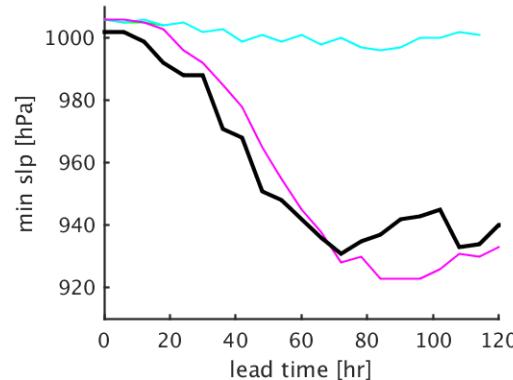
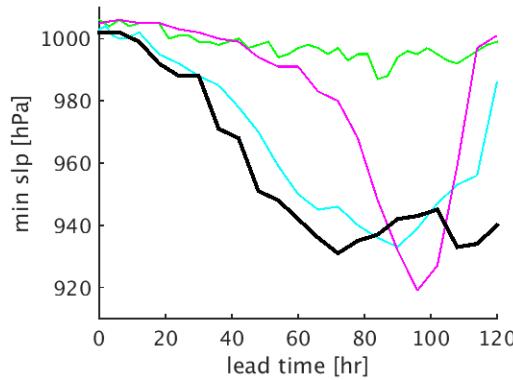
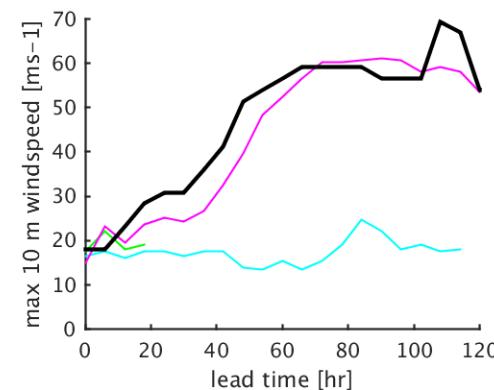
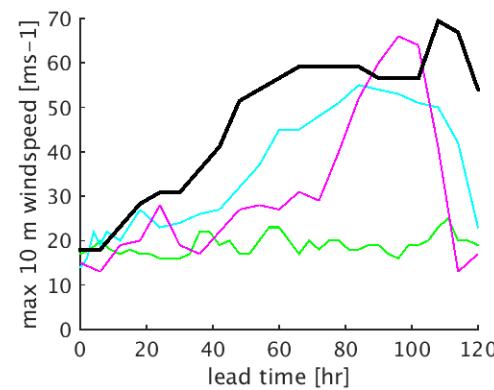
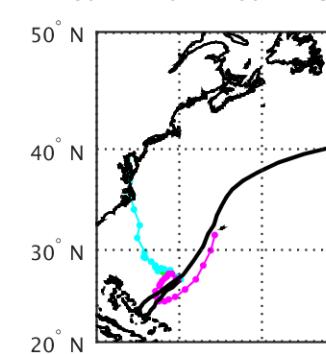


\*APSU could not be tracked in experimental grid

## Operational/Real-time

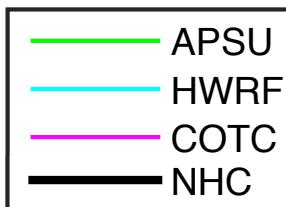


## Experimental Common Grid



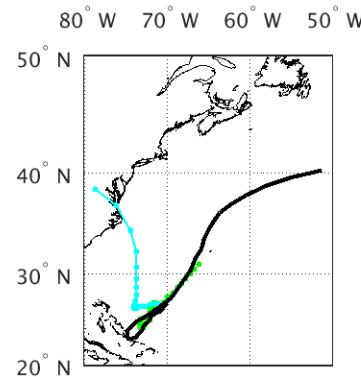
# HU JOAQUIN (2015)

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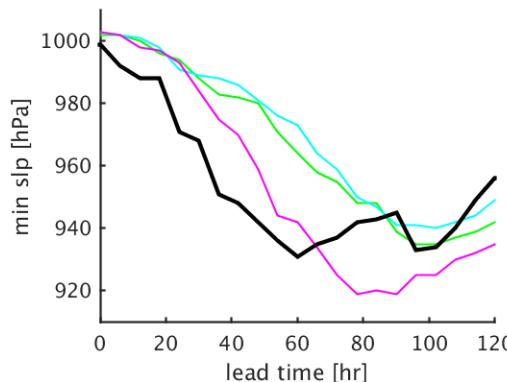
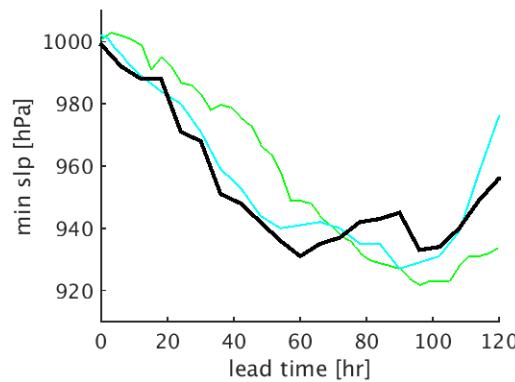
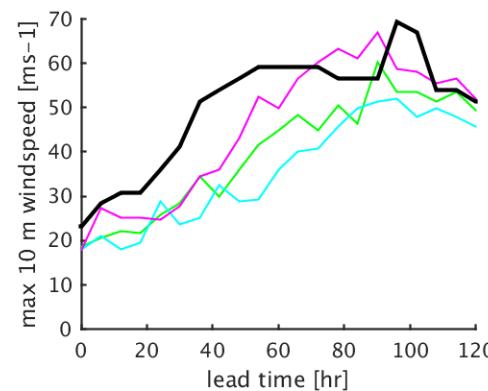
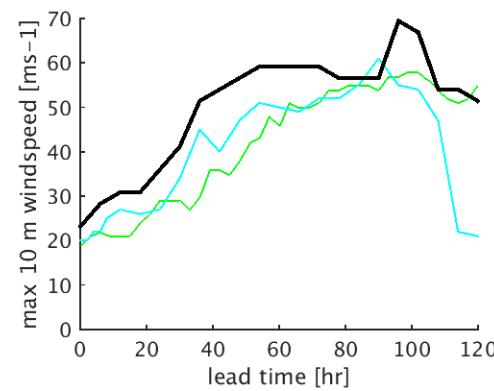
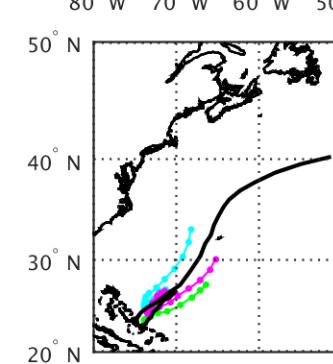


\*COTC not in adeck file

## Operational/Real-time



## Experimental Common Grid

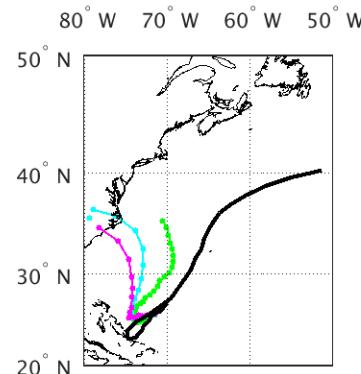


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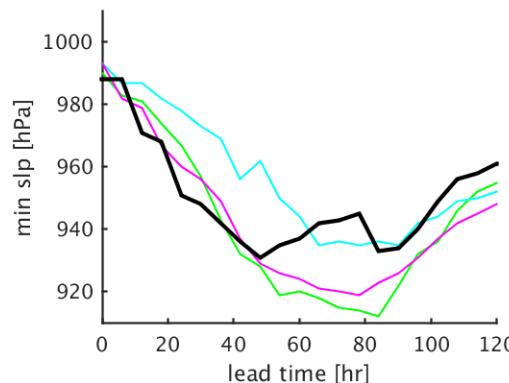
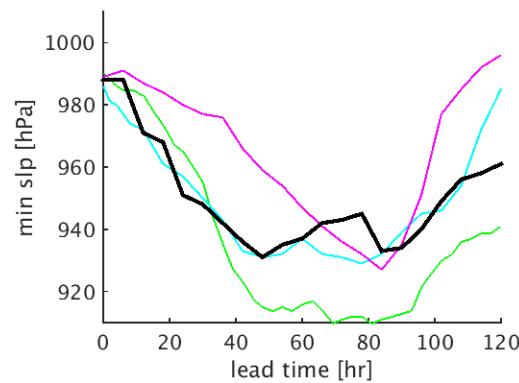
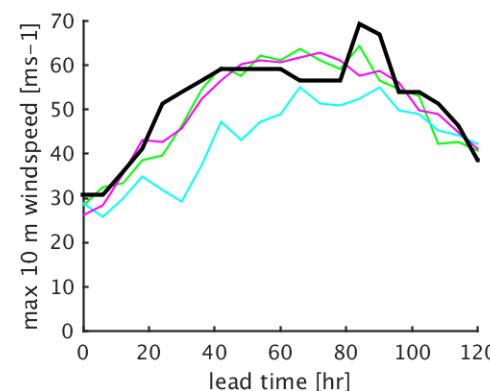
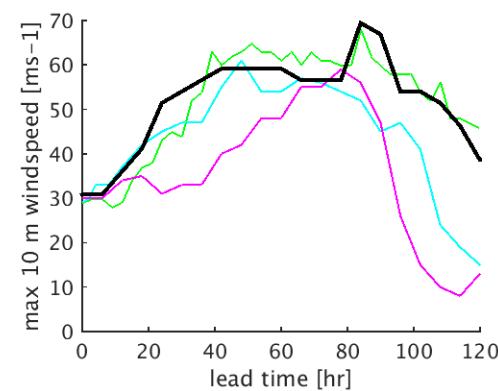
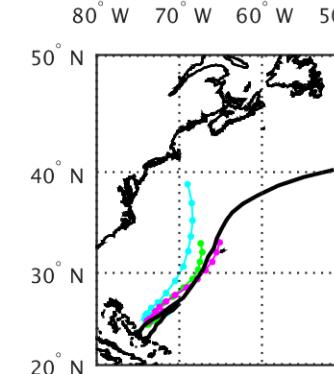
Initialized: 09-30 00 UTC

- APSU
- HWRF
- COTC
- NHC

## Operational/Real-time



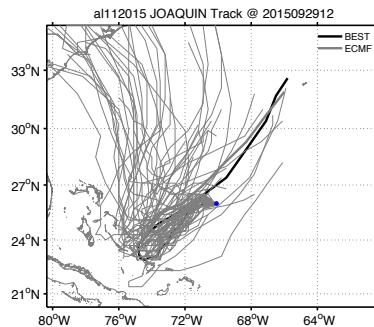
## Experimental Common Grid



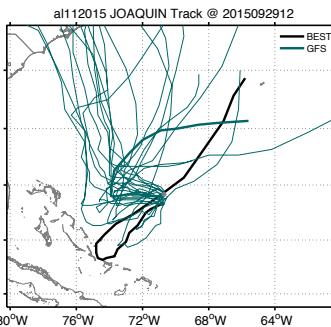
# PSU-EnKF real-time systems for Joaquin (2015): Ensemble at 12Z/29

Track

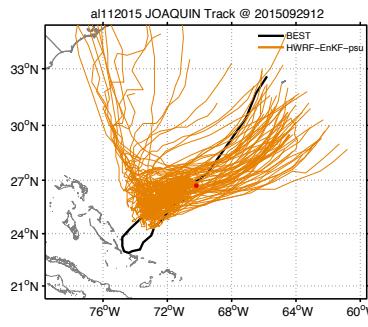
ECMWF



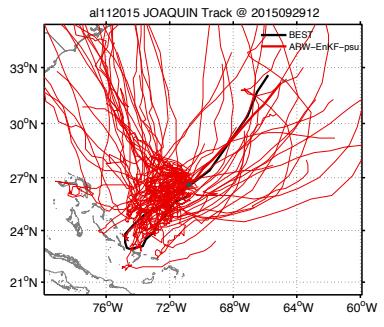
GEFS



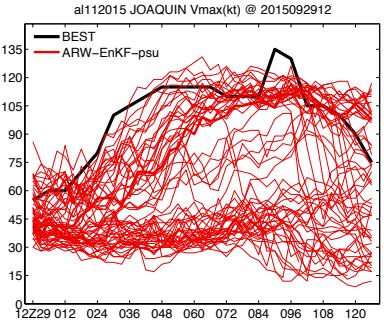
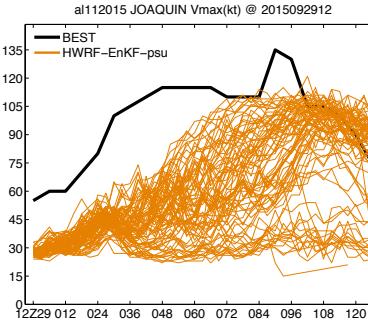
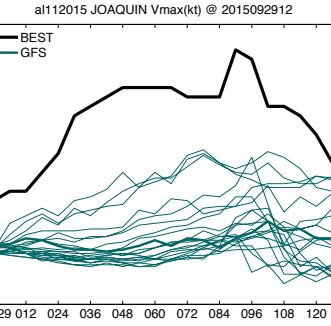
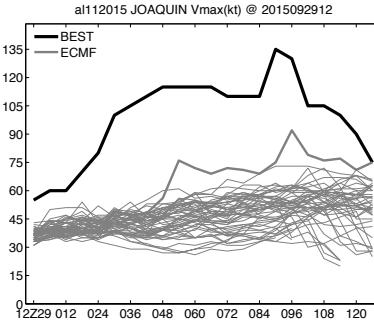
PSU HWRF-EnKF



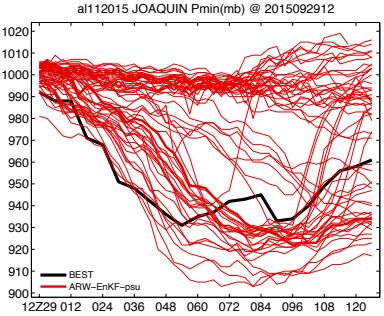
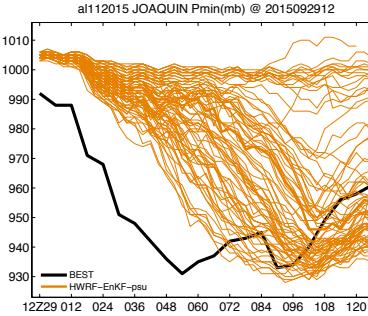
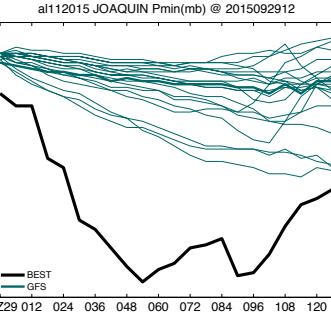
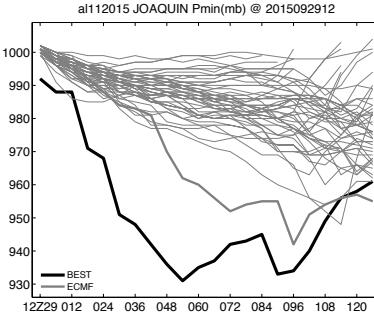
PSU ARW-EnKF



Vmax

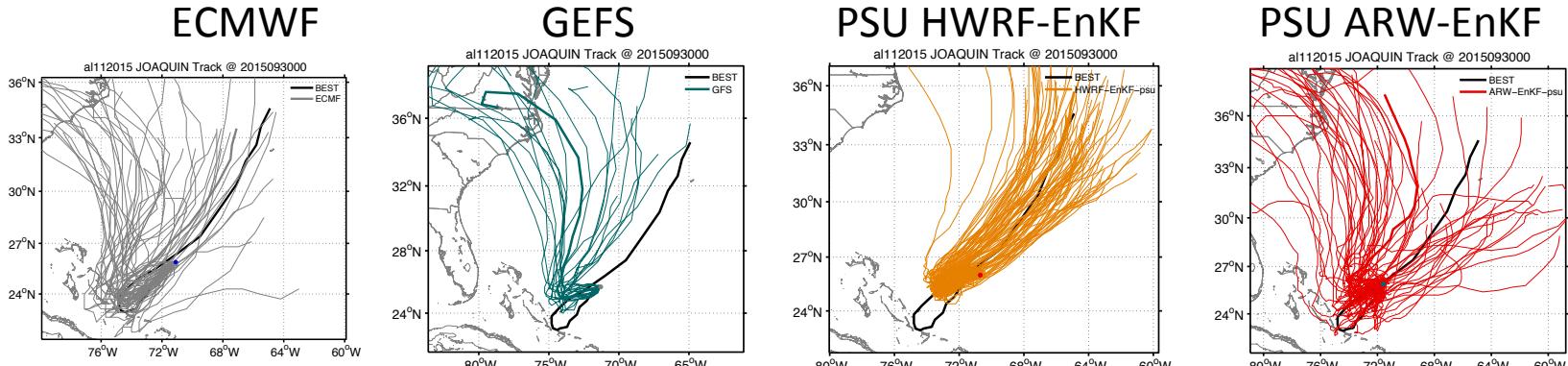


Pmin

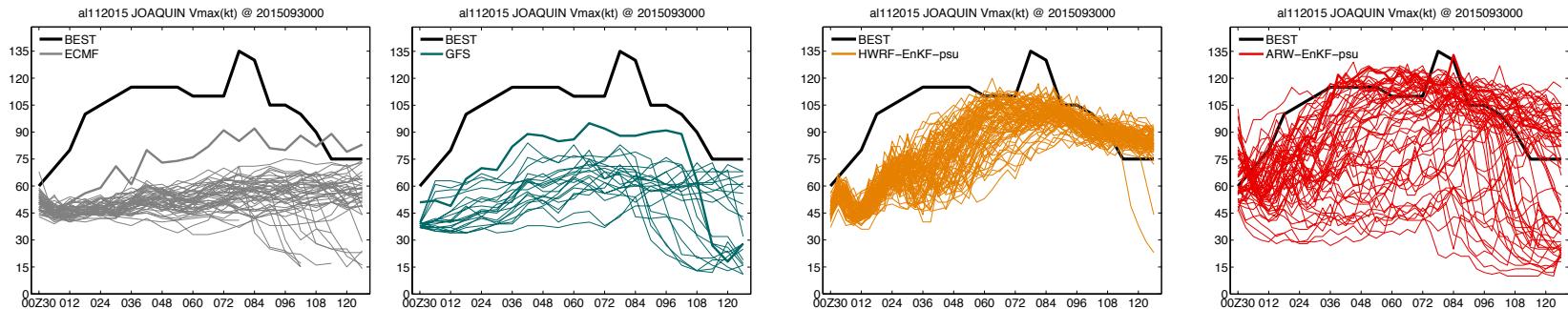


# PSU-EnKF real-time systems for Joaquin (2015): Ensemble at 00Z/30

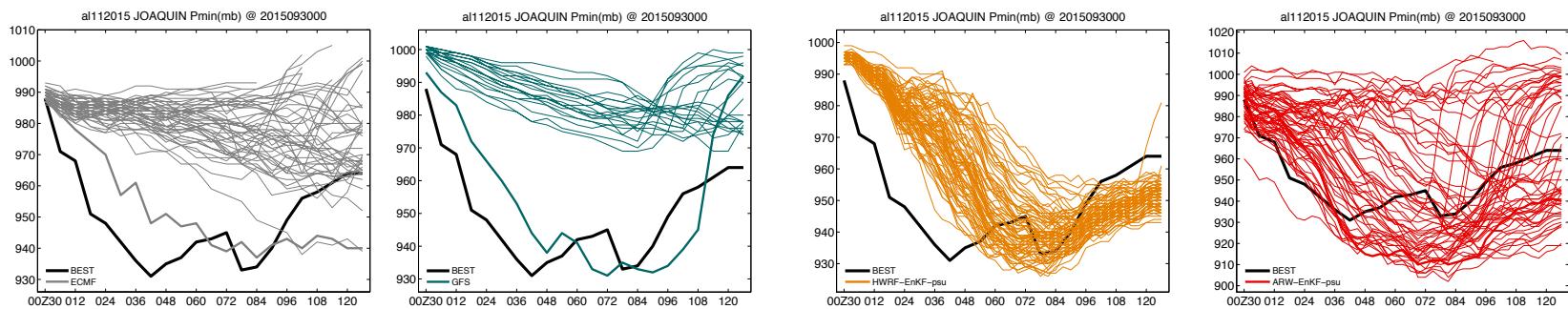
Track



Vmax

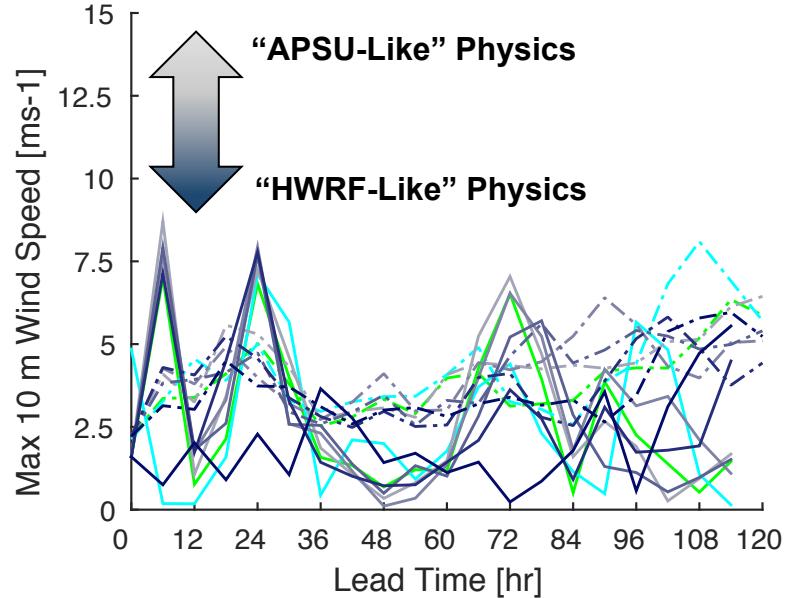
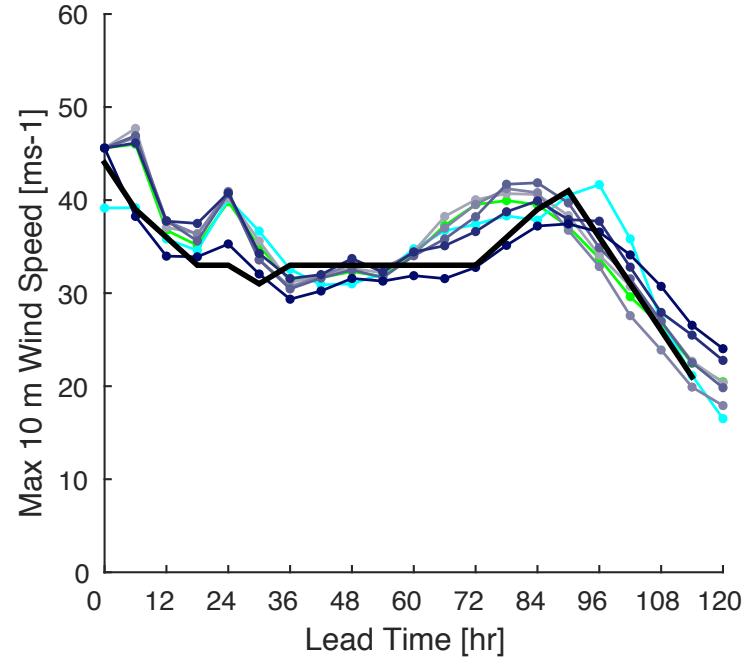
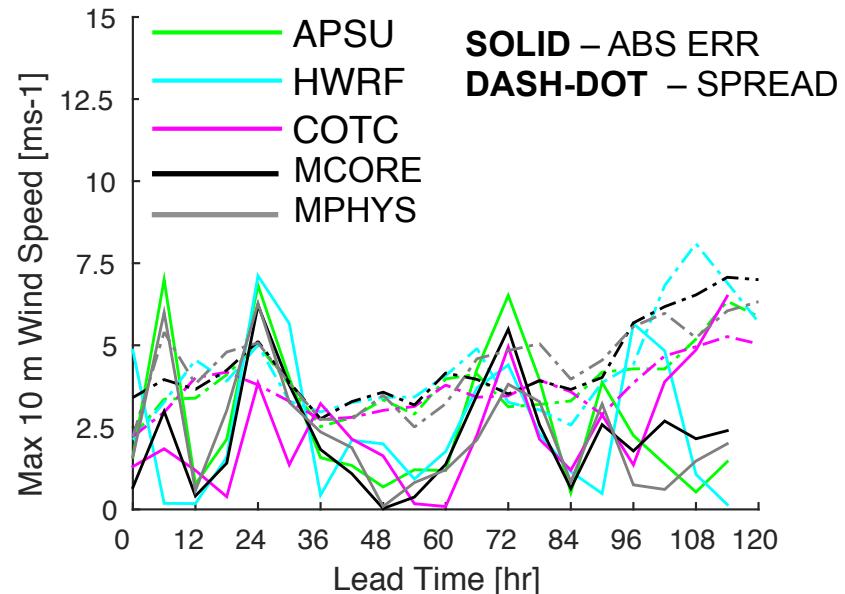
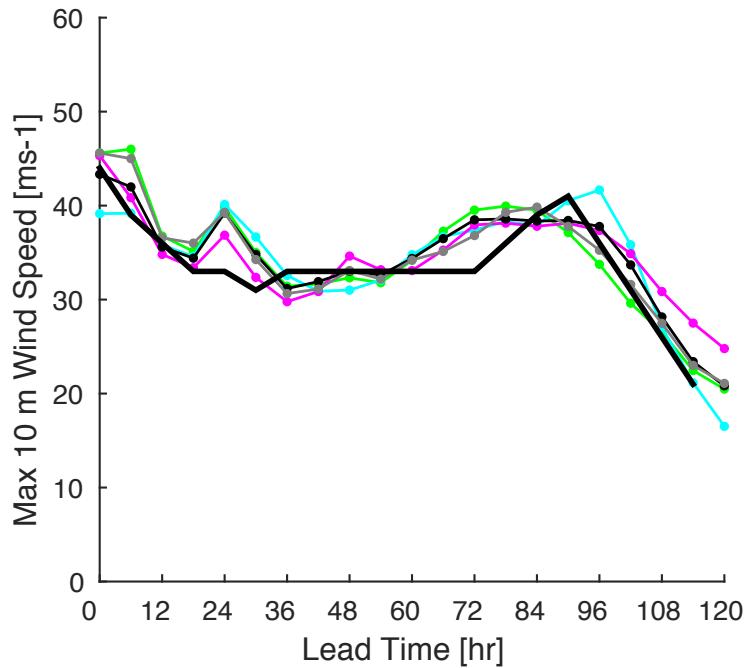


Pmin

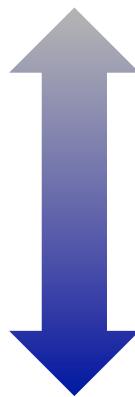


# Hurricane Sandy (2012)

\*NHC best track data as verification



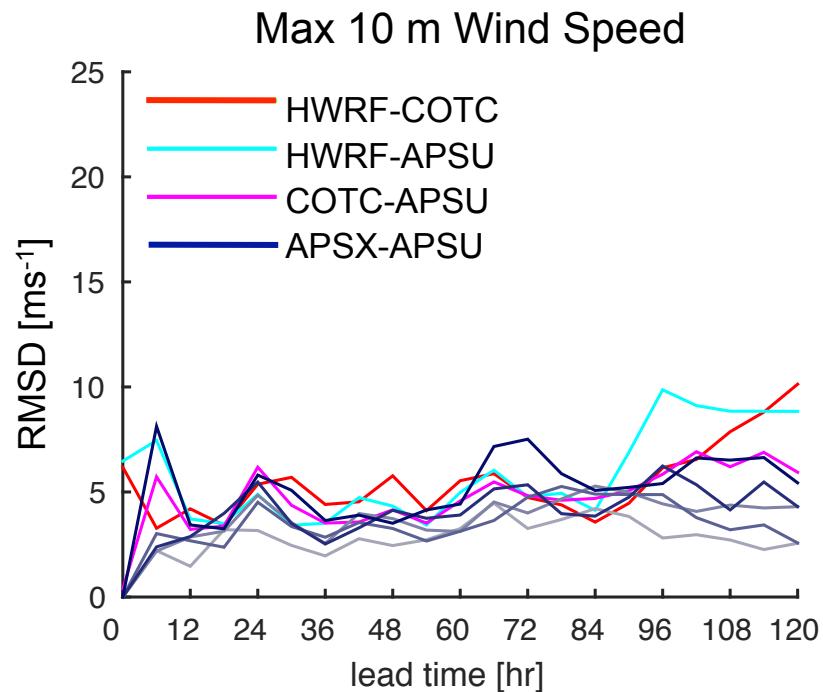
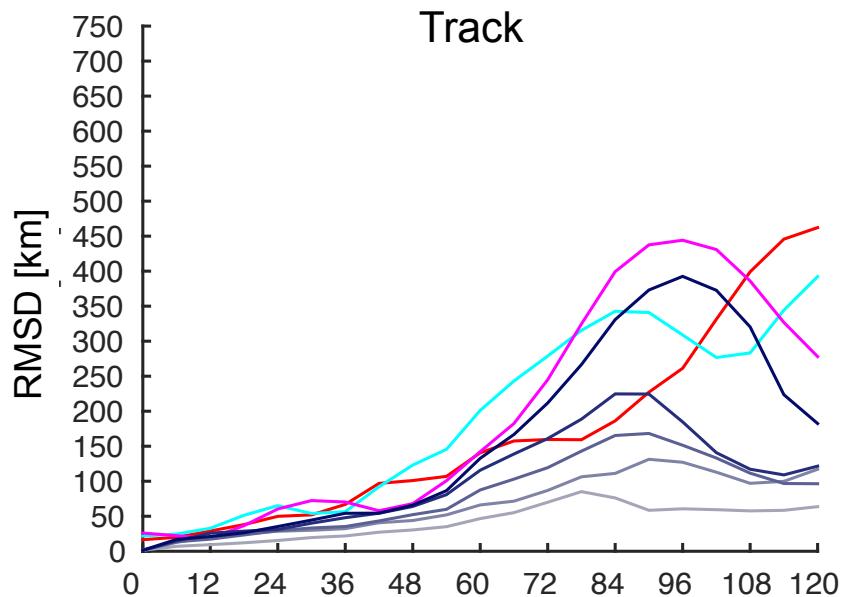
# Hurricane Sandy (2012) Model Error Growth



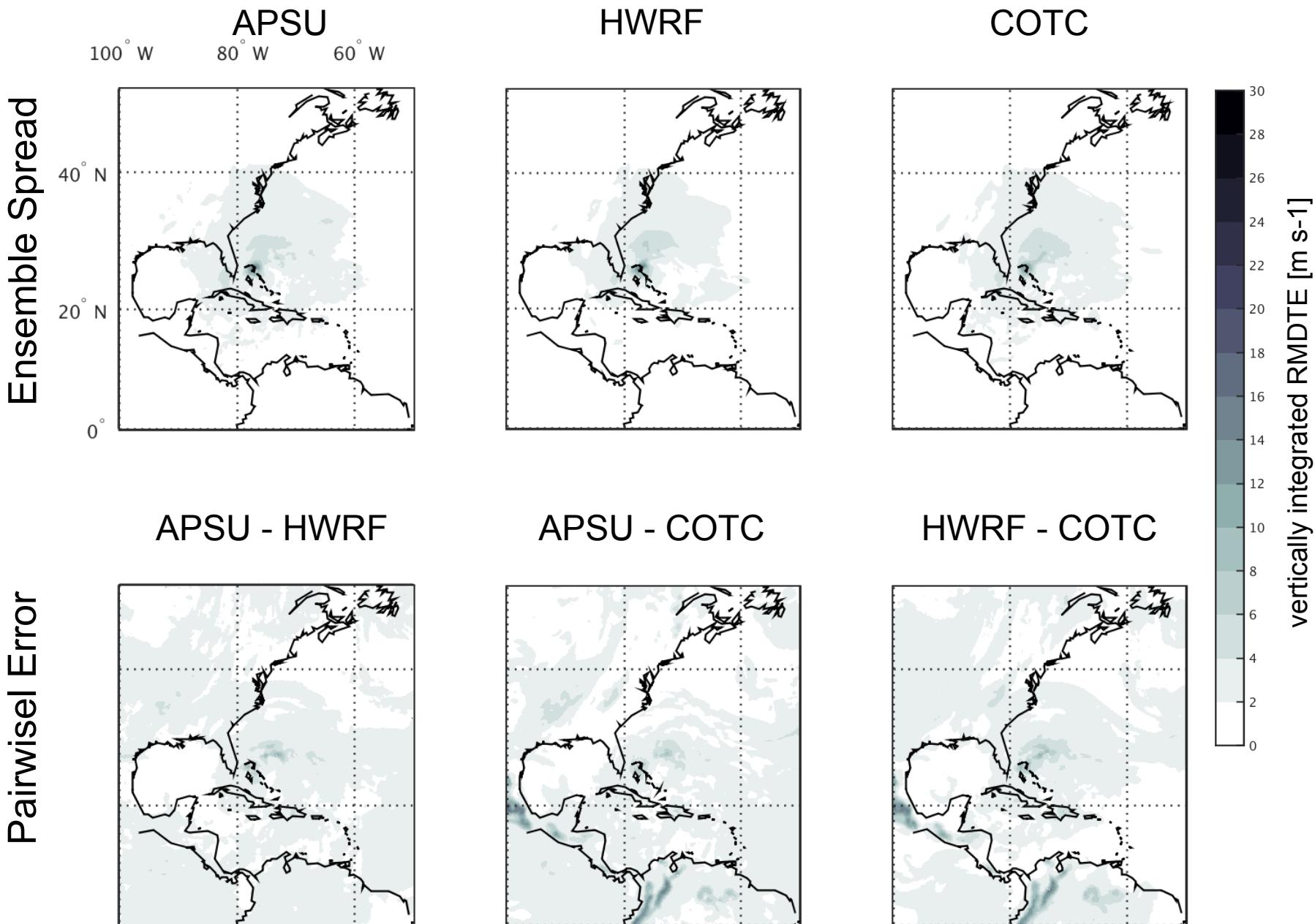
**“APSU-Like” Physics**

*Modify microphysics, radiation,  
PBL, surface drag, cumulus*

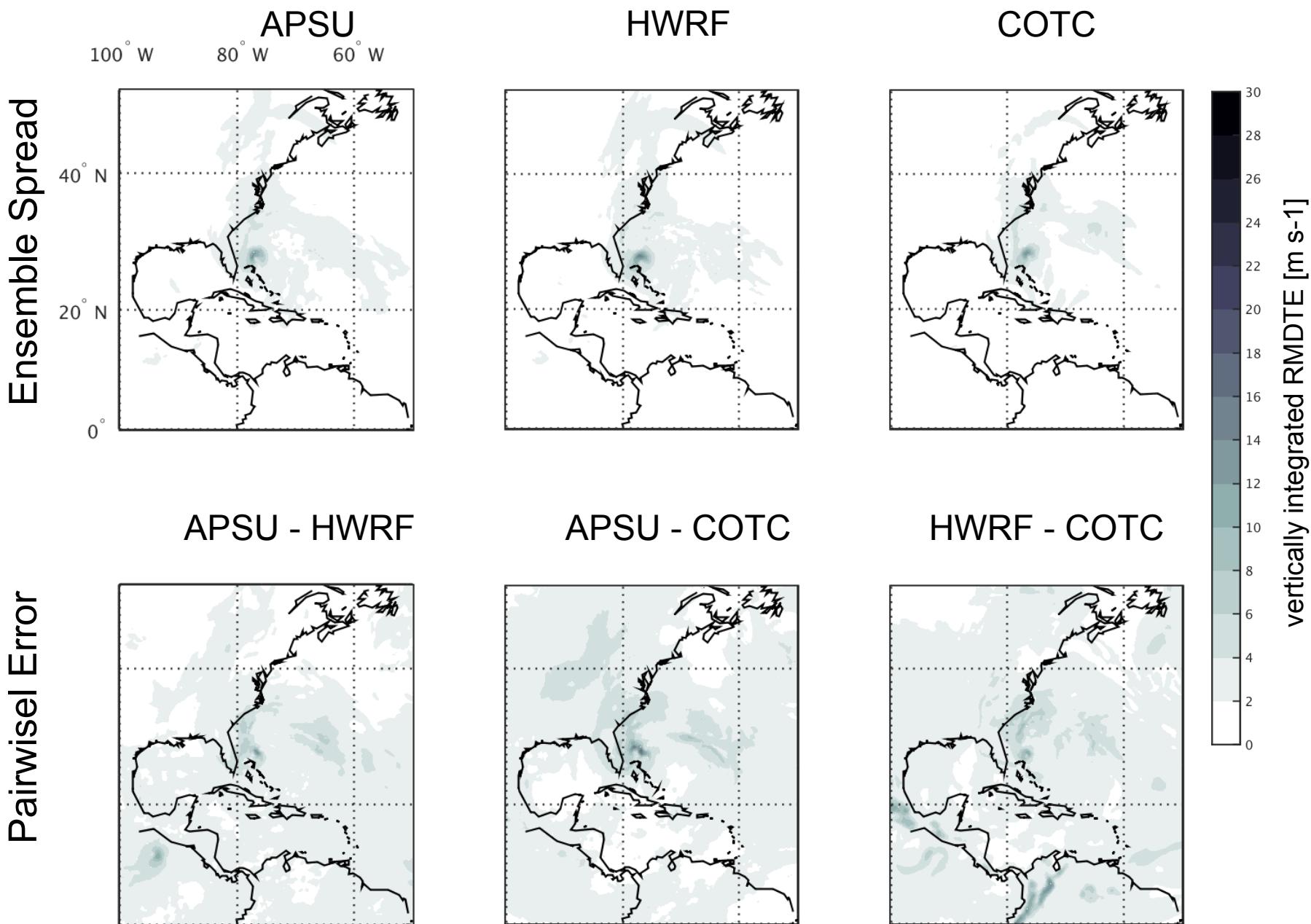
**“HWRF-Like” Physics**



# Hurricane Sandy (2012) Dom. Int. DTE (FHR 012)

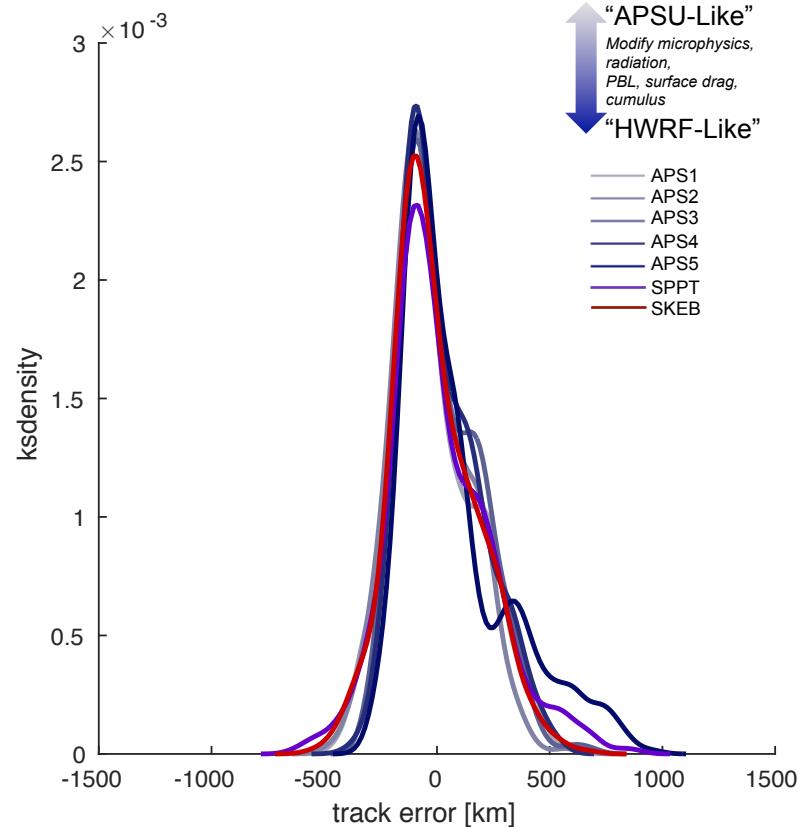
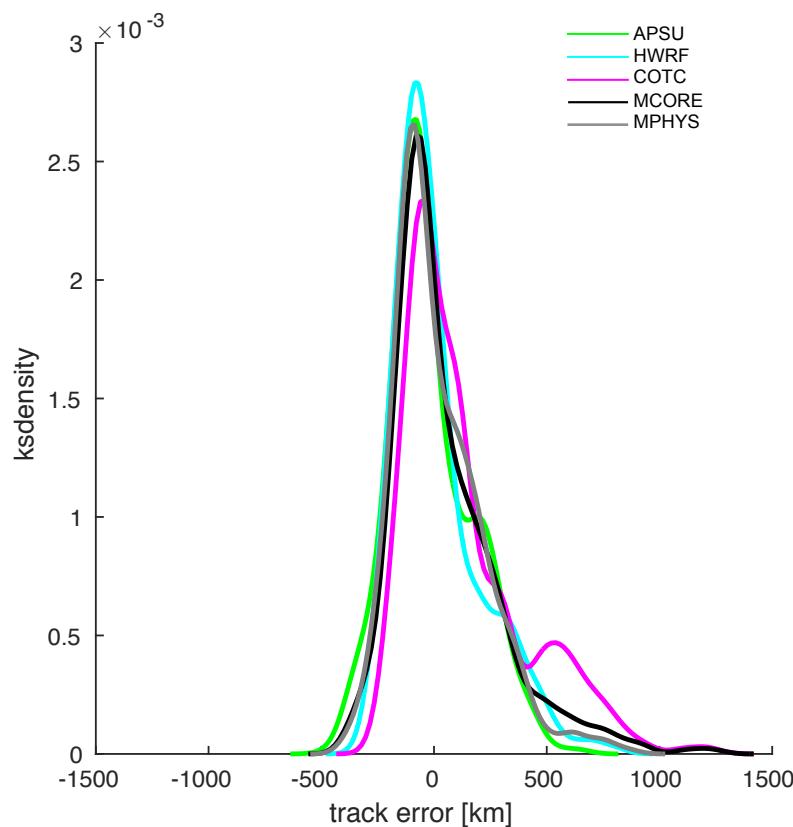


# Hurricane Sandy (2012) Dom. Int. DTE (FHR 036)



# Track Error kernel smoothed density distribution (HU Sandy)

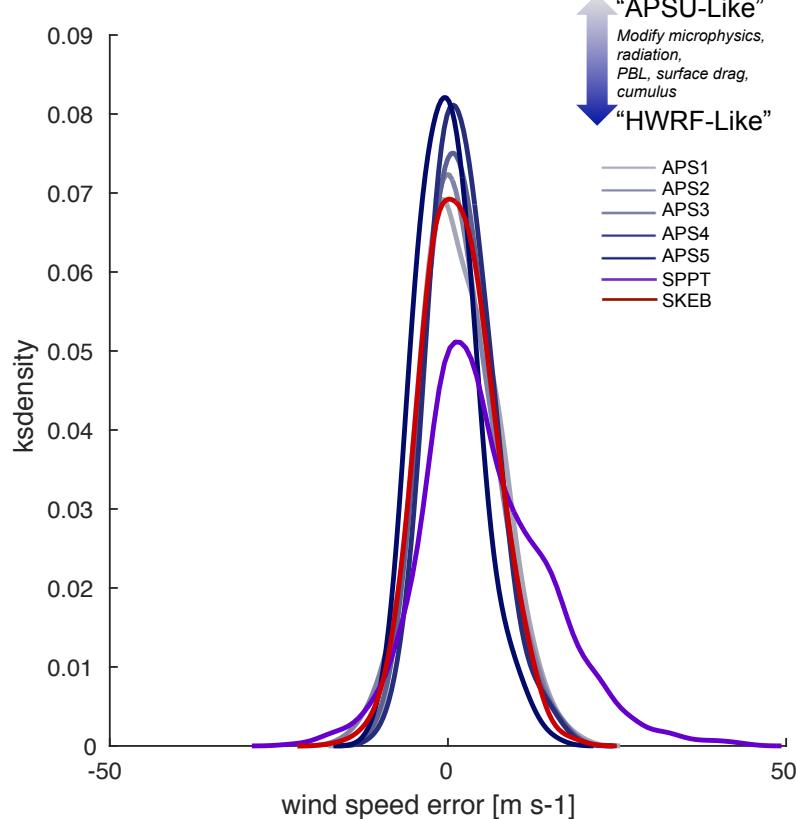
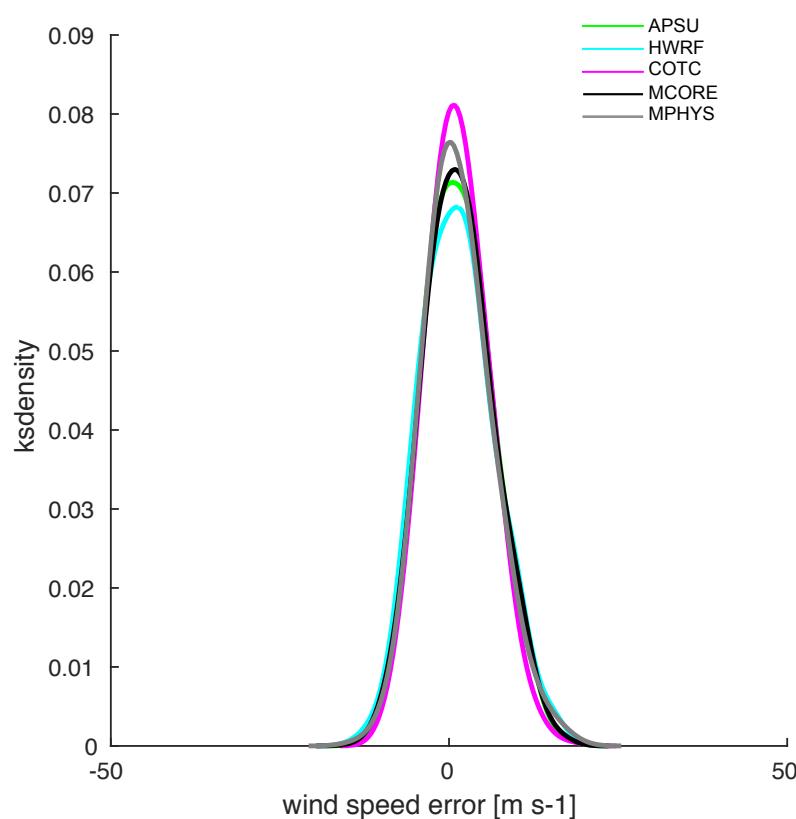
Including all 6-hrly forecasts (0 to 120 h) and ensemble members



• ...

# WSP error kernel smoothed density distribution (HU Sandy)

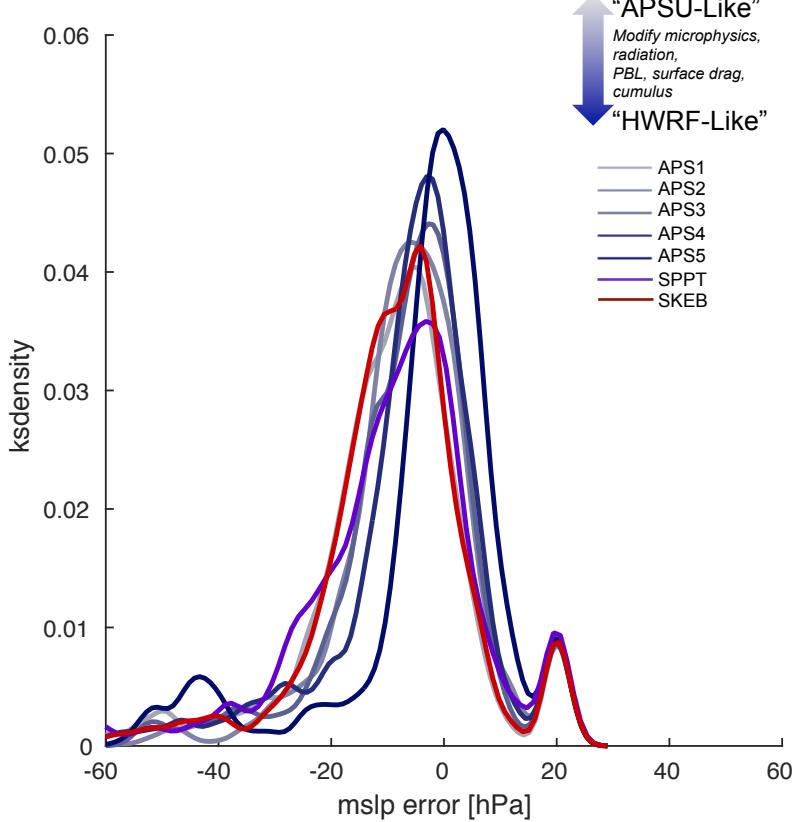
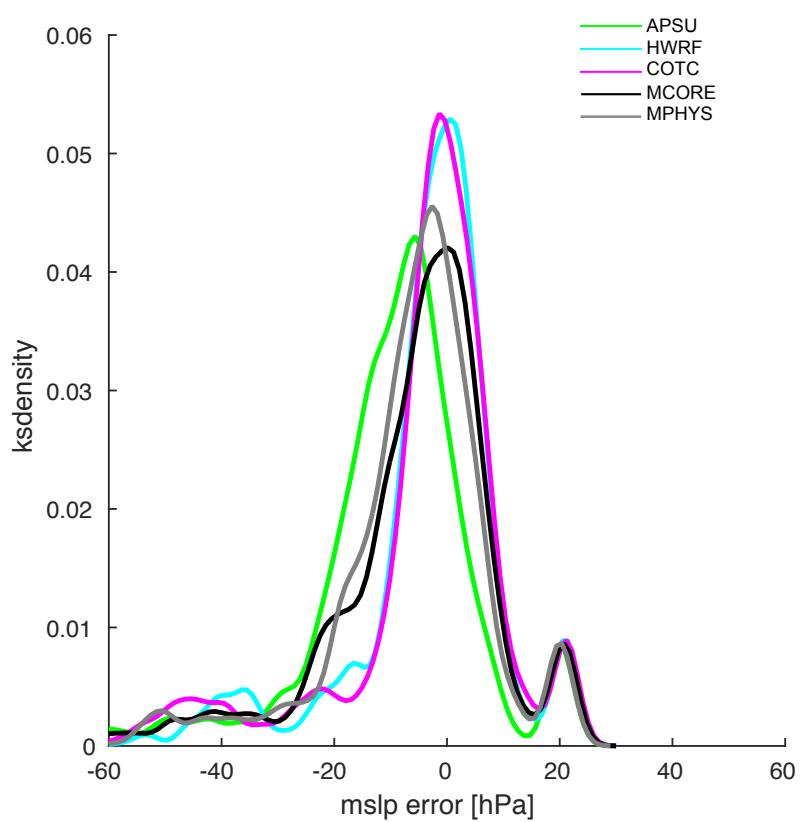
Including all 6-hrly forecasts (0 to 120 h) and ensemble members



• ...

# MSLP error kernel smoothed density distribution (HU Sandy)

Including all 6-hrly forecasts (0 to 120 h) and ensemble members

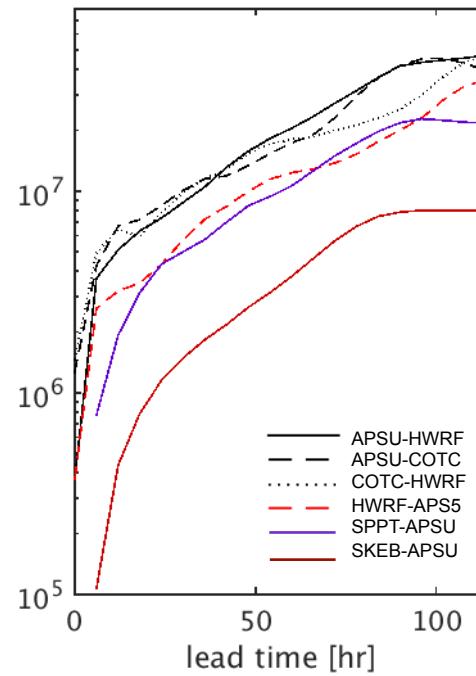
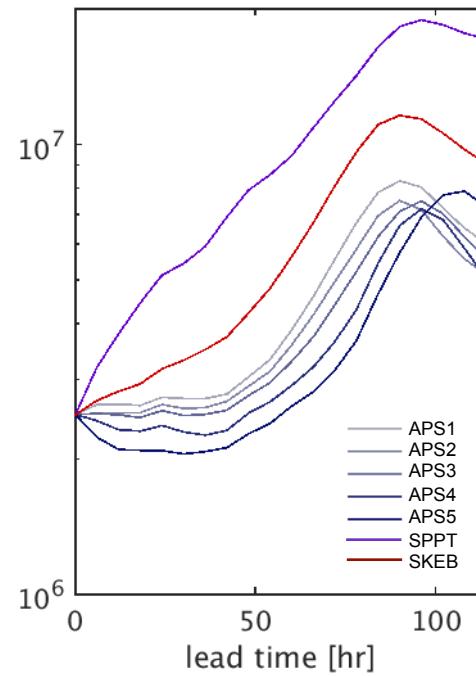
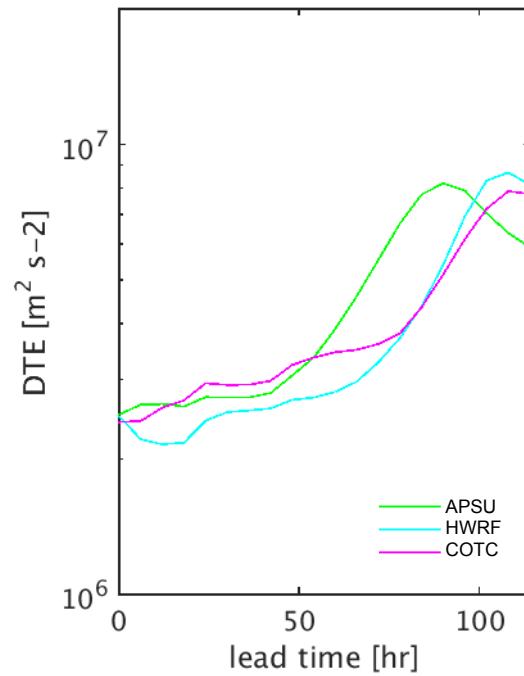


• ...



# Domain integrated DTE (HU Sandy)

6-hrly forecasts initialized at 2012-10-26 00 UTC



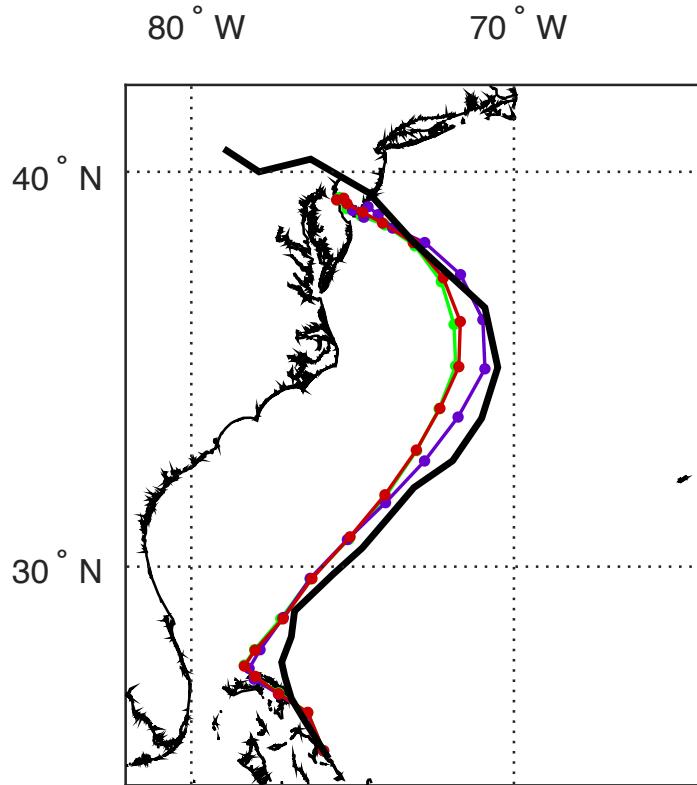
# Hurricane Sandy (2012)

## Ensemble Mean – Stochastic Physics

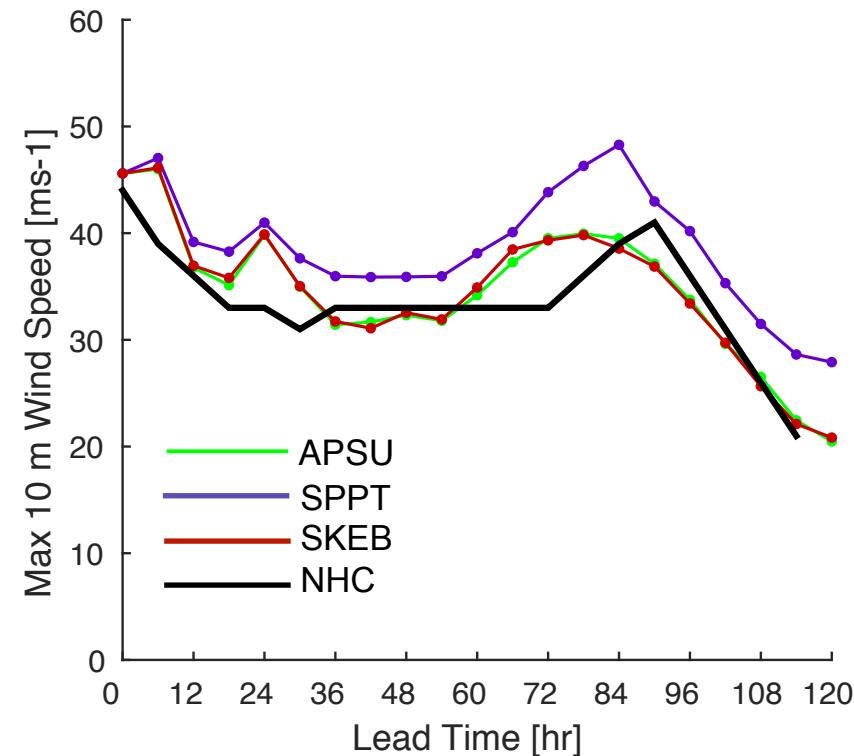
SPPT shifts both the ensemble mean, improving track but degrading intensity

SKEBS minimally impacts mean

Ensemble Mean Track



Ensemble Mean Intensity



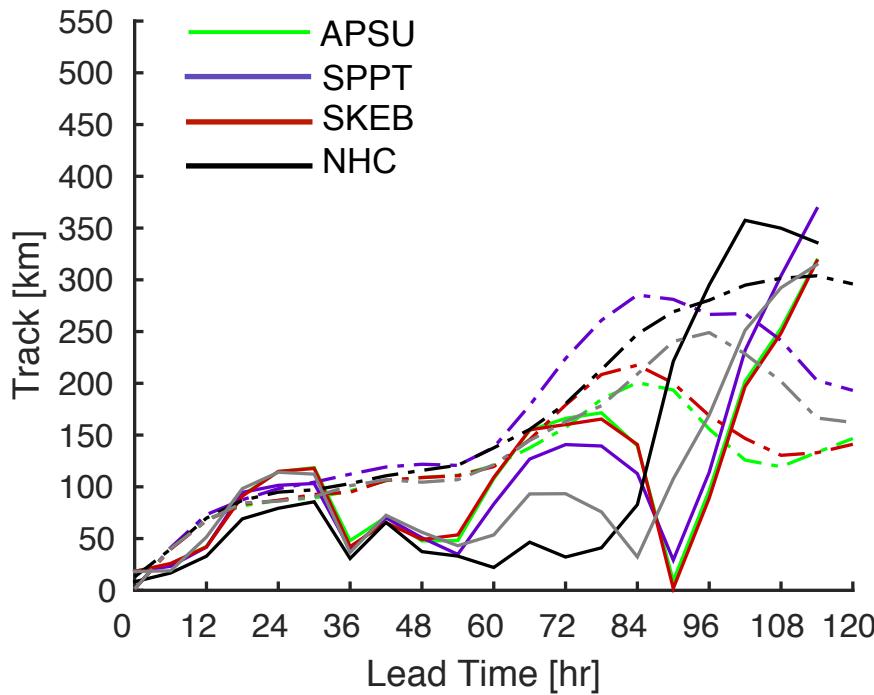
# Hurricane Sandy (2012)

## Absolute Error and Spread –

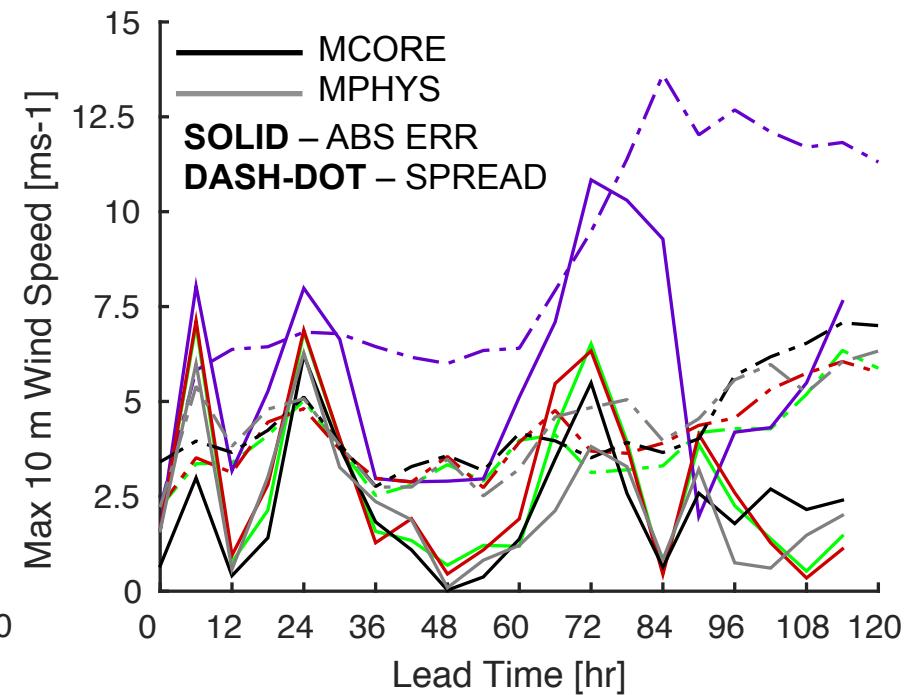
### Stochastic Physics

...

Track Spread/Abs. Error



Intensity Spread/Abs. Error



# Horizontal RMDTE (HU Sandy) – Stochastic

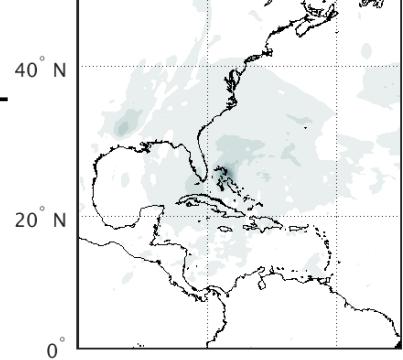
Initialized at 2012-10-26 00 UTC

FHR 012

**SPPT**

100° W 80° W 60° W

**SKEB**

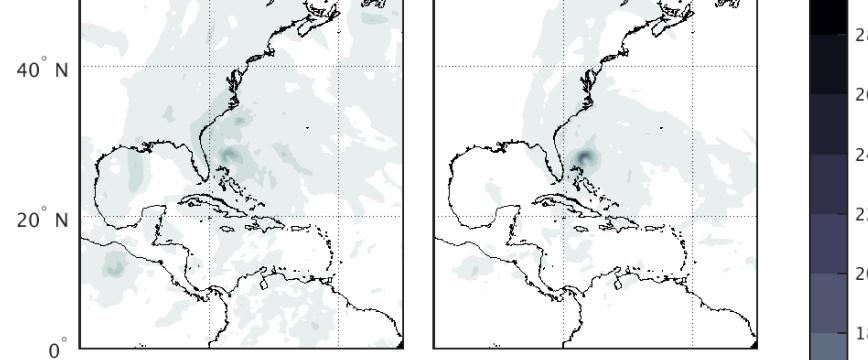


FHR 036

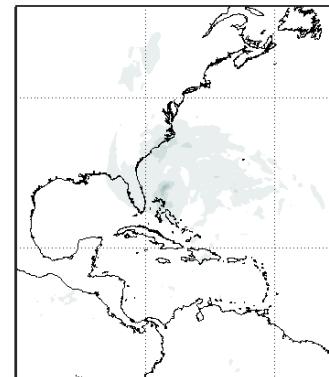
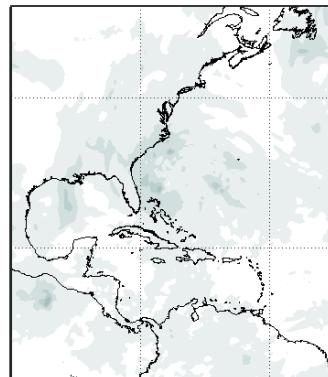
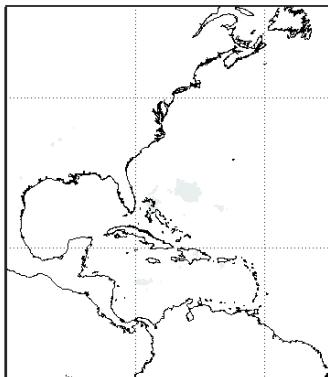
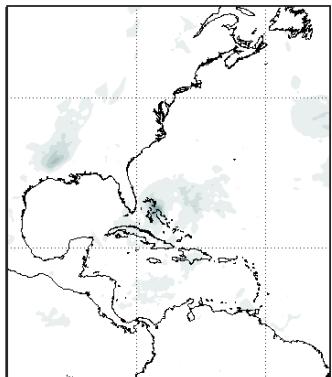
**SPPT**

100° W 80° W 60° W

**SKEB**



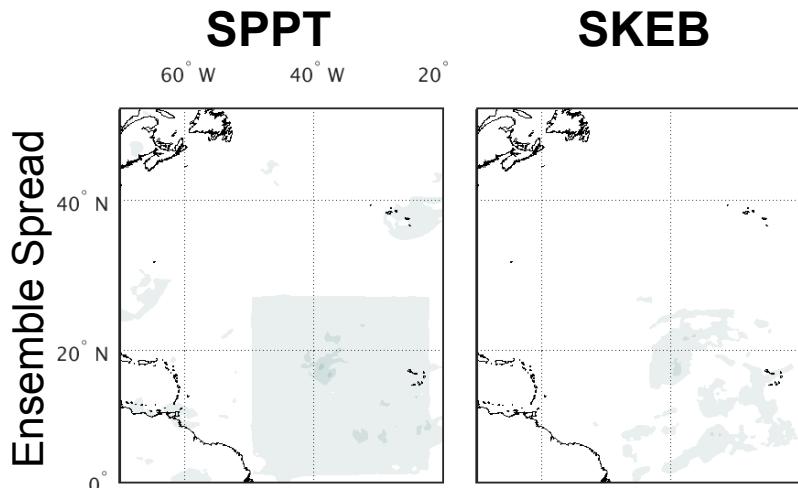
Pairwise Error



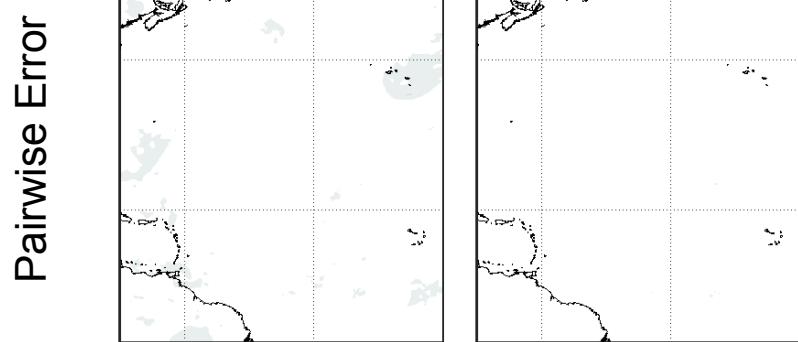
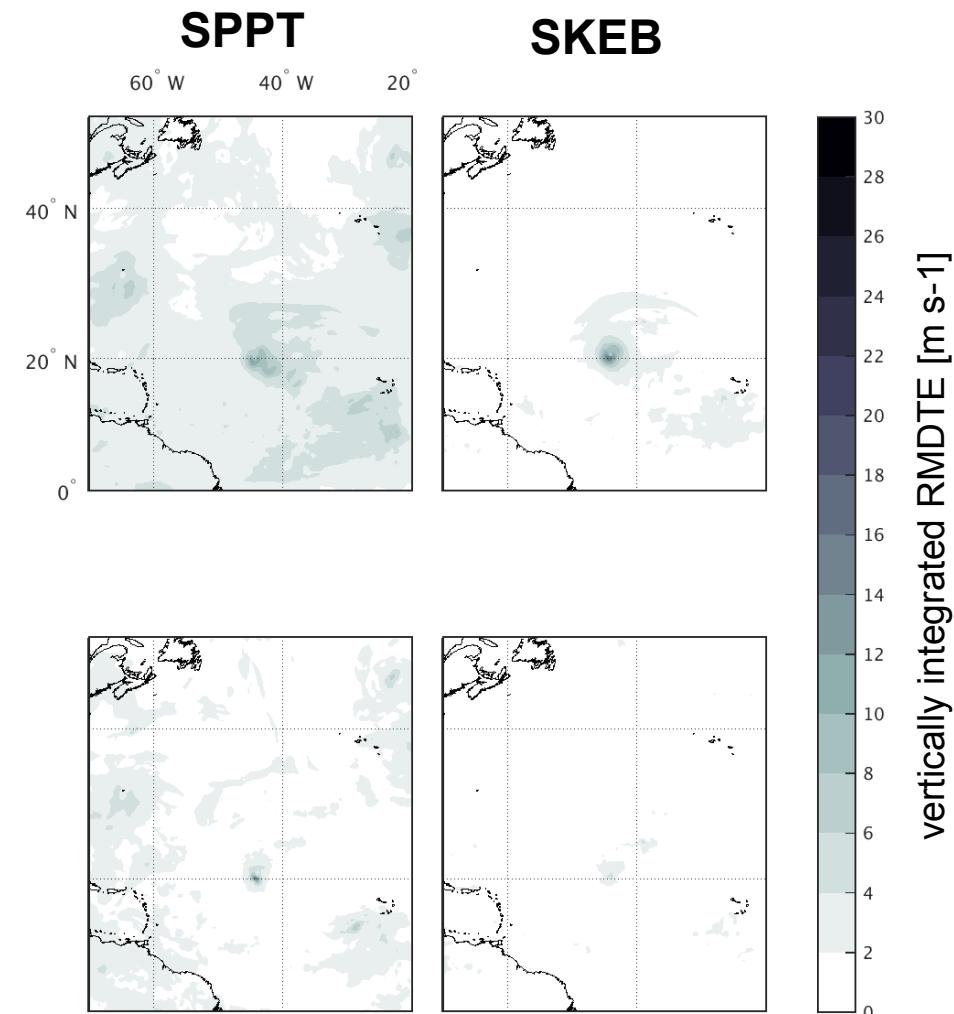
# Horizontal RMDTE (HU Edouard) – Stochastic

Initialized at 2012-10-26 00 UTC

FHR 012

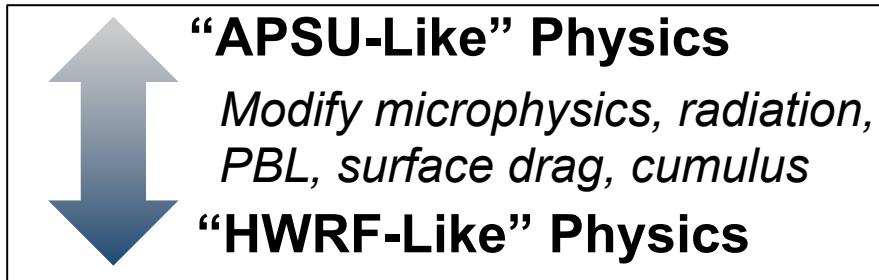


FHR 036



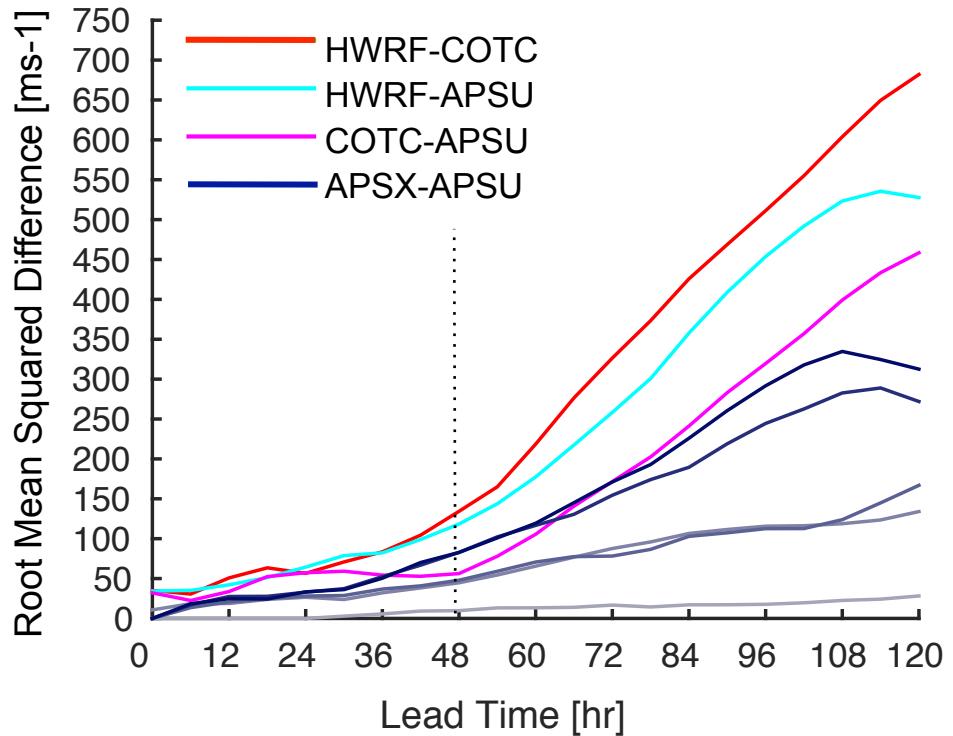
# Hurricane Edouard (2014)

## Model Error Growth

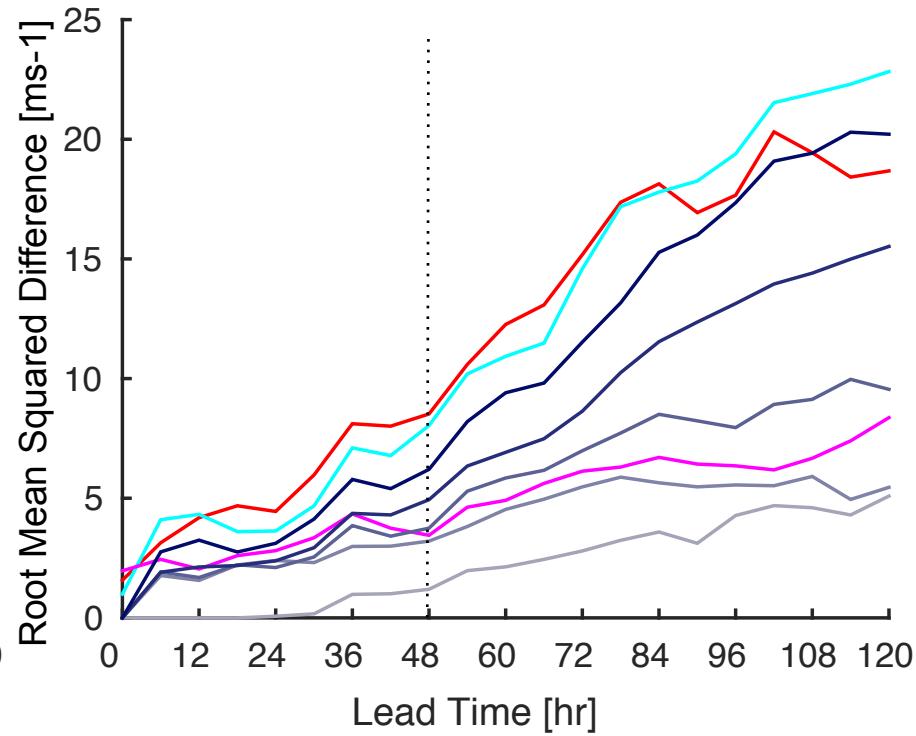


Error growth between models for the same ensemble member is highly dependent on model and/or physics configuration

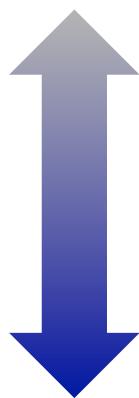
Pairwise Track RMS Difference



Pairwise Intensity RMS Difference



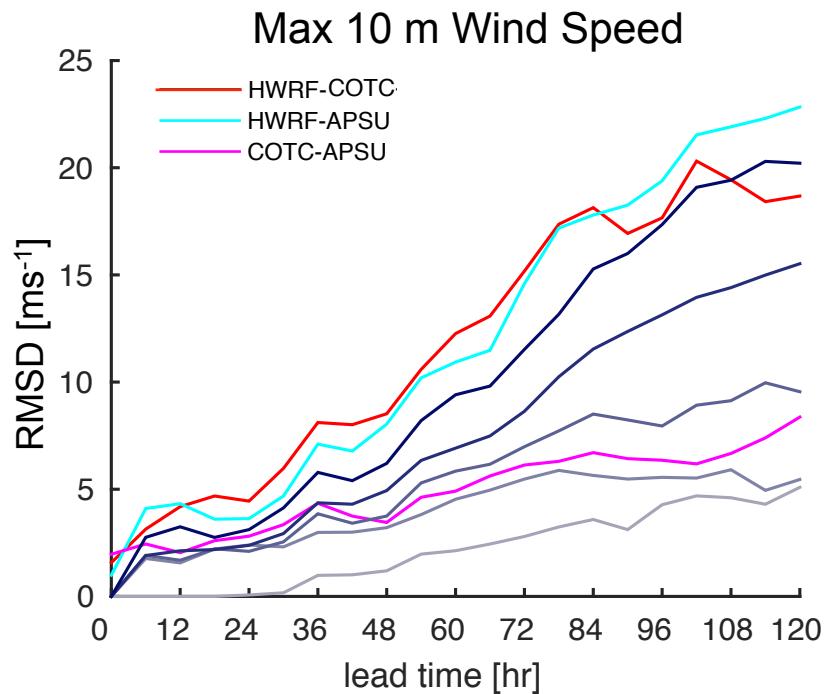
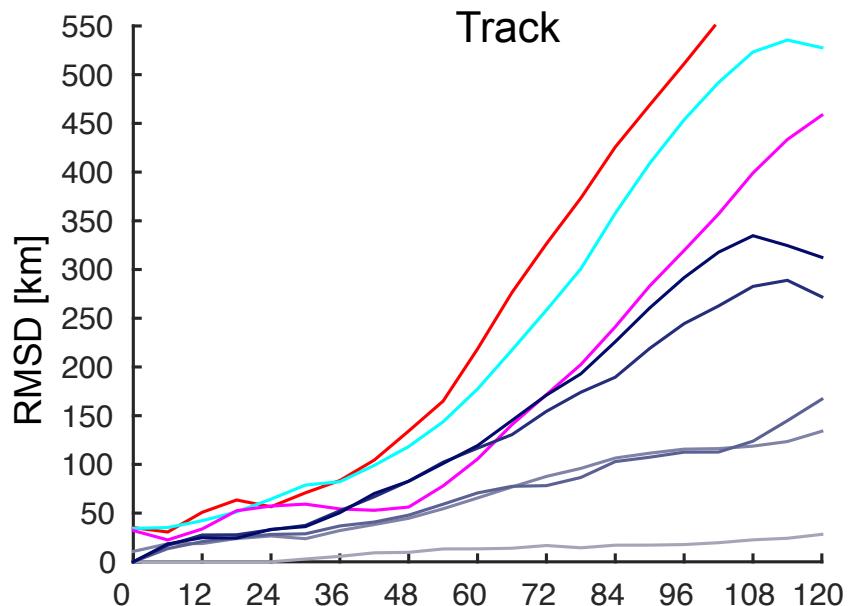
# Hurricane Edouard (2014) Model Error Growth



“APSU-Like” Physics

*Modify microphysics, radiation,  
PBL, surface drag, cumulus*

“HWRF-Like” Physics

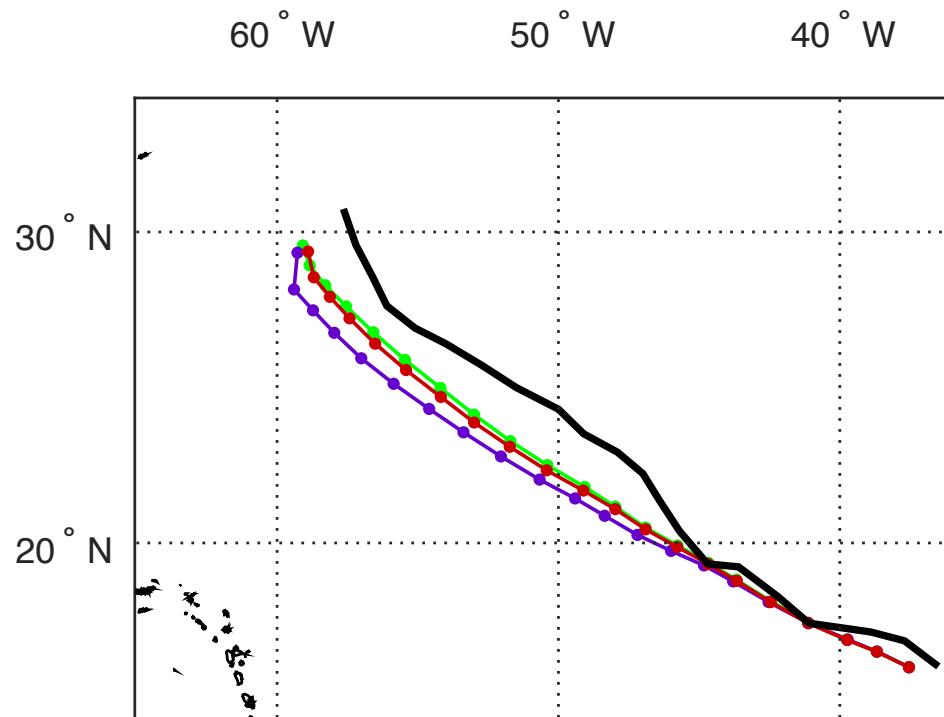


# Hurricane Edouard (2014)

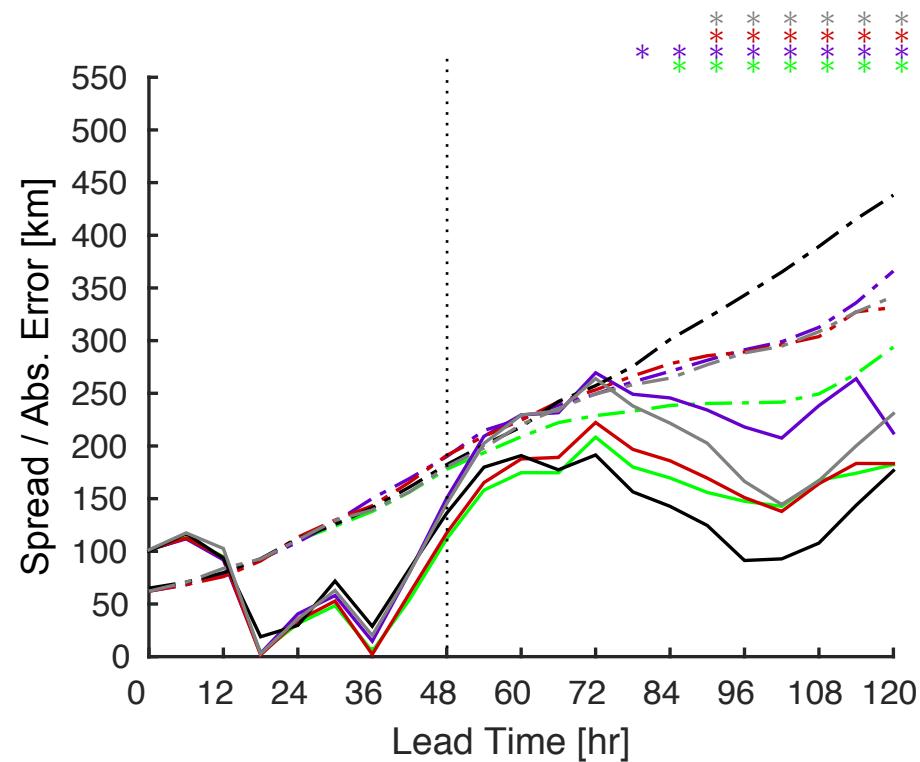
## Absolute Error and Spread – Stochastic Physics

...

**Ensemble Mean Track**



**Track Verification**



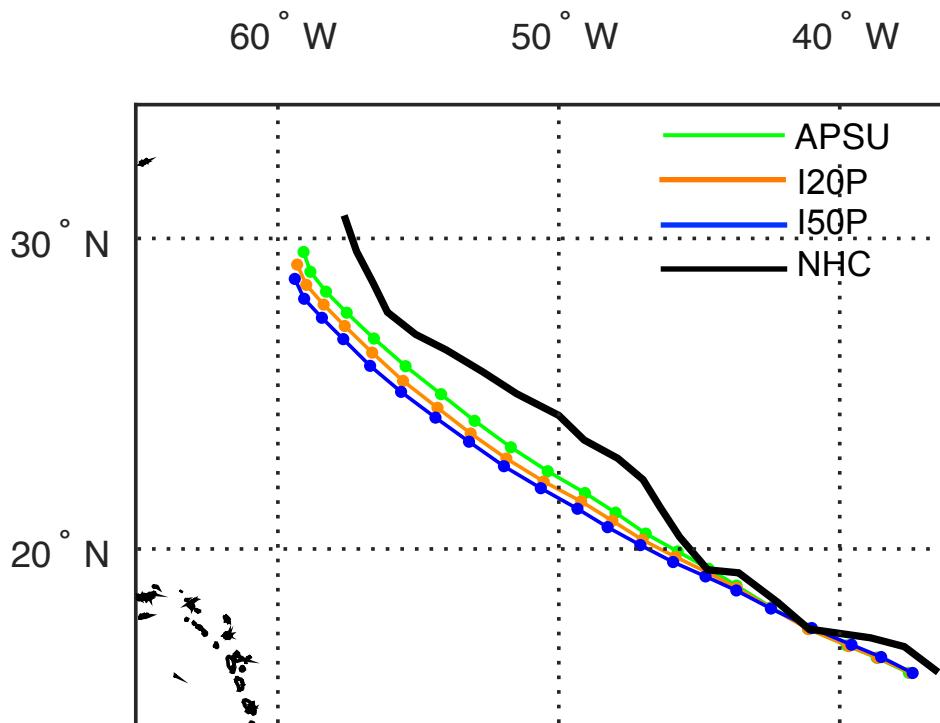
# Hurricane Edouard (2014)

## Absolute Error and Spread – Initial Perturbations

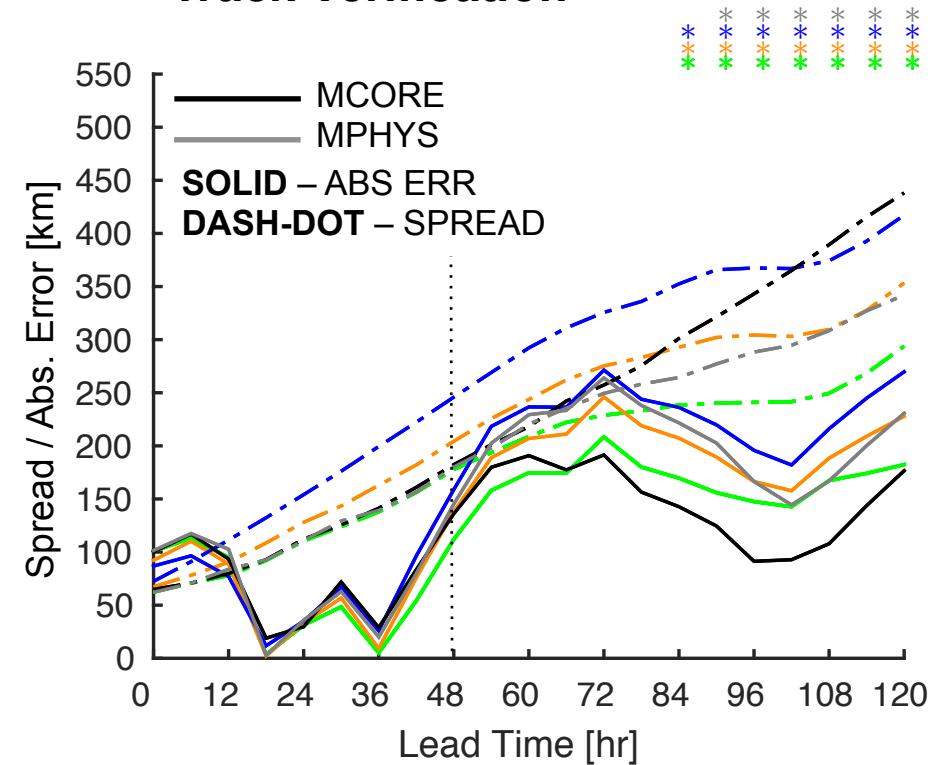
I20P: 20% inflation

I50P: 50% inflation

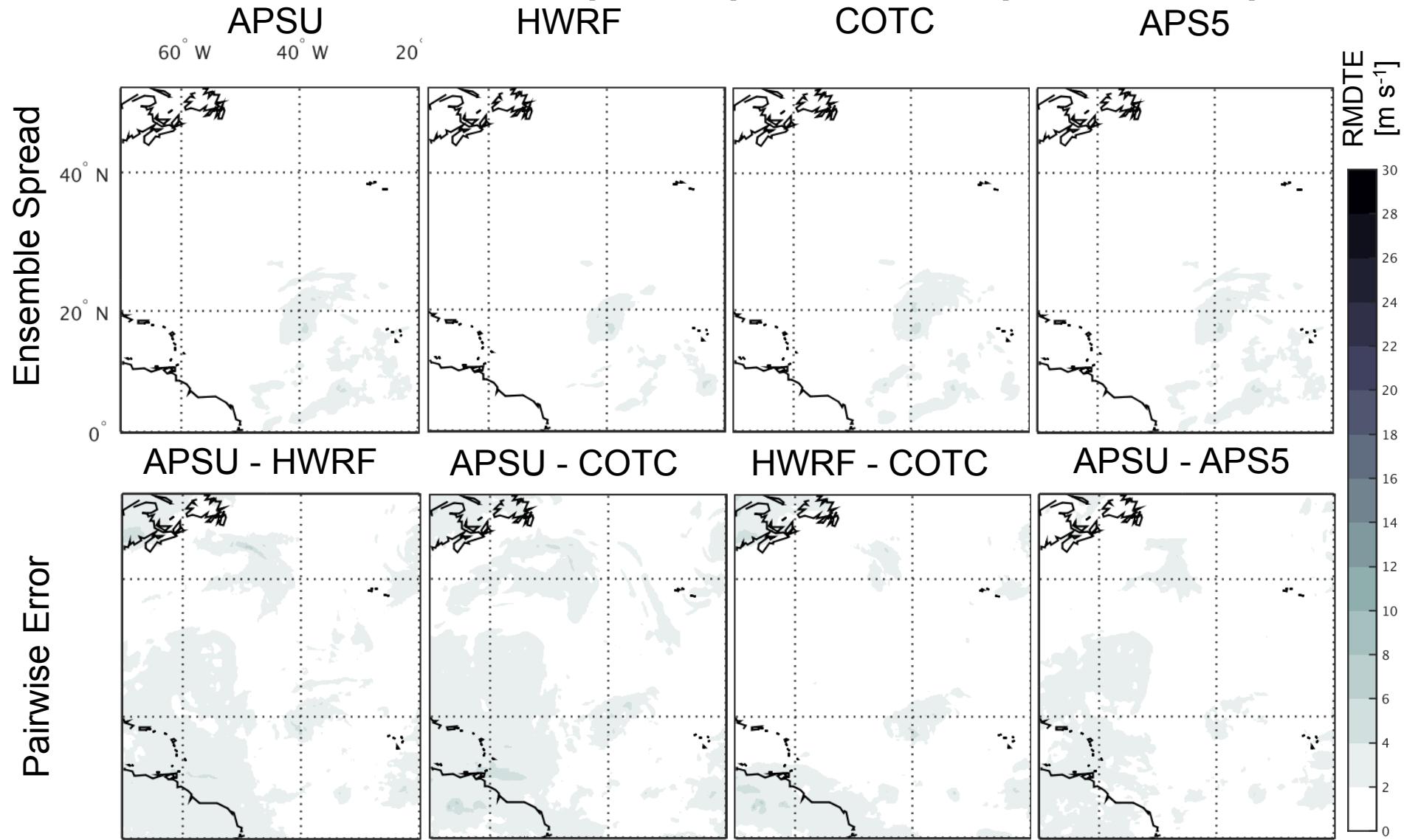
**Ensemble Mean Track**



**Track Verification**



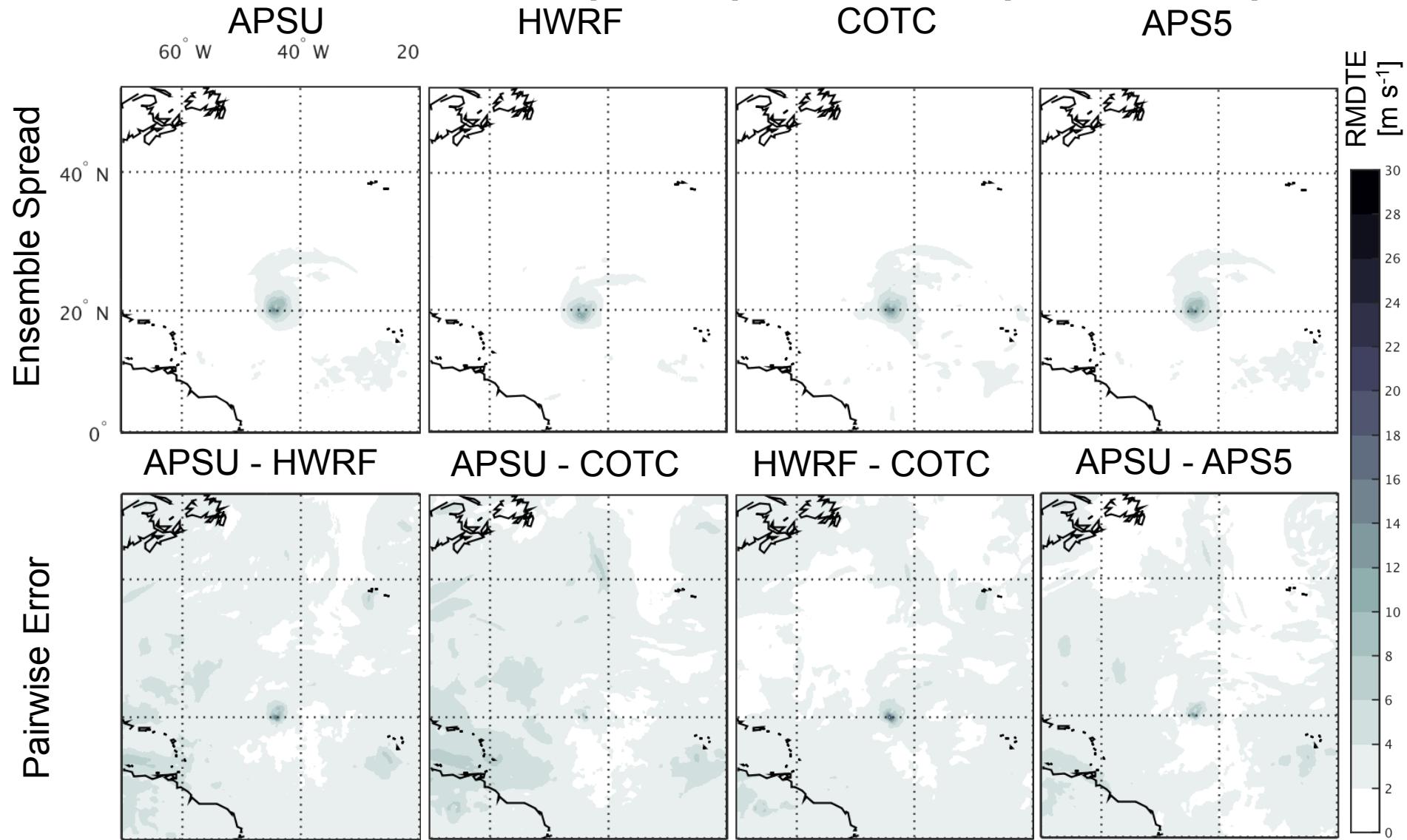
# Hurricane Edouard (2014) RMDTE (FHR 012)



$$RMDTE_{i,j} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{k} \sum_k \frac{1}{n} \sum_n U'_{i,j,k,n}^2 + V'_{i,j,k,n}^2 + \kappa T'_{i,j,k,n}^2}$$

where ' indicates difference  
between experiments and  $\kappa = \frac{c_p}{T_0}$

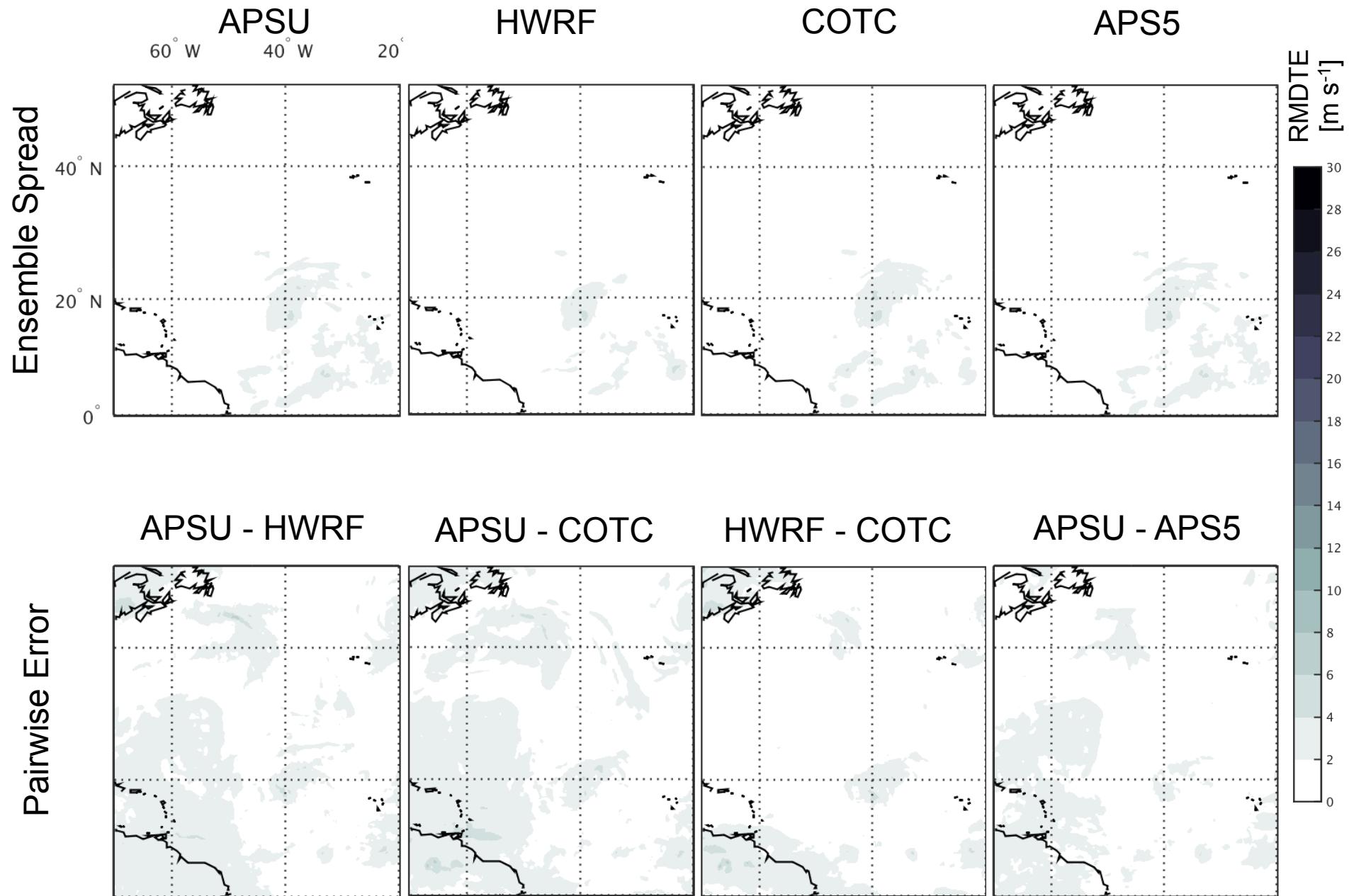
# Hurricane Edouard (2014) RMDTE (FHR 036)



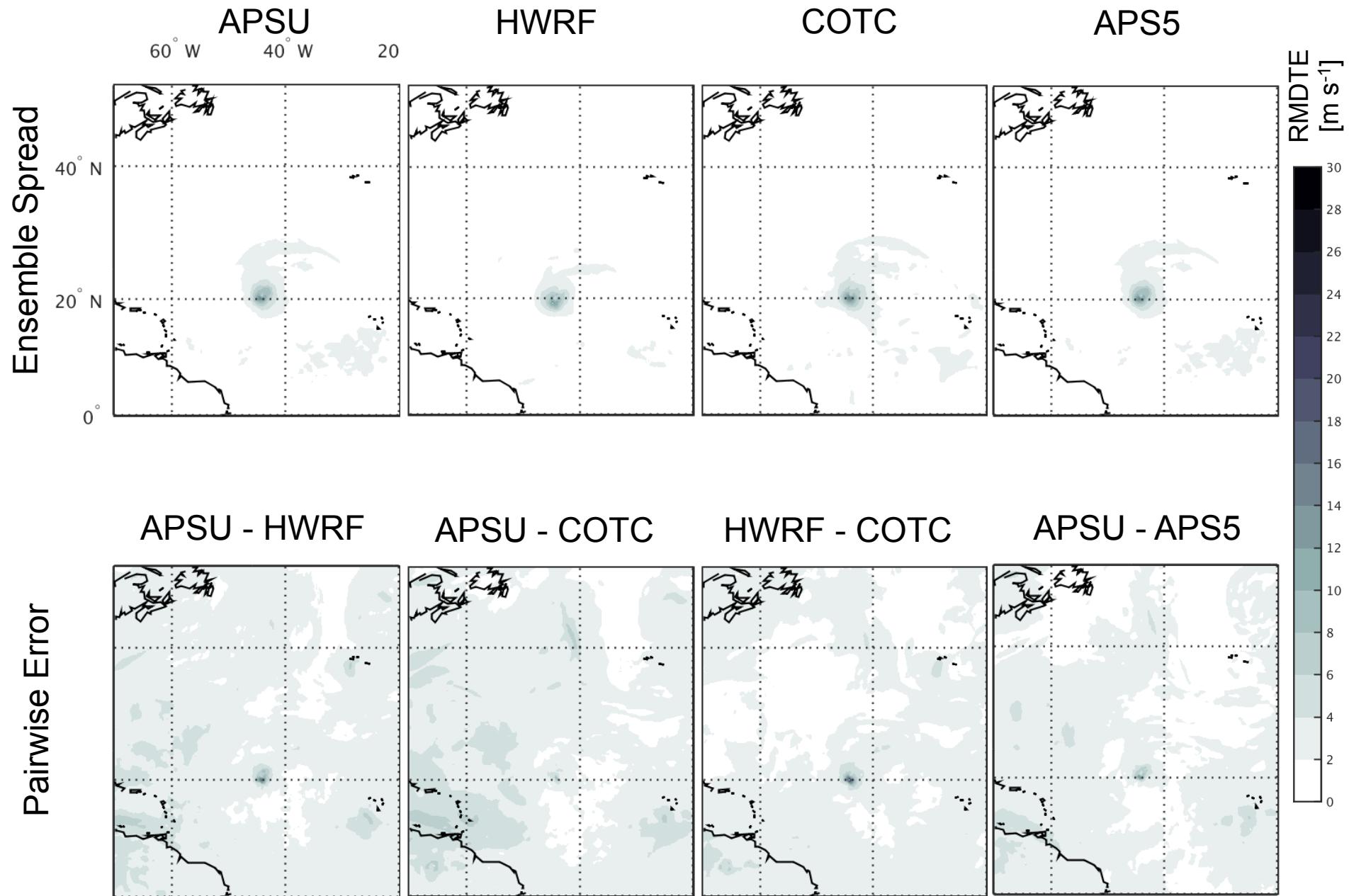
$$RMDTE_{i,j} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{k} \sum_k \frac{1}{n} \sum_n U'_{i,j,k,n}^2 + V'_{i,j,k,n}^2 + \kappa T'_{i,j,k,n}^2}$$

where ' indicates difference  
between experiments and  $\kappa = \frac{c_p}{T_0}$

# Hurricane Edouard (2014) RMDTE (FHR 012)

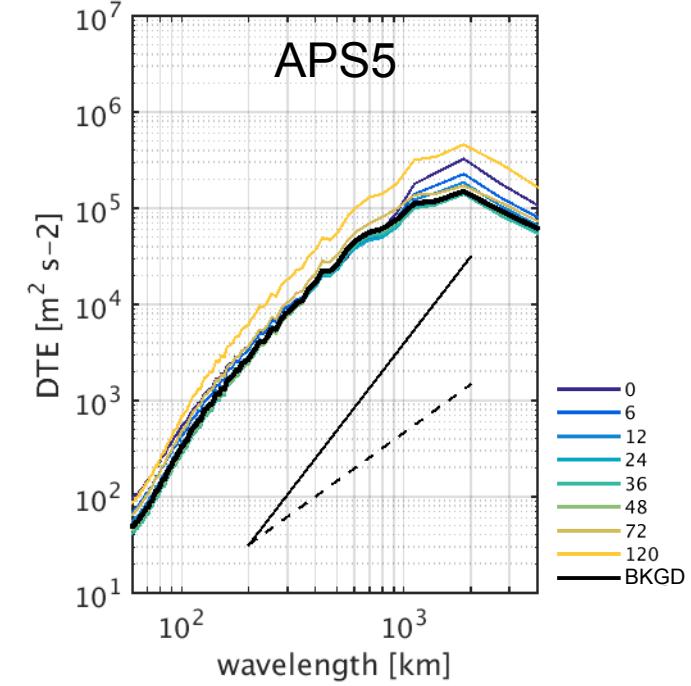
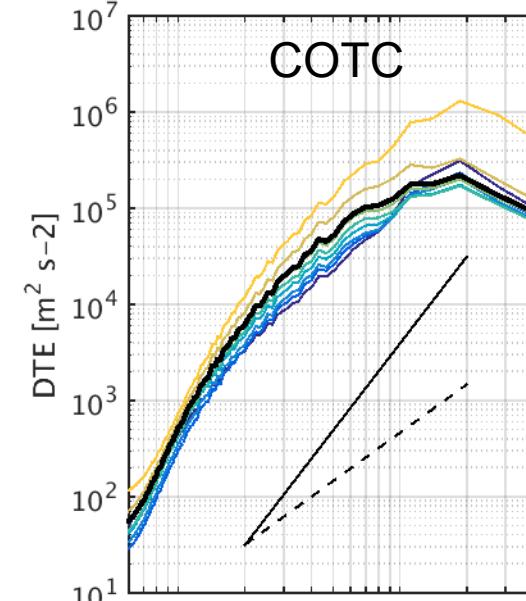
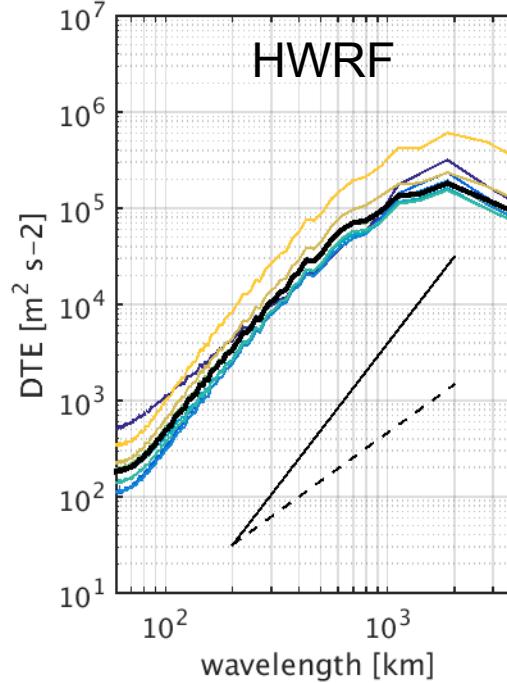
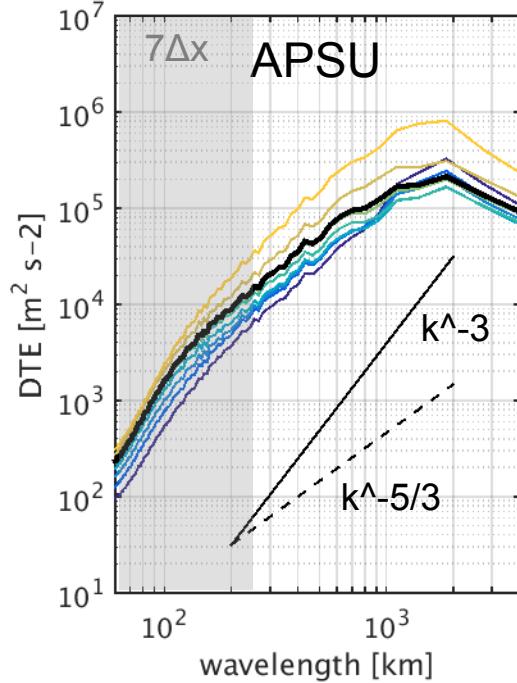


# Hurricane Edouard (2014) RMDTE (FHR 036)



# Hurricane Edouard

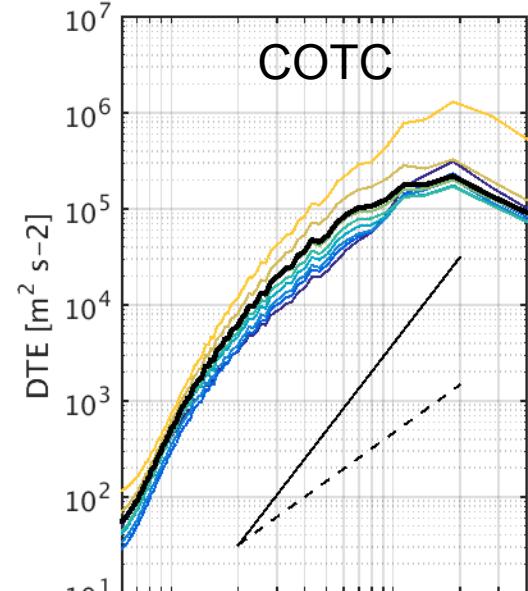
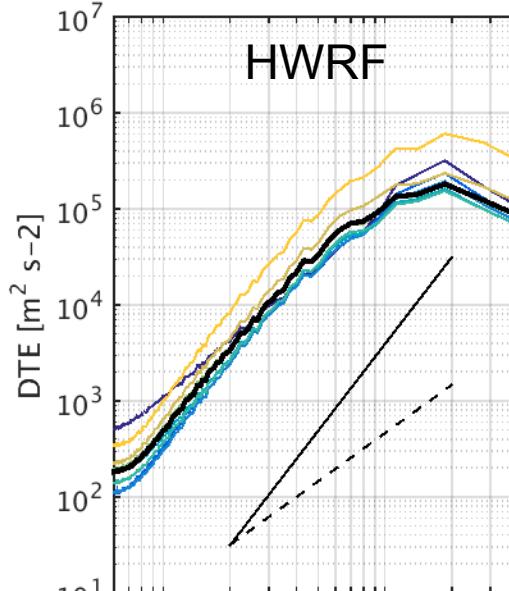
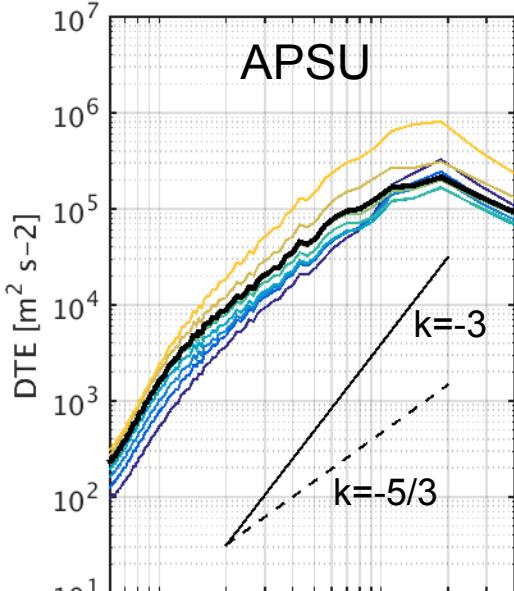
2D power spectra of DTE at selected times



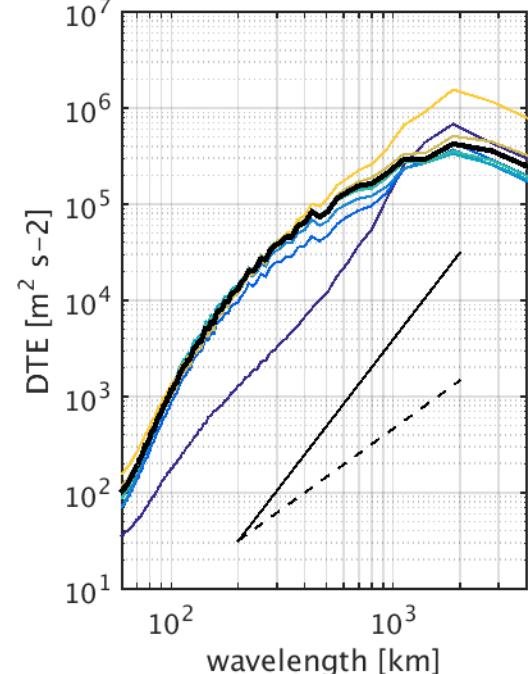
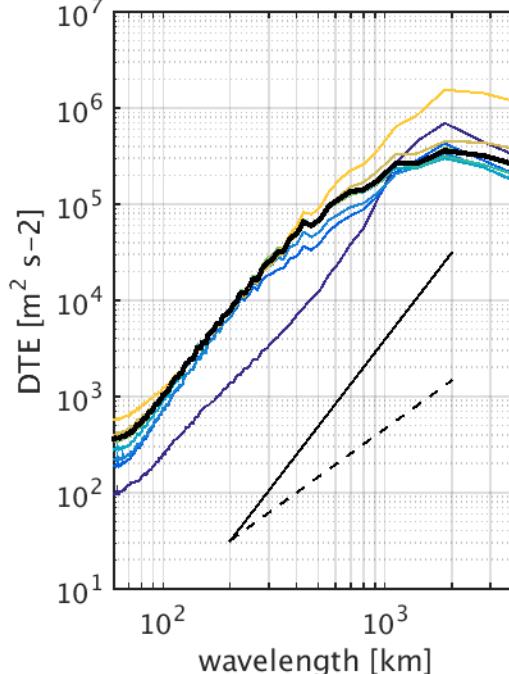
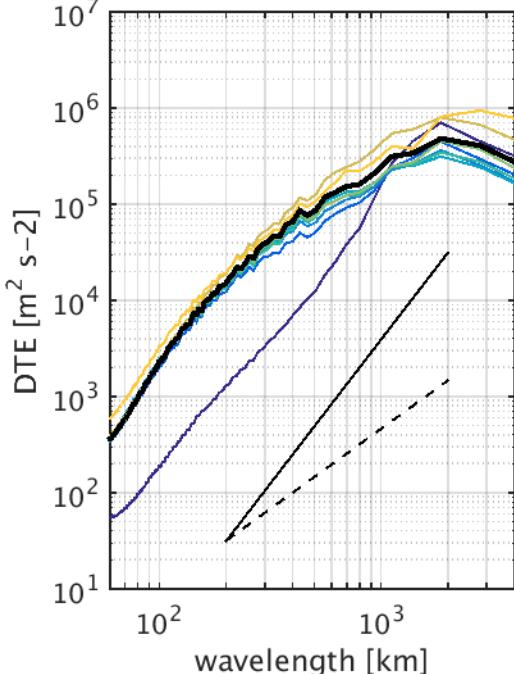
- Only energetic system in domain, upscale error growth within models
  - Model physics can drastically alter the error growth characteristics (HWRF and APS5)
  - Differences at smaller wavelengths due to diffusion/damping

# Hurricane Edouard and Sandy 2D power spectra of DTE at selected times

**Edouard**



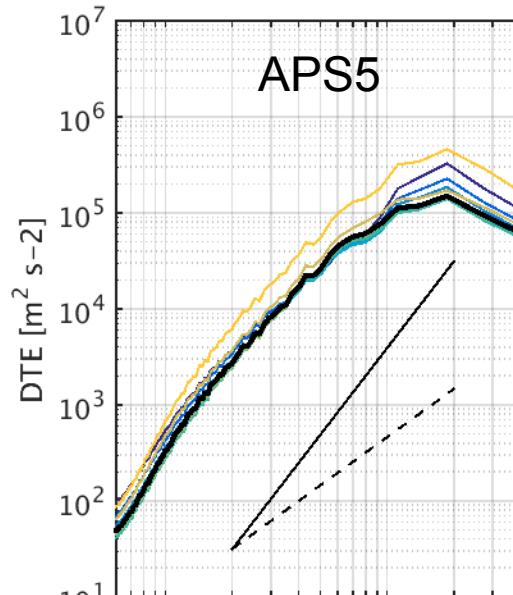
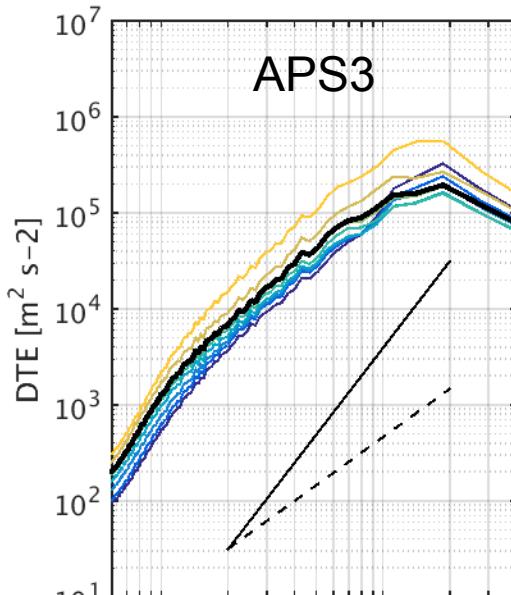
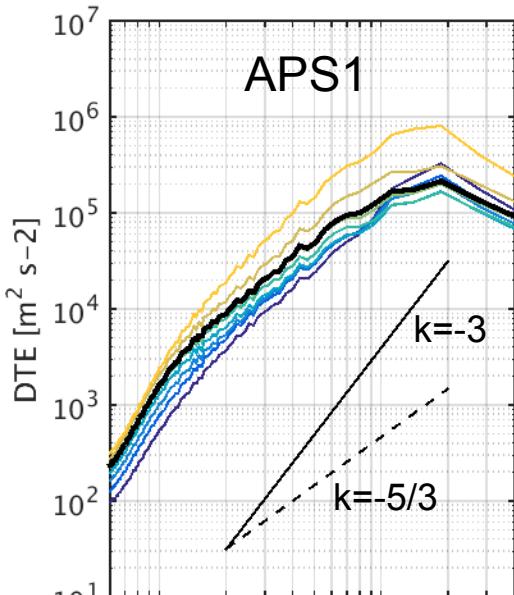
**Sandy**



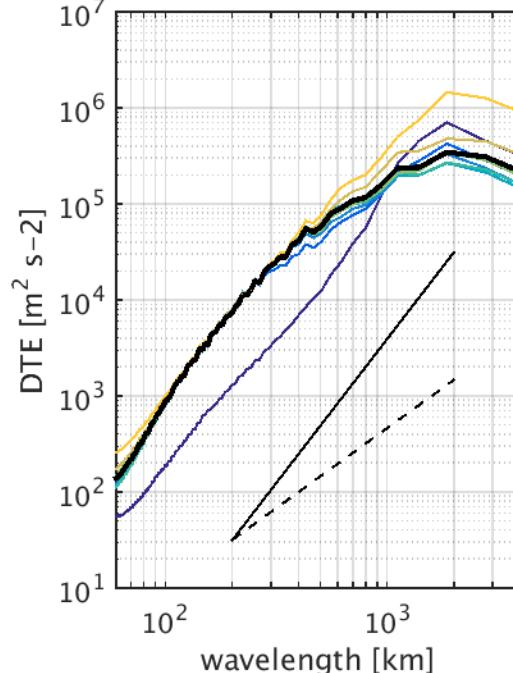
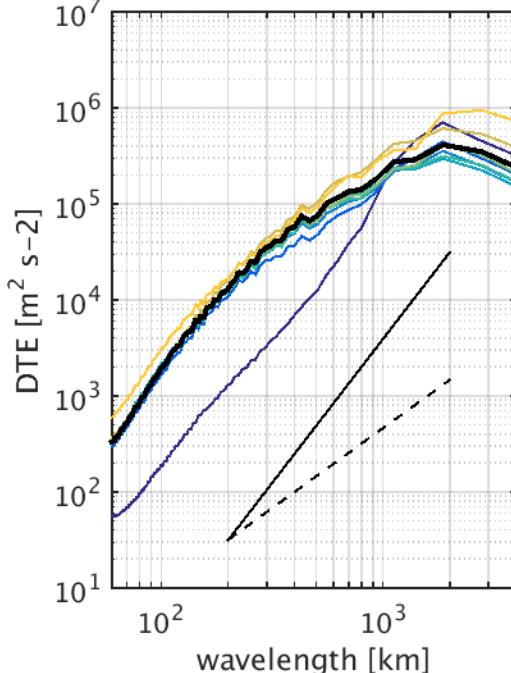
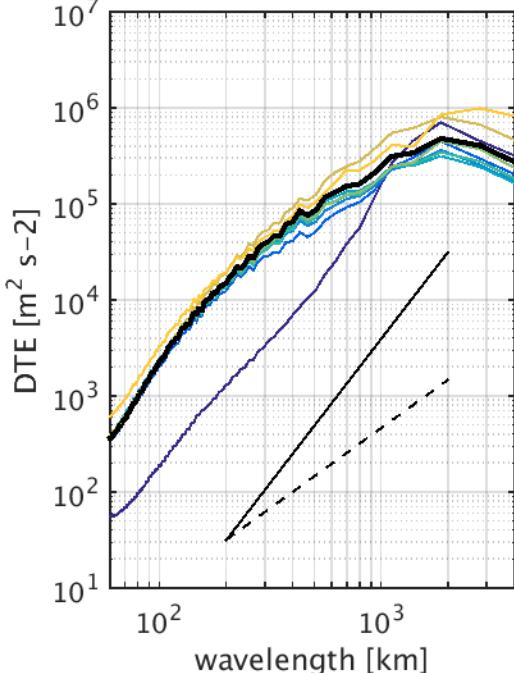
0  
6  
12  
24  
36  
48  
72  
120  
BKGD

# Hurricane Edouard and Sandy 2D power spectra of DTE at selected times

**Edouard**



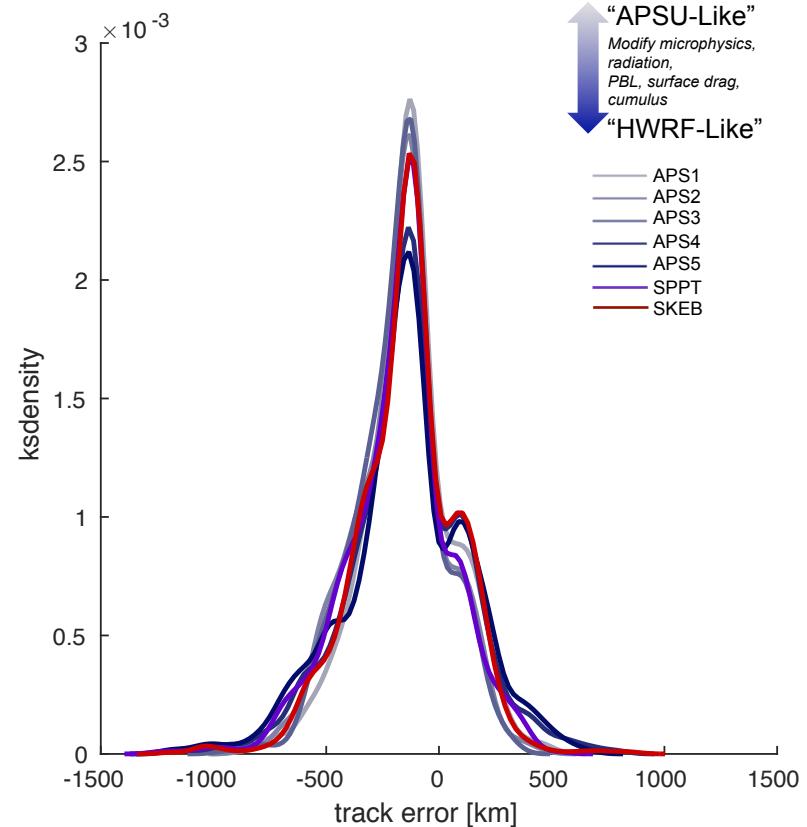
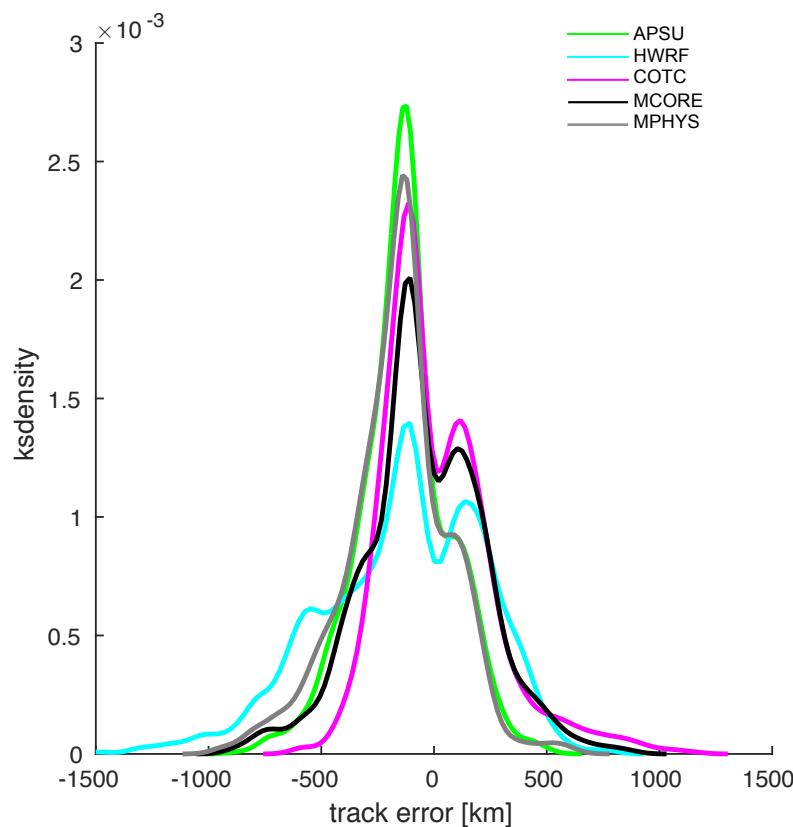
**Sandy**



0  
6  
12  
24  
36  
48  
72  
120  
BKGD

# Track Error kernel smoothed density distribution (HU Edouard)

Including all 6-hrly forecasts (0 to 120 h) and ensemble members

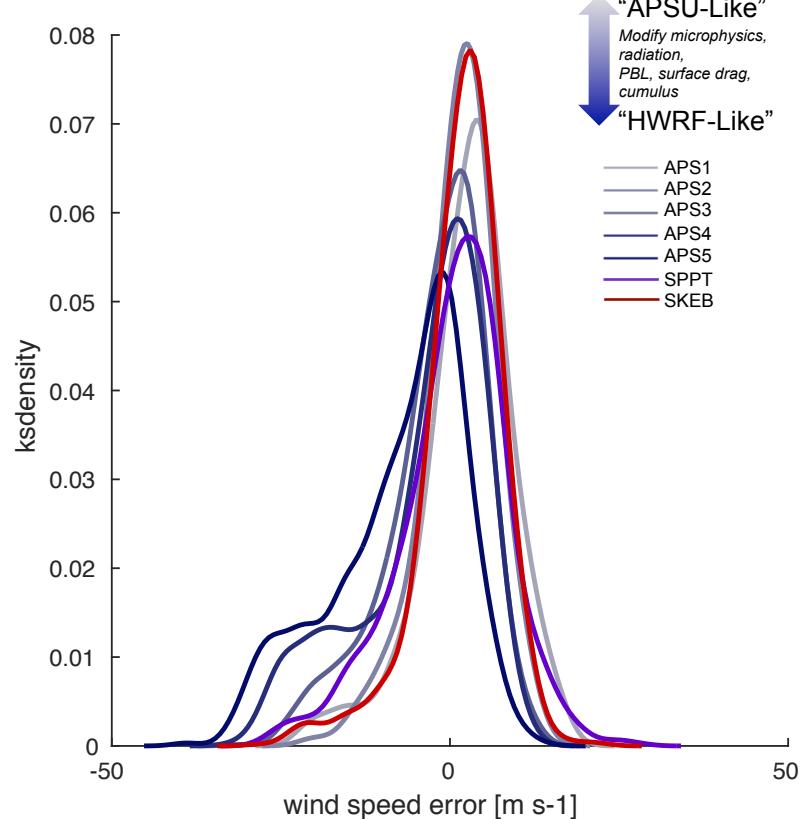
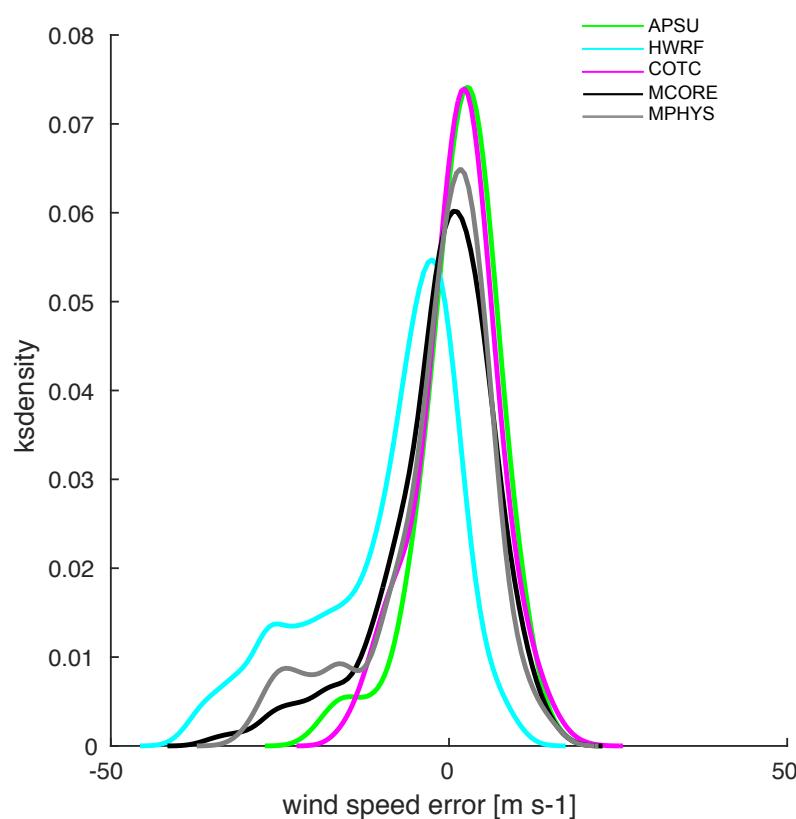


“APSU-Like”  
Modify microphysics,  
radiation,  
PBL, surface drag,  
cumulus  
“HWRF-Like”

- APS1
- APS2
- APS3
- APS4
- APS5
- SPPT
- SKEB

# WSP error kernel smoothed density distribution (HU Edouard)

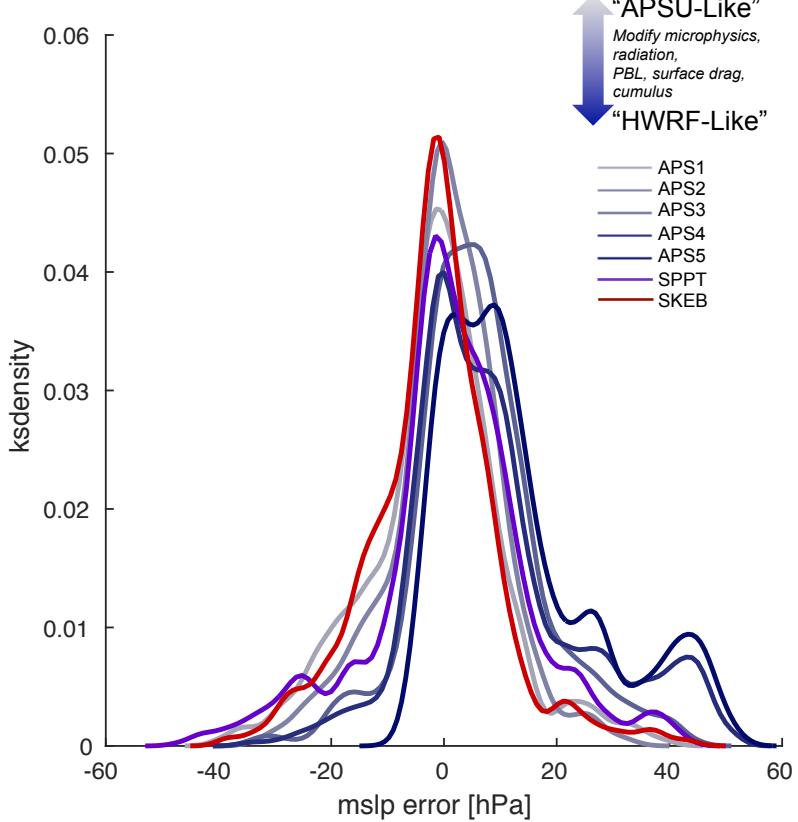
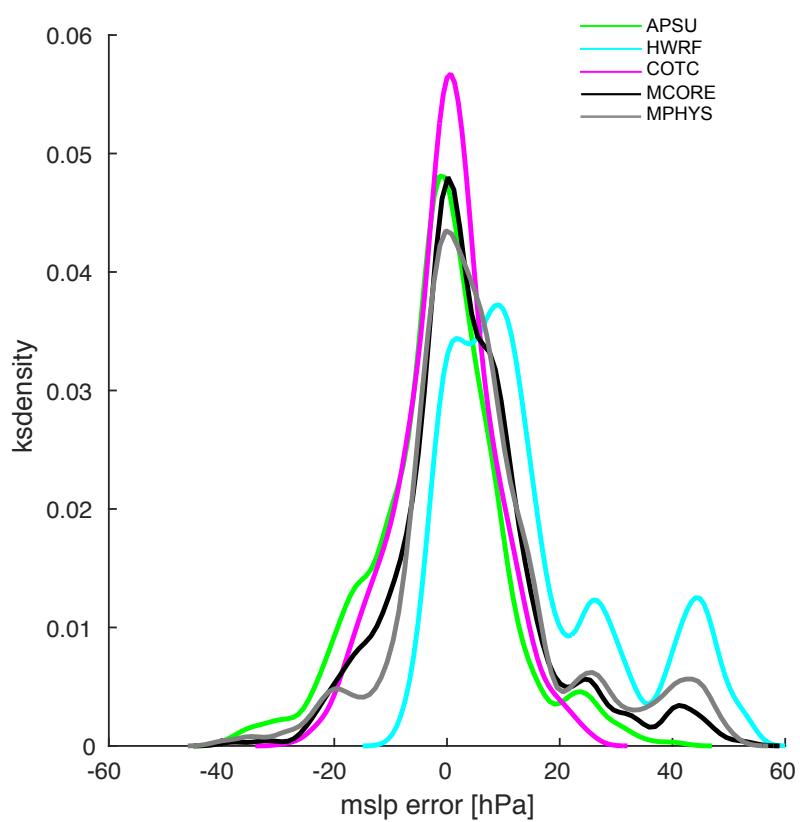
Including all 6-hrly forecasts (0 to 120 h) and ensemble members



• ...

# MSLP error kernel smoothed density distribution (HU Edouard)

Including all 6-hrly forecasts (0 to 120 h) and ensemble members



“APSU-Like”  
Modify microphysics,  
radiation,  
PBL, surface drag,  
cumulus

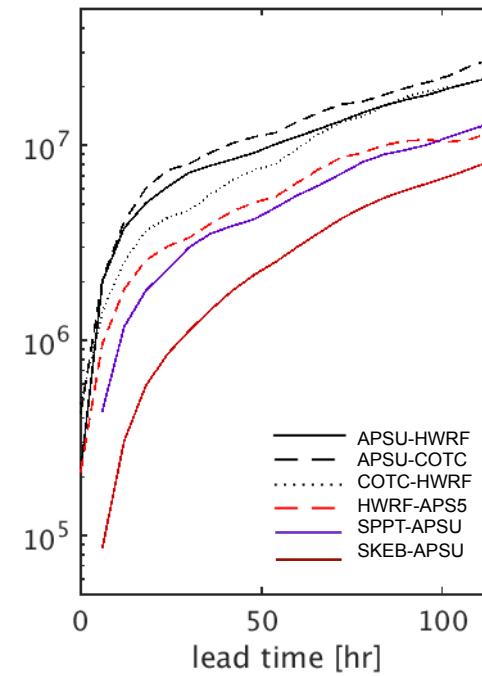
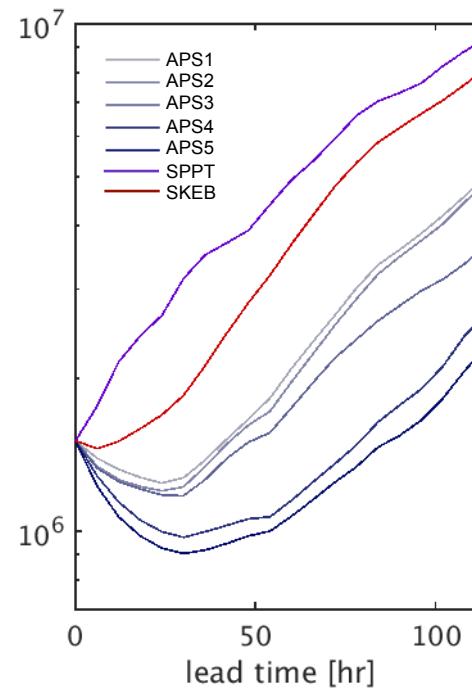
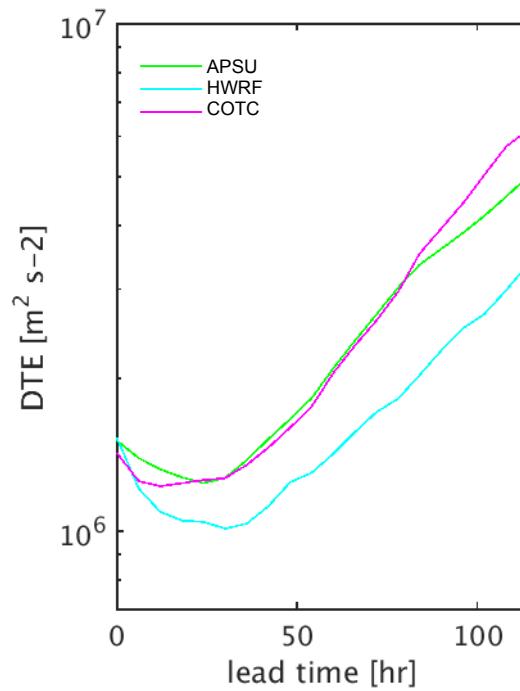
“HWRF-Like”

APS1  
APS2  
APS3  
APS4  
APS5  
SPPT  
SKEB

• ...

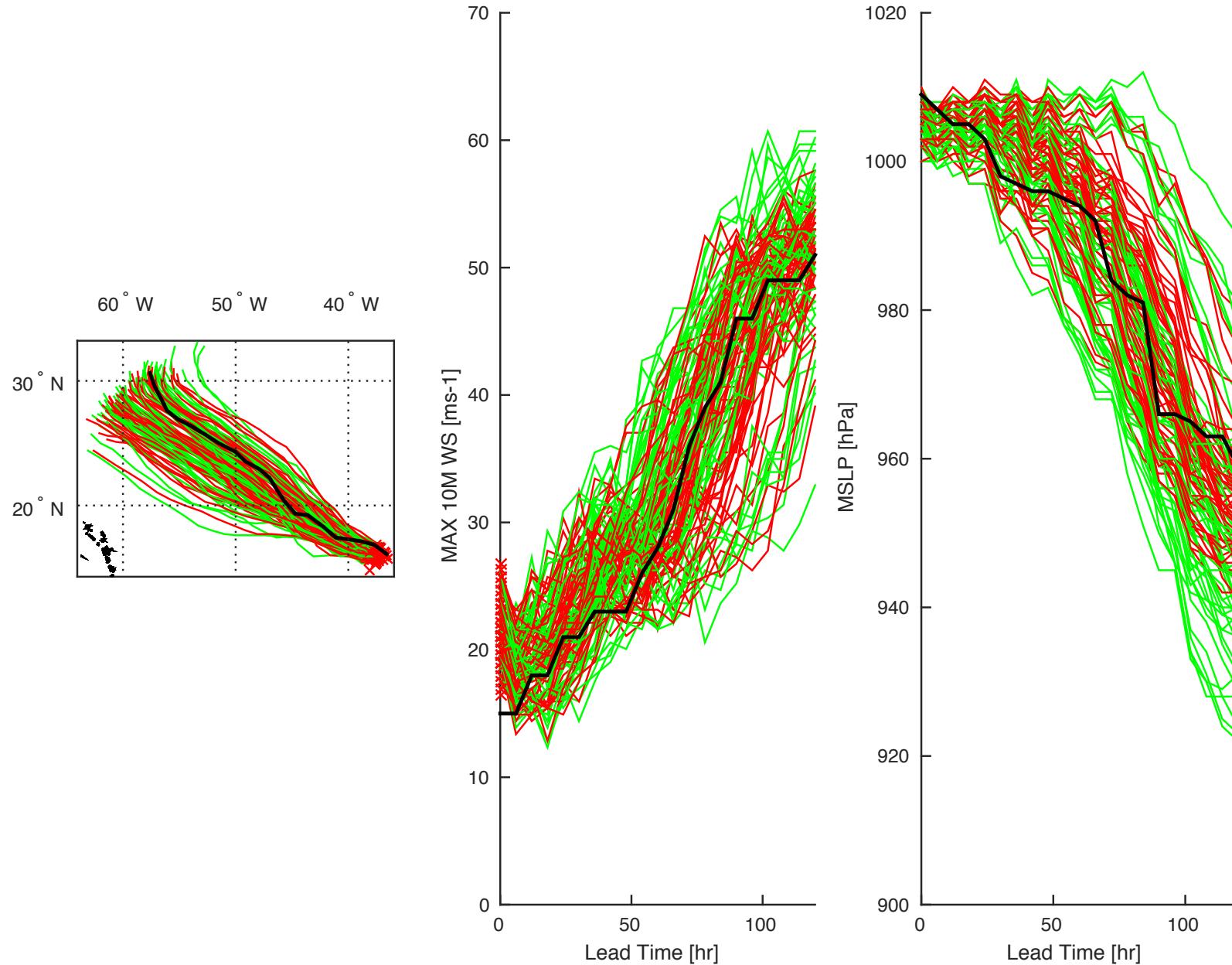
# Domain integrated DTE (HU Edouard)

6-hrly forecasts initialized at 2014-09-11 12 UTC



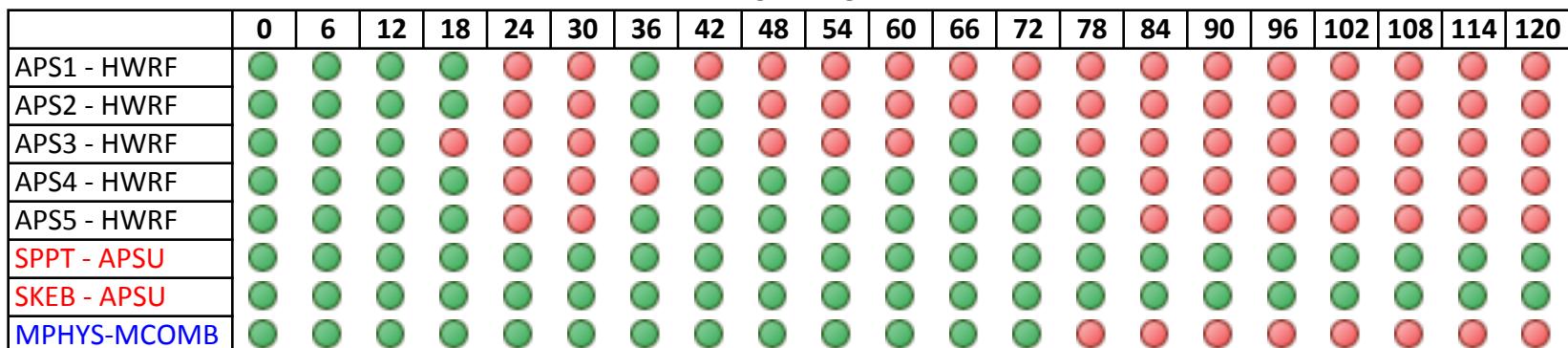
# Altering APSU dynamics (HU Edouard)

Including 60 ensemble member 6-hrly forecasts (0 to 120 h)

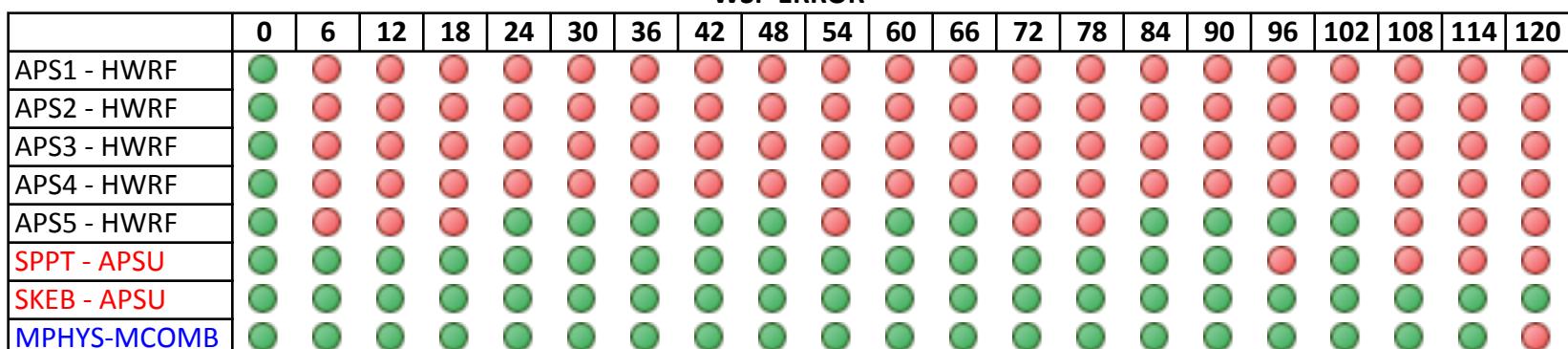


## Kolmogorov–Smirnov non-parametric @ alpha=0.05 (HU Edouard)

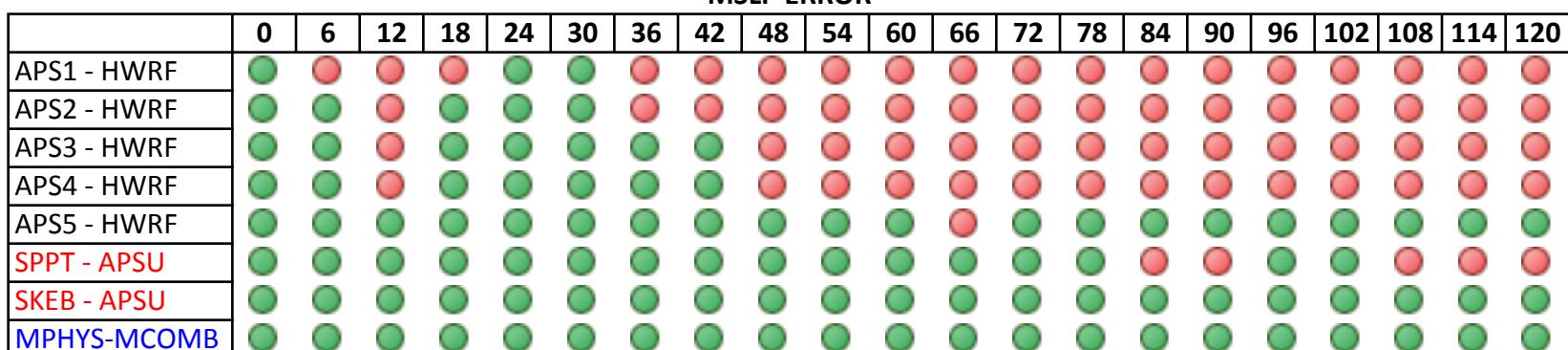
## TRACK ERROR



WSP FRROR

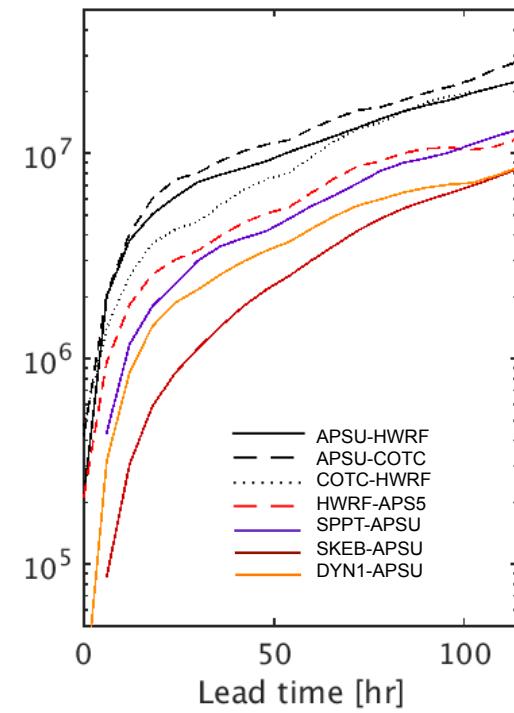
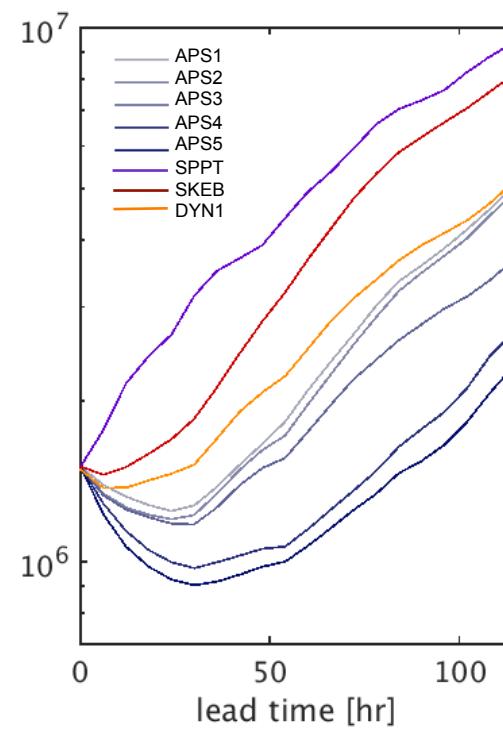
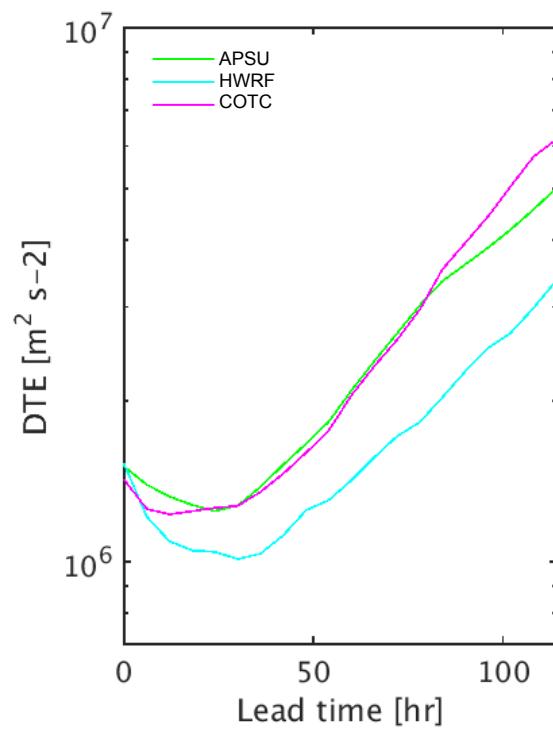


MSI P FRROR



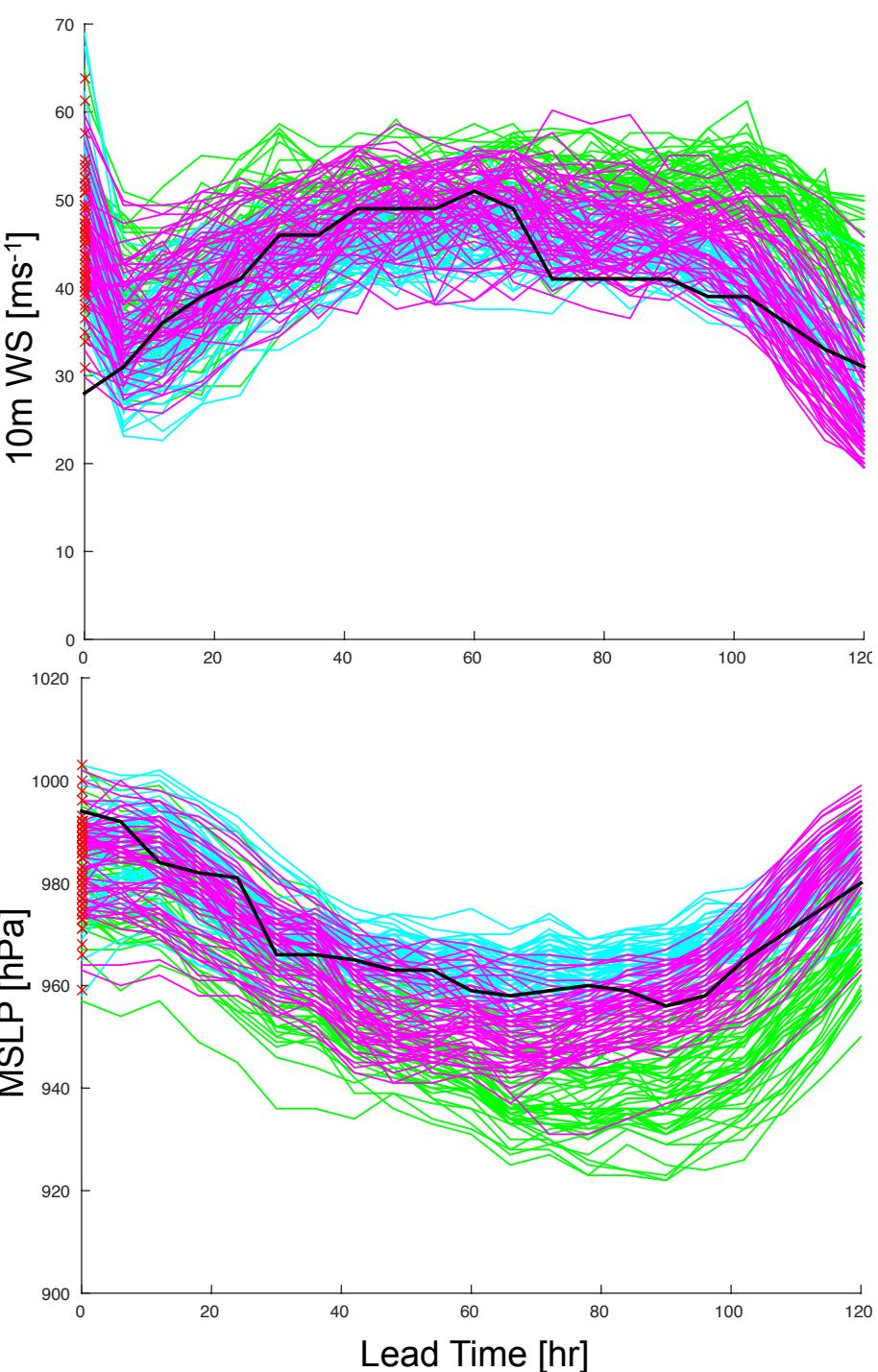
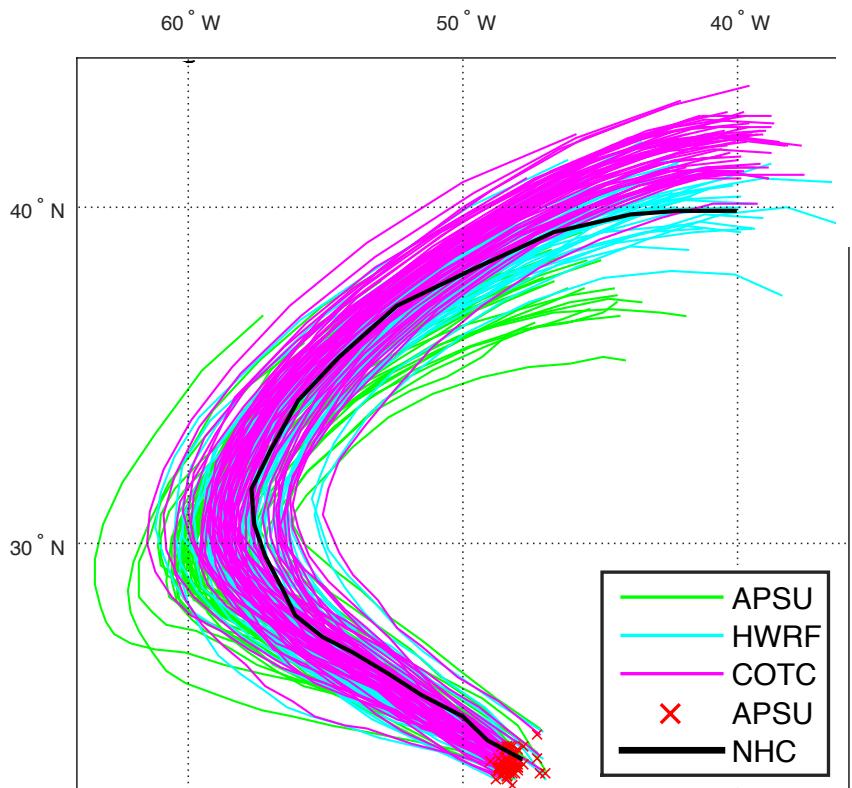
# Domain integrated DTE (HU Edouard)

6-hrly forecasts initialized at 2014-09-11 12 UTC



# Hurricane Edouard (2014) Ensemble Simulations

- APSU 2014 IC; GFS BC
- Initialized 2014-09-14 00 UTC
- 5 day forecast



\*APSG: original high resolution GRIB IC before model initialization

# Hurricane Edouard (2014)

## Ensemble Mean Simulations

- Initialized  
2014-09-14 00UTC

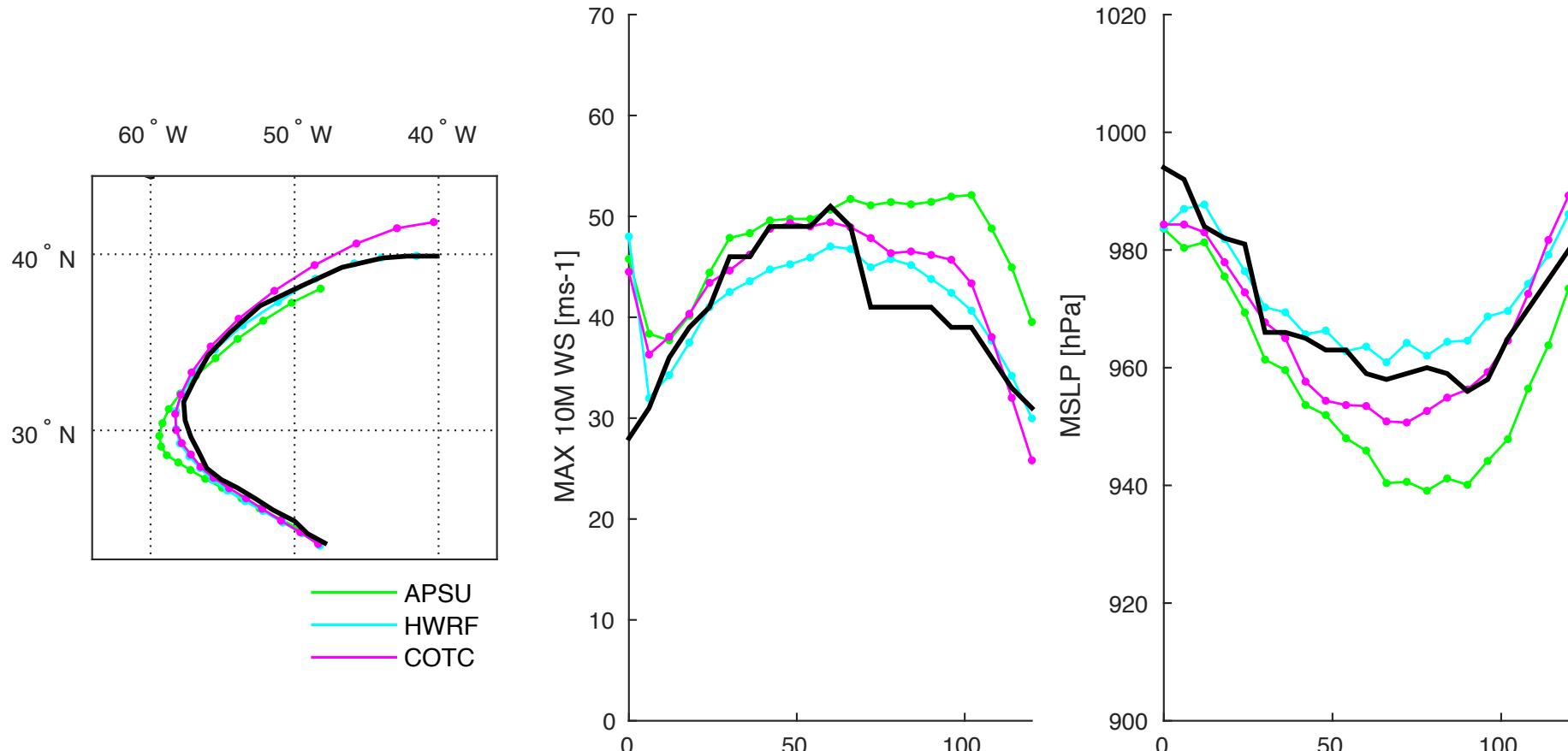


Table 1

Model	DOMAIN	CP	MP	PBL	RAD	SFC
<b>APSU (2014)</b> (WRF-ARW)	D01: 27km (379x244) D02: 9km (304x304) D03: 3km (304x304)	D01 ONLY Grell-Freitas (Grell et al. 2013)	WSM-6 (Hong and Lim 1996)	YSU (Hong et al. 2006)	Dudhia shortwave (Dudhia 1989) RRTM longwave (Mlawer et al. 1997)	- Modified MM5 similarity (WRF option 91) - PSU formulation surface TC flux (Green and Zhang, 2013) - 5-layer thermal diffusion land surface
	Vertical Levels: 43					
	Model Top: 10 hPa					
<b>HWRF (2013)</b> (modified WRF-NMM)	D01: 0.18 deg (216x432) D02: 0.06 deg (88x170) D03: 0.02 deg (180x324)	D01 & D02 New SAS (HWRF) (Han and Pan 2011)	Tropical Ferrier (Ferrier 2005)	Modified GFS (Hong and Pan 1996); e.g. Gopalakrishnan et al. (2013); Zhang et al. (2013)	GFDL shortwave and longwave (Fels and Schwarzkopf 1981)	- HWRF surface physics - GFDL hurricane slab model land surface (Bob Tuleya 2011)
	Vertical Levels: 43					
	Model Top: 50 hPa					
<b>COTC (2015)</b> (COAMPS-TC)	D01: 27km (379x244) D02: 9km (304x304) D03: 3km (304x304)	D01 ONLY Kain-Fritsch scheme (Kain and Fritsch, 1983)	COAMPS v2 single-bulk (Rutledge and Hobbs, 1983) w/ drizzle	Mellor-Yamada 2.5 scheme (Mellor and Yamada 1982) w/ prognostic TKE	NOGAPS SW/LW (Harshvardhan et al., 1987)	COAMPS surface physics (Louis, 1979)
	Vertical Levels: 40					
	Model Top: ~ 12 hPa					

Table 2

Model	Time Discretization	Spatial Discretization	Prognostic Variables	Advection	Diffusion
<b>APSU (2014)</b> (WRF-ARW)  (see Skamarock et al. 2008 and references therein)	Runge-Kutta 3rd order predictor-corrector scheme (Wicker and Skamarock (2002)) with short time step time-splitting for high frequency acoustic modes	Horizontal: Arakawa C-grid  Vertical: mass + U,V and vertical velocity staggering	U, V, W, perturbation potential temperature, perturbation geopotential, perturbation surface pressure of dry air, TKE, $Q_v$ , $Q_r$ , $Q_s$ , $Q_g$ , $Q_i$ , $Q_c$	6th order accurate for momentum, scalars and geopotential	6 <sup>th</sup> order accurate
<b>HWRF (2013)</b> (modified WRF-NMM)  (see Janjic et al. (2010), Tallapragada et al. (2013, and references therein)	Forward-backward scheme with an implicit scheme for high frequency vertically propagating modes	Horizontal: Arakawa E-grid  Vertical: Lorenz staggering (mass + U,V on consistent levels)	U, V, T, non-hydrostatic pressure, hydrostatic surface pressure, $Q_v$ , $Q_r$ , $Q_i$ , $Q_{ci}$ , $Q_c$	Horizontal: modified Adams-Bashforth, for horizontal advection of u,v, and T, and Coriolis terms,  Vertical: Crank Nicholson for vertical advection of u,v, and T,  Scalars: upstream Lagrangian forward time differencing	2nd order accurate
<b>COTC (2015)</b> (COAMPS-TC)  (see Hack (1996), Chen et al. (2003), and references therein)	Centered-in-time (i.e. leap frog) 2 <sup>nd</sup> order scheme with short time step time-splitting for high frequency acoustic modes	Horizontal: Arakawa C-grid  Vertical: mass + U,V and vertical velocity staggering	U, V, W, $\theta$ , $\pi$ , TKE, $Q_v$ , $Q_r$ , $Q_i$ , $Q_g$ , $Q_s$ , $Q_c$	2 <sup>nd</sup> order accurate upstream, forward-in-time advection	4 <sup>th</sup> order accurate

Table 3

Experiment Name	CP	MP	PBL	RAD	SFC
<b>ALT1</b> APSU w/mod TC SFC flux	D01 ONLY Grell-Freitas	WSM-6	YSU	Dudhia shortwave RRTM longwave	Same to APSU w/ WRF TC surface flux (Garratt formulation)
<b>ALT2</b> APSU w/mod TC SFC flux, MP	D01 ONLY Grell-Freitas	Eta (Ferrier)	YSU	Dudhia shortwave RRTM longwave	Same as ALT2
<b>ALT3</b> APSU w/mod TC SFC flux, MP, RAD	D01 ONLY Grell-Freitas	Eta (Ferrier)	YSU	GFDL shortwave/ longwave	Same as ALT2
<b>ALT4</b> APSU w/mod TC SFC flux, MP, RAD, CP	D01 & D02 New SAS (HWRF)	Eta (Ferrier)	YSU	GFDL shortwave/ longwave	Same as ALT2
<b>ALT5</b> “HWRF-LIKE”	D01 & D02 New SAS (HWRF) (Han and Pan 2011)	Eta (Ferrier) (Rogers, Black, Ferrier, Lin, Parrish and DiMego 2001)	GFS (Hong and Pan 1996)	GFDL shortwave/ longwave (Fels and Schwarzkopf 1981)	Same as ALT2